

Established
June 14, 1881.

Laredo Weekly Times.

Laredo, Texas. — The Future
Great Railroad Centre and Grand
Gateway of International Com-
merce.

VOL. XXXVI.

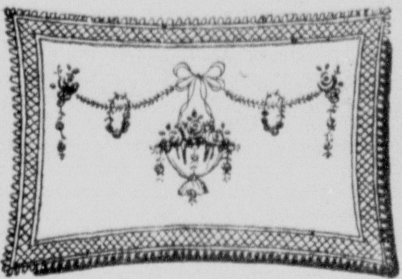
LAREDO, TEXAS, SUNDAY, AUGUST 20, 1916—TWELVE PAGES.

NO. 10

THE ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

There are just about 100 Dresses in stock—in white and colors—that we want to move prior to stock taking. They range in price from \$3.00 to \$30.00. They will be sold at 25% off. A lot of Wash Dresses, values from \$2.50 to \$3.75 are being sold at \$1.00. Just the dress for House wear.

New Waists are being shown at \$1.00. Silk Crepe and Georgettes Waists are on sale at 25% off former price.



The
New Packages
of Royal Society
Stamped Goods
are in.
Stamped Gowns
at 50c.

New Neckwear at 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00

SHOE DEPARTMENT N
We have reduced

\$6.00 Pumps to \$4.50
5.00 Pumps to 3.75
4.00 Pumps to 3.00

Special: \$1.50 Bondovi Slippers \$1.00

Store opens 8 a. m. closes 6:30 p. m.

AUG. C. RICHTER



And our shoes FIT your feet.
Your feet are good friends.
Treat them kindly.
You will when you buy our shoes.
Our PRICE will please you as well as our shoes.

I. ALEXANDER,
CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER.



JUST RIGHT

is how you'll find a dish of our ice cream. Right in coldness, right in flavor. It never fails to make a loyal friend where it is once tasted. Try it and we venture to say you'll pronounce it the cream of all ice creams.

Consumers Ice & Fuel Co.

GULF STORM SWEEP CORPUS CHRISTI BEACH BUT NO LOSS OF LIFE REPORTED SO FAR

Meager Details Gathered from Train Crew that Reached San Diego, but Aside from Statement that Several Buildings were Wrecked in Down Town Portion, Nothing Else Learned from Informant.

3 p. m.—Superintendent M. M. Leyendecker of the Texas-Mexican Railway Co. this afternoon at 2:40 o'clock received a telegram from San Diego announcing that the train from Corpus Christi has just reached there and that information brought by Conductor Lott Tylor was to the effect that Corpus Christi beach was swept by the hurricane last night and that the volume of damage was to property on the beach and in the downtown portion of Corpus Christi. Conductor Taylor gave only meager details, but stated that up to this morning no loss of life had been reported. At San Diego the storm did some damage, wrecking and unroofing the railroad station at that place.

Additional advices received at 3:15 o'clock this afternoon by Superintendent Leyendecker from Corpus Christi state that a half-mile of the San Antonio Aransas Pass Ry. Co. bridge over the reef and the approach to the new \$150,000 causeway on the Nueces county side were washed away. A heavy property loss is reported generally in Corpus Christi.

A report by telegraph from Robstown to Supt. Leyendecker states that at that place the loss is heavy, both to property in the town and outside of it, while the telegraph line is blown down toward Bishop and passengers arriving at Robstown state that great damage was done by the hurricane to property in Bishop, Kingsville and other points south of Robstown. The hurricane did not subside in intensity until after 1 o'clock this morning.

Reports from Corpus up to time that wire communication ceased were to the effect that the wind had reached a velocity of 85 miles an hour and that all wire communication to the west had been destroyed.

The Western Union wires, the Southwestern Telephone wires and all railroad wires leading into Laredo were broken, and the conductor on the I. & G. N. train which reached Laredo after several hours' delay reported that over three miles of poles carrying Western Union and railway wires were down between Derby and Encinal, which will necessitate several days of work to re-establish communication.

Owing to the lack of wire communication, it was impossible to get the Associated Press report of the world's news today, and for the first time in nearly three years, or since October of 1913, we have failed to get the news from abroad.

The Storm in Laredo.

During last night the city of Laredo and surrounding country, and in fact all the intervening country between this city and Corpus Christi, were within the throes of a terrific windstorm and heavy rain, which came as the tail-end of the hurricane which was sweeping the Texas coast between Corpus Christi and Brownsville, and which hit the former place with disastrous results. A wind at high velocity set in here about dark last night and became more intensi-

fied as the night progressed, in fact it is estimated that at 9 o'clock last night the wind had reached that velocity where it was blowing in excess of sixty miles per hour from the northwest and a heavy rain was falling also.

During the early part of the storm there was no lighting, but towards morning an electrical display was seen to the westward, the wind at that hour having veered and was coming from the west northwest and finally shifted to the west southwest.

After that various capers were performed by the elements of wind and water, and at intervals the velocity of the wind would rise to a high pitch and then subside, seemingly to give the rain a chance to come down in veritable torrents. At one time last night the wind veered around almost due south and then as quickly changed almost to the north. Restless heads who decided to forego

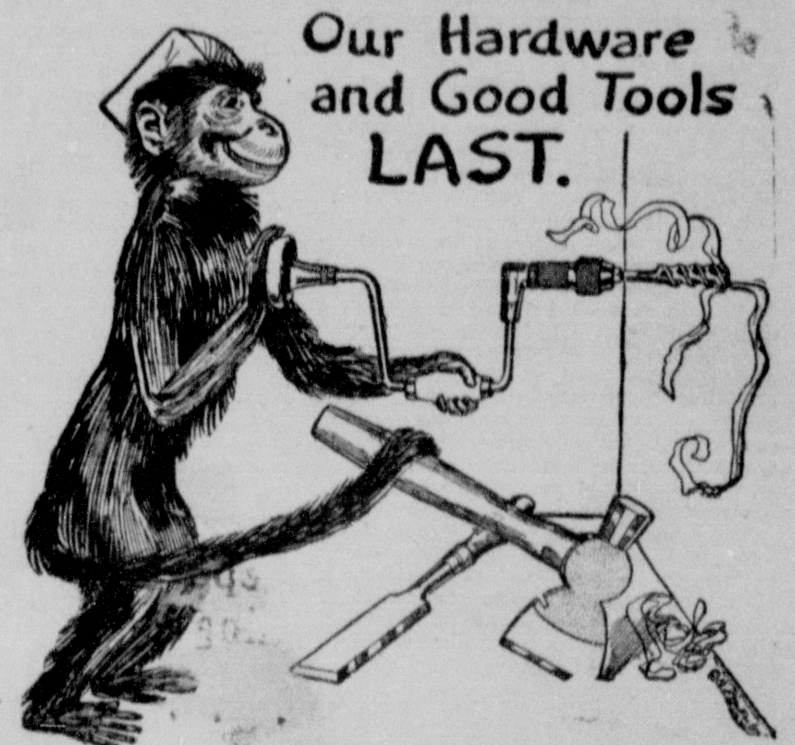
(Continued on Page 12.)

STATEMENT OF THE LAREDO NATIONAL BANK

LAREDO, TEXAS.

At the Close of Business, June 30, 1916, as rendered to the Comptroller of the Currency CONDENSED.

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts.....\$ 733,513.43	Capital Stock.....\$ 200,000.00
Bank Building, Furniture and Fixtures.....46,484.86	Surplus Fund.....50,000.00
United States Bonds.....165,000.00	Undivided Profits, net.....96,213.33
Other Bonds and Securities.....2,072.00	Circulation.....150,000.00
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank.....7,500.00	Deposits.....840,484.43
Cash and Exchange.....382,127.47	
Total.....\$1,336,697.76	Total.....\$1,336,697.76
J. K. BERETTA, President.	SAM W. BROWN, Cashier.
B. M. ALEXANDER, Vice President.	P. W. BUTTRON, Asst Cashier.



YOU WILL NOT GET "BIT" WHEN YOU BUY TOOLS AND HARDWARE FROM US. WE DO NO "SHARP" PRACTICE IN OUR STORE.

WE "HANDLE" EVERYTHING AN UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE SHOULD CARRY AND "CHISEL" THE PRICE DOWN WHEN WE FIRST MARK OUR GOODS.

COME TO US FOR WHAT YOU NEED, BECAUSE OUR HARDWARE'S THE BEST; IT STANDS THE TEST.

A. DEUTZ & BROTHER

THE GENUINE THIN MODEL TIMEKEEPER THE GRUEN VERITHIN WATCH

Its thinness is in the construction of the movement in a unique arrangement of wheels that saves half of the space without reducing size or strength of parts; we have them in all sizes and prices. We also have a very large line of all other well known makes, such as Elgin, Waltham, Howard, Illinois, etc. Before contemplating buying a watch let us show you how we can save you money by selecting one from



L. Daiches
THE JEWELER

FOR THIS WEEK!

We offer a 96 Piece
Decorated China Dinner Set
for
\$11.50

JOSEPH NETZER

Everything in Hardware

1311-1315 LINCOLN ST.

PHONE 127

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

The Reliable Playhouse, The Unique that affords
to its patrons security and comfort
BEST MUSIC, BEST FILM SERVICE.

Kitty Gordon, the most magnificently gowned woman on the screen, in "HER MATERNAL RIGHT."

A society drama of startling sensationalism—World Films—in five reels. Also one reel of comedy.

Vaudeville—Billy Milne, The New Hampshire soldier boy, will sing new songs.

Sunday—Triangle Plays: Charles Ray in "THE DESERTER." The newest and most interesting military drama that should be seen by militiamen. Also the Famous Keystone comedy in two parts.

Admission: Adults 10c Children 5c Box Seats 15c

From Friday's Daily.

THE RED CROSS.

In many parts of the country now there are Red Cross rallies, picnics, bazaars and other activities by which the people are induced to contribute for the work of this great organization. The total of the sums raised by these praiseworthy endeavors is a vast sum, and yet it does not cover all the needs of the Red Cross.

In peace times the calls on the Red Cross are merely in time of epidemics, of great calamities and when the people of another nation ask for our aid in handling situations which are too great for them to successfully handle alone.

But in wartime there are myriads of calls which are not even suspected by the average layman. And since the great war in Europe began, there have been more calls than ever upon the American Red Cross.

Ambulance companies have been formed and equipped, field and base hospitals have been furnished with the full equipment as well as with the entire staff of surgeons and nurses, and millions of dollars' worth of supplies have been carefully prepared and forwarded.

Not only have the American people contributed enormously to the funds necessary for carrying on this great work, but many of our representative men and women have gone into the field to carry on the executive work of the organization while the professional workers were busy in the hospitals.

To carry on this work there is need for much sacrifice on the part of the people of the United States. No matter what one's sympathies in the struggle, all realize that suffering has no politics, no creed and no nationality and that every sufferer is entitled to the same care that we would want for our own in like case.

When the work was first suggested in Laredo, it was believed that we should only be called upon to prepare for what most people believe is the inevitable end of the Mexican situation—hostilities between the two countries. In such a case our own needs would be more imperative than those of others, and there would be less hesitancy in responding to the demand for funds.

The Laredo chapter was organized, and in a few short months has grown to wonderful proportions. With over 300 members the local chapter has gone ahead and accomplished much. It has relieved the soldiers of the regular army as well as the guardsmen, it has sent to the hospitals supplies of bed linen, towels, pajamas and the like, and it is still working on the supplies asked for.

The Jamaica given on Martin Plaza was an example of how the people of Laredo respond when a call is heard from suffering humanity. Of course there were many who were there for the one purpose of enjoying themselves, but there could have enjoyed themselves elsewhere without a single thought of the devoted women who are giving so much of their time and energy for this work. And those who feel assured that they got the worth of every cent they spent may still feel that they have done something for the great relief work of the American Red Cross.

The Jamaica proved that the Red Cross members are just as active and effective in Laredo as they are elsewhere. They made a success of the undertaking—both artistically and financially—and it is hoped that this success will stimulate them to renewed effort along the same general lines at a later period.

If anything was needed to stimulate the interest of the Laredo people in Red Cross work, it surely was given Wednesday night. The women who donated their time and labor as well as the materials for the refreshments at the Jamaica have done their share for the present. And at future entertainments they will have the hearty co-operation of those who were not participants in the present affair.

AVERTING EPIDEMICS.

The news that Mexican ports are quarantined against New York because of the prevalence of infantile paralysis in that city is somewhat of a joke. There have been no passengers for Mexican ports from New York or any other Northern city for some months past, the traffic turning the other way.

If this is in revenge for the strict sanitary regulations on our border, it will fail of its object, for the federal and state authorities are determined to relax none of their measures intended to safeguard the United States against the introduction of dangerous diseases.

The latest epidemic reported from Mexico is one of dengue fever. It is not frequently fatal, but is a very distressing disease and often leaves the patient in a weakened condition. Formerly known in parts of the South as the "breakbone fever," it was first recognized in this country in 1827, and it became so common in certain sections as not to excite comment.

The state and federal health authorities are determined to prevent the introduction, so far as possible, of all diseases which might spread and cause suffering among our people. To this end, the regulations will be strictly enforced, and should an epidemic of dengue manifest itself in the section immediately to the south of Laredo, a rigid quarantine will be enforced, requiring all suspected cases to remain isolated before being permitted to enter this state.

With the usual disregard of danger, the lower class Mexicans cannot understand the necessity for such action, and they have the fatalistic idea that "if God wills, all precautions are useless." Consequently it becomes necessary to take energetic steps to prevent the introduction among us of dangerous diseases.

We have been fortunate in our exemption from epidemics. Considering the habits and the customs of many of the immigrants who enter

across the international bridge, it is marvelous that we have not been decimated by disease. A great part of our immunity is due to the energetic work of our health authorities and the hearty co-operation on the part of our physicians. Added to this is the healthy climate which we enjoy, and it is after all not so wonderful that we have escaped deadly contagion.

No effort should be spared to prevent the introduction of contagious disease. The belief on the part of most physicians that filth and flies cause the spread of the terrible scourge of infantile paralysis that is now ravaging New York city should incline our people to take more precautions than ever in the way of cleanliness.

Despite the opinion of some to the contrary, Laredo is not what might be called a dirty city. There are some people without even the most rudimentary idea of sanitation, but the majority of the residents of Laredo are careful to keep their surroundings clean.

With the precautions that are taken, both by the citizens and the health authorities, there should be little danger of disease obtaining a foothold in our midst. The inspections at the bridge are careful and should not fail in excluding fully-developed cases. It may be that some cases will succeed in passing the inspection, but as soon as they are discovered they will be isolated.

There should be a hearty co-operation on the part of the Mexican authorities in preventing the crossing of infected persons into our territory. As a rule the Mexican doctors are very careful as regards the possibility of infection, and in the past they have aided in preventing the infected persons from coming to this side.

All suspicious cases of sickness of any nature whatsoever should be immediately reported to the health authorities, as by this precaution the spread of the disease may be prevented. A person may not be stricken with a contagious or infectious disease, but the average layman has no means of assuring himself on this point, and it is safer to have the doctors examine all suspected cases.

The Detroit robbers who stole \$32,000 from a pay car are alleged to have hidden it in a rooming house and finally to have escaped with it. We don't know whether this is a boast of the Detroit police or an indication that they got their share for keeping mum.

The New York street car strike is about to break out again. It is probable that the men are incited to breaking their agreement by the knowledge of the strike which threatens to sweep the country, but at any rate, they should have kept to their word.

Another gulf stream is reported as starting in the Yucatan channel and to be heading a little north of west. Like all the trouble in that region, it is principally wind, and while it does much damage, there is no controlling it any more than there is of stopping "free speech" in a Mexican demonstration.

BENEFIT TARGET PRACTICE TO THE STATE MILITIAMEN

MANY NOT ACCUSTOMED TO RIFLES BEING MADE EFFICIENT

First Missouri Returns From Target Range Today and the Third Miss;ouri Goes There Tomorrow.

After putting in four days and a half at target practice on the government target range seven miles east of Laredo, the First Missouri Infantry regiment is returning to Camp Missouri this afternoon. Tomorrow morning the Third Missouri Infantry Regiment will go to the range and probably be absent from four to six days practicing the men up on marksmanship.

One of the men who was recently on the range states that the kind of practice that is being given the militiamen at this time is such that quickly makes of them good marksmen, the practice at shooting being at objects at close distance and then gradually ranging to various long distances, though the army rifle is best adapted to long range shooting for accuracy.

After the Third Missouri Infantry regiment returns from their round of practice on the target range the Second and Fourth Missouri regiments and the New Hampshire boys will be given similar practice. At this time the Second Maine regiment is practically separated and doing duty along the river at points some distance from the city and it may be some time before the regiment again gets together, but as soon as they do it is the intention to let the boys from Maine enjoy the same benefits derived by the other militiamen from range target practice.

Even if the militiamen who are now here do not get an opportunity to do actual service in the field of a foreign country, the practice they get from work on the target range will be generally beneficial to them in other ways, as there is never any thing lost in being a good marksman and able to shoot accurately when necessity demands it.

MODIFIED THE INJUNCTION

City Attorney Injunction Suit Against City Council is Modified by Agreement Between Parties.

This morning the attorney in the injunction suit of A. Winslow vs. Mayor Robert McComb, the board of Aldermen and Health Officer Hall, pertaining to the establishment of a disinfectant plant near the river banks, entered an agreed order for a modification of the injunction.

The order was filed with the district clerk and later on the injunction as it now stands will come up before Judge Mullally.

ADDRESSED A SMALL CROWD AT ELKS' HALL LAST NIGHT

MRS. FRENCH SPOKE ON THE WORK OF FOREIGN RED CROSS.

Told of Patriotic Work Being Done in England and France, and Also of American Red Cross Work.

A mere handful of people, mostly ladies and numbering about thirty in all, assembled in the Elks Hall last night to hear the lecture by Mrs. Seth Barton French, the personal representative to the border hospitals of Secretary of War Baker, and herself a member of the American and French Red Cross Societies. Mrs. French and kindly condescended to deliver the lecture on "Red Cross Work Done by Americans Abroad," but the disappointingly small crowd present last night was not to have been expected.

However, the small attendance did not in the least affect Mrs. French or detract from the interest shown by those present in the words spoken by the gifted and able woman who recounted actual experiences on the battlefield and related incidents of interest in Red Cross work that transpired to the assuming of large proportions of the present European conflict. She told of the methods pursued in bringing the Red Cross units together in France and England, of the effective work which they afterwards accomplished and paid the heroic women and men who comprised the French and English Red Cross high compliments for loyalty to their countries and unswerving fealty to the Red Cross.

And in it all Americans, stirred from feelings of humanitarianism and sympathy for the suffering people involved in the European conflict, have volunteered their services and not only helped with manual work, but likewise contributed financially to the relieving of suffering in the hospitals.

In the hospitals of France today there are women of the highest standing in England, aye in Europe—women from the chosen ranks of royalty who have left their opulent homes and luxurious surroundings, to minister to the wounded on the battlefields and in the hospitals. All these are doing a patriotic work of love for their country, and in her address last night Mrs. French referred to them in touching terms. She told of the work of the American Red Cross and to them paid the highest compliment for loyalty to country, fealty to purpose and performance of a work that is prompted by true patriotism.

"NATIONALS" GO TO MONTEREY For First Time in Several Years a Ball Team From American Side Will Cross the Rio Grande.

For the first time in several years a baseball team from American side of the Rio Grande will cross that stream and visit the interior of Mexico for a game with a team of Mexican players.

Tomorrow morning, it is announced, the "Nationals," a Mexican-American ball team of Laredo, having been furnished with transportation and a guarantee of all expenses incidental to their journey and stay in the metropolis of Northern Mexico, will leave for Monterey, where they will play a series of three games with the Monterey ball team on Sunday and Monday, returning to Laredo on Tuesday.

WAS ARRESTED FOR GAMBLING.

Found With the Goods in His Possession, Manuel Davila is Arrested for Conducting a Gambling Den.

Manuel Davila, lessee of the upper floor of the Benavides building at the corner of San Bernardo Avenue and Turbide street, was arrested yesterday afternoon charged with the offense of conducting a gambling game in violation of the state law.

District Attorney Valls and an officer from the sheriff's department, yesterday afternoon visited the building in question and made an examination of the rooms on the second floor, and there they found a full-fledged gambling hall. There were various kinds of gaming tables there, roulette wheels, paraphernalia for monte, craps, etc. With this convincing proof before him, the district attorney ordered the arrest of Davila and he was taken into custody and placed behind the bars of the Webb county jail.

TAKE A PRIDE IN THEIR CAMPS.

Military Camps in Northern Portion City Are Pronounced Most Sanitary of All Along Texas Border.

Besides retaining the sanitary conditions about the military camps in the northern portion of the city, the militiamen are daily making their camps more ideal and pleasant and improvements are the order of the day in the camps.

Besides having erected mess halls, Y. M. C. A. building, Knights of Columbus building, numerous headquarters and regimental tenthouses, etc., the grounds are being kept "sick and snappy" and all surroundings made to conform to this condition. Visitors to Laredo go out and view the militia camps and come away much impressed with their cleanliness and appearance, the general surroundings, etc., and go away with commendations for having the "most ideal and sanitary military camps on the Texas border."

POPULAR EXCURSION TO SAN ANTONIO. Thousands of Troops Encamped, Texas League Baseball Game. Very low Excursion tickets leaving San Antonio Saturday P. M. and Sunday A. M.; return limit Monday, August 21. For particulars, see I. & G. N. Ticket Agent.

FERTILIZER VALUE COTTON SEEDMEAL IS DETERMINED

FROM COMPOSITION SHOWN BY ANALYSIS OF CONTROL TAGS.

Grades are Choice, Prime, and Cottonseed Meal, in the Order Named.

The following communication, directed to the farmers of this district has just been received from Prof. Fred. W. Mally, U. S. Farm Demonstrator for Webb County:

In view of the fact that cottonseed meal is being considered so extensively, both as feed and fertilizer, in this country this season, it is well to submit a few points which should be carefully considered in determining the extent values are being received according to the prices quoted.

Under a law establishing a division of feed control, each sack of cottonseed meal must have attached a tag showing the composition of that brand of meal. The Feed Control Board has established three standard grades of cottonseed meal. In order that buyers be not misled in the use of the trade terms, it is proposed to specify in this connection what these grades are. They are known as Cottonseed Meal, Prime Cottonseed Meal, and Choice Cottonseed Meal.

Cottonseed meal is defined as being composed of the deoiled kernels of cotton seed, free from excess of hulls and other foreign materials. It must contain not less than 43 per cent of protein, 7 per cent of fat (not less than 50% of protein and fat combined) and not more than 9 per cent of crude fiber.

Prime Cottonseed meal is defined as being like the former, except it must be finely ground, of sweet odor, and reasonably bright in color. It must contain not less than 44% protein, 7% of fat, and not more than 9% crude fiber. Choice cottonseed meal is defined the same as Prime cottonseed meal, except that it must contain not less than 45% protein, not less than 7% fat, and not more than 9% of crude fiber. Each buyer should take pains to investigate and know exactly what grade is being bought—the analysis shown, and estimate the price; then ascertain whether the price asked for the product is relatively in accordance with the composition shown on the tag.

Any cotton seed meal which does not show at least 6.88 nitrogen is not permitted to be sold as a feed stuff or under a feed control tag, but must be sold as fertilizer. 6.88 nitrogen is equivalent to 8.33 of ammonia.

A buyer is often misled by the quotations being accompanied by a memorandum of the per cent of ammonia. If the quotation is based on ammonia shown, multiply the per cent of ammonia by the decimal 8.25 and the product will express the actual nitrogen. If the per cent of nitrogen is given divide by the decimal 8.25 and multiply by 1.25, and the result will declare the equivalent in ammonia.

If the meal is quoted and accompanied merely by a feed control tag showing its composition, then multiply the per cent of protein shown by the decimal .16—and the product indicates the amount of the nitrogen. No account is taken of any other item in a feed control tag except the protein contents, which is considered from a fertilizer standpoint.

Sometimes confusion arises from the reading of the term "Nitrogen-free Extract." This does not express any nitrogen at all, but merely indicates the proportions of starch, sugar, dextrin and similar substances. These substances are mostly carbohydrates. The "nitrogen-free" extract of such feeds, as corn cobs, wheat bran, cottonseed meal, kaffir, etc., is composed largely of sugars and starches which are readily digestible, and hence have great value in the feeding of an animal. Hence this food group indicated by the "nitrogen-free" extracts is one factor to consider, along with the actual fat and protein contents, in determining the value of a food stuff for feeding animals. None the less, the protein contents, however, enters into consideration in determining the value of that feed stuff as a fertilizer.

These few points are simple and easily understood, and yet there are those who permit themselves to be misled in judging of the value of any feed stuff, when it is proposed to fix a price based on its value as a fertilizer. These data are submitted in the hope that everyone may become familiar with the facts, and hence enable them to act intelligently in all these matters.

FRED. W. MALLY.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Number of Deeds Have Been Filed for Record With the County Clerk During the Past Few Days.

The following real estate deals have been made during the past few days and deeds filed for record with the county clerk:

Annie V. Pace to Mrs. Andrea Garza de Duran, lot No. 6, in block No. 351, W. D. Consideration, \$200.

K. S. Hamilton to Bernardo de la Garza, west quarter of lot No. 7, block No. 136, all of lot No. 8, same block, and east quarter of lot No. 9, same block. Consideration, \$8,000.

Bernardo de la Garza to Miguel de la Garza, same as above. Consideration, \$500 love and affection.

W. R. Pace to Tomas G. Gonzales lot No. 8, in block No. 155, E. D. Consideration, \$150.65.

J. Maxey Pace to Isabel Kellert, lot No. 7, in replat of block No. 797, E. D. Consideration, \$100.

W. R. Pace to A. Winslow, lots Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, in block "L." W. D. Consideration, \$250.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

BOTH SIDES CLAIM GREAT ADVANTAGES

BOTH FRENCH AND GERMANS CLAIM REPULSE OF ATTACKS, WHILE RUSSIANS GAIN.

By Associated Press. Heavy attacks were made by the French last night on the Verdun front. After violent fighting at Fleury east of the Meuse, the French expelled the Germans from the part of the town which had been captured, says the Paris official statement. Several German counter attacks north-east of Maurepas were repulsed.

Attacks by the French last night on an extended front in the Verdun region were repulsed all along the line except at Fleury, where fighting is still in progress, is the German version of the fighting. Another German statement says that the British launched an attack on the German lines north of the Somme and succeeded in driving back the German line for a short distance on a narrow front south of Martinpuich. Petrograd announces that Austro-German efforts to throw back the Russians in Galicia resulted in great losses and met with no success. The Russians pressed forward in several sectors.

Portuguese to Enter. Lisbon, Portugal, Aug. 18.—Major Norman Mattos, the Portuguese minister of war, announced today that Portugal will soon enter the war, fighting on the side of the Entente allies. The Portuguese troops were called to the colors in March of this year.

Deutschland Arrived Safely. Geneva, Switzerland, Aug. 18.—A private telegram received here today from Berlin by the Neue Zürcher Zeitung says that the German submarine Deutschland arrived safely at Bremen yesterday from the United States.

PACIFIC COAST FIRE CHIEFS.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 18.—Heads of fire departments in numerous cities of California, Oregon and Washington, are gathering in San Francisco today, preparatory to attending the twenty-fourth annual convention of the Pacific Coast Association of Fire Chiefs. The delegation to the southern city will be headed by Thomas R. Murphy, chief of the San Francisco fire department and president of the Pacific Coast organization. The San Diego convention will be called to order next Monday morning and will continue in session through the entire week. Prior to the opening of the convention the delegates will spend two days in Los Angeles as guests of the fire department and citizens of that city.

CATHOLICS ARRIVE IN NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 18.—Today witnessed the arrival of the advance guard of the 20,000 delegates and visitors who are expected here from all over the country for the annual convention of the American Federation of Catholic Societies and the meetings of its numerous affiliated organizations. "Catholic Week" as the period of the convention has been designated, will begin Sunday and continue until Thursday of next week. Several preliminary meetings are to be held, however, before the opening of the convention proper. The Catholic Press Association began its annual session today, as did also the committee on social propaganda of the German Roman Catholic Central Verein.

TOO MUCH RESPONSIBILITY.

Little James, aged 6, had been taught to pray each night for all his relatives and friends, and consequently the list had grown quite large. So one night when it came time for the customary prayers, he refused to say them.

"Well, well, James," said his mother, "why don't you say them?" All good little boys say their prayers."

"Yes, but I'm too tired."

"Oh, that's no excuse. Come, now; that's a good boy."

"Well," related James, "I guess I'll have to. But, anyhow, I'm not going to pray for everybody. I'm going to cut a lot of 'em out. Some of 'em will have to save themselves."—Tom Higbee Clarion.

ANOTHER SOLDIER DROWNS

Private Boole of Co. H, Lost His Life in Rio Grande at Dolores While Bathing Yesterday Afternoon.

Advises received at Camp Maine this morning were to the effect that Private Boole of Co. H, Second Maine Infantry Regiment, stationed at Dolores, lost his life by drowning in the Rio Grande there yesterday afternoon at about 4 o'clock while in bathing with a party of comrades.

Details of the sad affair have not yet been received here, but it was stated that up to this forenoon the body had not yet been recovered from its watery grave. This is the second Maine boy to lose his life by drowning, the other being a member of the detachment stationed at San Ignacio who lost his life in the Rio Grande about a month ago.

CORPUS HAS HEAVY WIND FROM THE GULF

BROWNSVILLE NOT ALARMED THOUGH LOWEST BAROMETRIC READING ON THE COAST.

By Associated Press. Washington, Aug. 18.—A tropical storm is expected to reach the United States somewhere along the Texas coast and hurricane warnings were issued by the weather bureau today for Corpus Christi and Brownsville and storm warnings for the remainder of the Texas coast. The disturbance is approaching the mouth of the Rio Grande, but the center is still some distance off shore.

Brownsville Not Worried. Brownsville, Texas, Aug. 18.—Brownsville had the lowest barometric reading on the gulf coast at 7 o'clock today—28.70. A 20-mile wind is blowing from the north. Little apprehension is felt at the approaching tropical storm.

Heavy Wind at Corpus. Corpus Christi, Texas, Aug. 18.—With a tropical storm approaching the South Texas coast, the barometer read 29.04 at noon, with a 45-mile wind. This was a drop from 29.72 early in the morning.

CULBERSON WON'T COME.

By Associated Press. Waxahachie, Texas, Aug. 18.—Senator Culberson, who is a candidate for renomination in the senatorial primary August 26, won't be able to address the voters of Texas "as long as congress is in session." This information was contained in a message here answering an invitation to speak.

ARMY BILL VOTED BY THE PRESIDENT

IT CONTAINED OBJECTIONABLE CLAUSES WHICH HAD PROMISED TO HAVE ELIMINATED.

By Associated Press. Washington, Aug. 18.—President Wilson today vetoed the army appropriation bill because of exemptions from discipline for retired officers, forced into it by house conferees led by Representative Hay, over the opposition of the war department. A new bill would necessarily delay adjournment. Representative Hay said he would reintroduce the bill in the house immediately with the features to which the president objected eliminated.

Mr. Hay followed his announcement with introducing the bill, minus not only the section to which the president objected, but with the whole revision of the articles of war eliminated. This threatened to complicate the situation.

FRANCIS JOSEPH'S BIRTHDAY.

Berlin, Aug. 18.—A despatch from Vienna says that the eighty-sixth birthday anniversary of Emperor Francis Joseph is being made the occasion today for patriotic observances in the capital and throughout Austria and Hungary. Te Deums are being celebrated in all the churches throughout the dual monarchy. The Emperor receive innumerable telegrams of congratulation including cordial messages from Emperor William and Czar Ferdinand of Bulgaria. In accordance with the desire of his Majesty the most of the funds collected to celebrate his birthday anniversary will be employed for the relief of the war sufferers.

IRRESISTIBLE.

It was in the war of 1890, and the Amazons were ranged in battle. The lady colonel was rallying her troops, among whom panic seemed likely to spread.

"Women," she cried, waving her hand, "will you give way to manly fears?"

For a moment they pulled themselves together, yet still hesitated to advance. Then their leader made one last effort.

"Women, listen! Are you going to show the white feather in a season when feathers are not being worn?"

The appeal was successful. "Never!" cried the Amazons, as they dashed forward to meet the enemy.—London Answers.

BAND CONCERT LAST EVENING

Second Maine Regiment Band Furnished the Music Instead of the Ninth Infantry Regimental Band. There was a band concert on Jarvis Plaza last evening, but instead of the Ninth Infantry Band furnishing the music the program was rendered by the Second Maine Band. The change of bands was the result of an agreement made between the two directors yesterday afternoon as a consequence of the fact that the Ninth Infantry Band furnished music free of charge for the "Jamaica" the night before.

There was a good sized crowd assembled on the plaza for the concert last night and the music was much enjoyed by all. The Maine Band has been giving concerts regularly every Saturday night on Jarvis Plaza, but there will be no concert by them there tomorrow night.

DISPUTANTS NOW GET NEAR DECISION

MANAGERS OPPOSE GRANTING OF EIGHT HOUR DAY UNLESS DECIDED BY ARBITRATION.

By Associated Press. Washington, Aug. 18.—While 640 representatives of the railway employees were assembled in secret session today to vote on the acceptance of President Wilson's plan for averting the nation-wide strike, the railroad presidents and managers held a final conference before going to the White House at 2 o'clock this afternoon. There were indications that the employees would vote to accept Mr. Wilson's proposal of an eight-hour day and the settlement of side issues by a special commission. Hope for a settlement was endangered by evidence that the railroad presidents, backing up the managers, were not inclined to grant the eight-hour day unless it was decided by arbitration. Shortly after the vote on the president's proposition was begun, it was expected that more than an hour would be required to take the vote and count it.

Tampa, Fla., Aug. 18.—Sheriff W. C. Spencer early this morning completed final preparations for the execution of Charles Heines, a negro, who was convicted and sentenced to death for the murder of Marshal Joe S. Walter of Port Tampa City. Heines was to have paid the death penalty in June, but a stay of execution was secured pending submission of his case to the pardon board, which body refused to interfere in his behalf.

HANGING AT TAMPA. Tampa, Fla., Aug. 18.—The biggest thing in the shape of a rowing regatta that has been seen hereabouts in a long time is scheduled to take place on Newark Bay tomorrow under the auspices of the boat clubs of Bayonne and vicinity. Entries have been received from clubs in Boston, Philadelphia, New York, Washington, Springfield and a number of other cities. The events will include: Junior single gig, junior double gig, junior four barge, junior four gig, junior eight shell, intermediate double gig, intermediate quadruple shell, association senior single shell, senior double shell, senior four barge and senior eight shell.

BIG REGATTA FOR NEWARK BAY.

Bayonne, N. J., Aug. 18.—The biggest thing in the shape of a rowing regatta that has been seen hereabouts in a long time is scheduled to take place on Newark Bay tomorrow under the auspices of the boat clubs of Bayonne and vicinity. Entries have been received from clubs in Boston, Philadelphia, New York, Washington, Springfield and a number of other cities. The events will include: Junior single gig, junior double gig, junior four barge, junior four gig, junior eight shell, intermediate double gig, intermediate quadruple shell, association senior single shell, senior double shell, senior four barge and senior eight shell.

A DANGEROUS QUESTION.

"In court martial trials in our army," says an officer on duty in this state, "the attorneys are selected from the officers at the post without reference to their legal training or their ability to handle a case."

"A young surgeon, whose ignorance of law was complete, found himself appointed counsel for the defense at his new post, and when he entered the court his only legal knowledge was that he had a right to 'object' to the tactics of the other side. When therefore, one of his witnesses was placed under cross-examination, the lawyer-surgeon sprang to his feet and shouted lustily, 'I object.'"

"On what grounds?" demanded the prosecuting attorney.

"On what grounds?" repeated the surgeon. "On very good grounds. Why, if my witness tells the truth when he answers that question it will ruin my case!"—Case and Comment.

THE UNCOMMONLY INSPIRED COMPOSITOR.

In our account of the Winterman-Hull wedding in last week's issue our reporter intended to state that "after a brief wedding trip the newly-married couple would make their home at the old manse," but through a typographical error which escaped the proofreader and which we regret exceedingly, "old manse" was made to read "old man's."—From the Weed-sport (N. Y.) Sentinel.

WILSON AND COTTON.

According to Republican candidate Hughes, right now we ought to be taking pot shots at Mexicans and at war with Germany. For one, we are perfectly satisfied to let well enough alone, and vote solidly for a continuation of the Wilson regime and meantime, take 12% or better for our cotton.—San Marcos Times.

AND LITTLE SHREWDNESS.

Men who read Mr. Hughes' speeches steadily are apt to conclude that there was more shrewdness than virtue in the impressive silence that he maintained during the pre-convention season.—Galveston News.

NOTICE.

To all persons holding claims against John H. Davis: Notice is hereby given that I have been duly appointed and have qualified as Receiver of all the properties owned or claimed by John H. Davis in Texas, and all persons holding claims against him are hereby notified to present same by intervention in the cause on or before January 1, 1917, for classification and payment in course of administration.

S. M. BARLOW, Receiver.

ARE TAKING PRECAUTIONS TO GUARD GENERAL HEALTH

MEXICO AND UNITED STATES ADOPT RETALIATORY MEASURE

Mexico Does Not Want Infantile Paralysis; United States Does Not Want Mexico's Typhus and Dengue

Reciprocity or retaliation is the order of the day now between Mexico and the United States, but in each instance each country is taking precautionary measures that tend to guard the welfare and health of their respective people. Mexico has quarantined against the United States, and in turn the United States, or rather its health department, requires all incoming Mexicans to show health and disinfectant certificates before they can enter the United States through any of the respective ports along the border.

According to information of an official nature conveyed to the state and federal health departments here, a proclamation has been issued by the national health authorities of Mexico and duly promulgated quarantining Tampico, Vera Cruz, Puerto Mexico and other Mexican seaports against passengers from New York on account of the infantile paralysis epidemic that apparently prevails. All Americans entering Mexico through other ports along the border must show that they are not from places infected with infantile paralysis before they will be allowed to enter Mexico. These are just precautionary measures.

On the other hand, the health authorities of the United States and Texas stationed in Laredo are requiring that all persons and others in a filthy condition or showing general appearances of uncleanness will not be allowed to enter this country unless they show health certificates or disinfectant certificates, and even then they must be subjected to a thorough "scouring" before allowed to bring their filth into the United States. This danger is all eliminated through the process of the gasoline bath, which kills all bacteria, microbes or what not which might cling to the flesh of the new comers and eventually disseminate disease in this country.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

- 1786—Death of Frederick the Great, most famous of Prussian monarchs and great-grandfather of Kaiser Wilhelm II.
- 1859—Blondin began his performance of crossing Niagara Falls on tight rope.
- 1863—Congress of German sovereigns, from which the King of Prussia abstained, met at Frankfurt for the purpose of re-establishing the Germanic Confederation.
- 1896—Gold discovered in the Klondike.
- 1902—Boer Generals Botha, De Wet and Delarey received by King Edward on royal yacht at Cowes.
- 1905—Norwegian referendum for dissolution of union with Sweden gives result of 368,200 votes for, and 184 against.
- 1910—French Aviator John B. Moisant flew from Paris to Meis on the English coast.
- 1911—British railway strike called out 100,000 men and tied up communication throughout all England.
- 1912—Harry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White, escaped from Matteawan with the help of five men and two swift automobiles, and took refuge at Coaticook, Canada, where he was captured and eventually turned to the U. S. authorities after some international legal dispute.
- 1915—Leo Frank taken from Georgia prison farm by mob and hanged near Marietta.
- 1914—THE WAR: Belgian government transferred from Brussels to Antwerp. Montenegrins continue to advance into Bosnia and Herzegovina. Austrian advance checked in Poland and Serbia.
- 1915—THE WAR: Germans took fortress of Kexno. Greek cabinet resigned in war issue and Venizelos was invited to form new ministry. Zeppelins raided British east coast, killing ten civilians.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas Mexican.
Leaves for Corpus Christi at 8:20 a. m.
Arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:55 p. m. Standard time.

International & Great Northern.
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 12:45 and arrives at 3:30 p. m.

I. & G. N. Night Train.
Leaves at 8 p. m. and arrives at 7:15 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.
Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:30 a. m.
Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1:15 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 2:30 p. m.

TIMES WANT ADS.
Money Makers

THE LECTURE THIS EVENING

Mrs. French Will Speak at Elks Hall For the Benefit of the Laredo Chapter of the Red Cross.

This evening at the Elks Hall, under the auspices of the Laredo Chapter of the American Red Cross, and for the especial benefit of the members of the local society and other Americans interested in the laudable work being done, Mrs. Seth Barton French, the personal representative of the secretary of war, who spoke at the "jamaica" last night, will speak on "Red Cross Work Done by Americans Abroad," a subject on which she is thoroughly conversant because of the fact that she herself is an active member of the French Red Cross.

Mrs. French is a very entertaining talker and handles her subjects in a most masterly manner. Tonight she will tell of the work of Americans with the Red Cross on the field and in the hospitals of Europe and will explain the Red Cross work in a most comprehensive and concise manner. There will be no admission to Elks Hall this evening and the public is invited to attend. The speaking will begin at 8:15 o'clock.

POPULAR EXCURSION TO SAN ANTONIO. Thousands of Troops Encamped, Texas League Baseball Game. Very low Excursion tickets via I. & G. N. on sale for trains arriving San Antonio Saturday P. M. and Sunday A. M.; return limit Monday, August 21. For particulars, see I. & G. N. Ticket Agent.

8-17-21.

Leave for Kerrville Tonight.

Vice-President and General Manager S. W. DeWolf and wife, traveling in a private car, will leave Laredo tonight for Kerrville, where Mr. DeWolf goes in hopes that the change of mountain air will benefit his impaired health. At San Antonio they will be joined by Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Hicks. Reaching Kerrville the private car will be sidetracked and the party will remain in it several weeks.

Notice to the Public.

This is to give notice that I have leased the fishing and hunting privilege on my San Ramon ranch to the San Ramon Sporting Club, therefore from this date on the place is closed to the public and no person will be allowed to fish or hunt thereon without a card properly signed by the representative of this Club.

JOSE MA. RAMON,
Laredo, Texas, August 17, 1916.

8-17-21.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Webb.

By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the District Court of Webb County, Texas, on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1916, in Cause Number 3453, wherein R. C. Gregg is plaintiff and Ross Shride and wife Zada Shride are defendants, and to me directed and delivered, I have seized and levied upon, as under Execution, and will proceed to sell at public auction for cash, in front of the Court-house door of said Webb County, Texas, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., on the first Tuesday, the fifth day of September, A. D. 1916, the following described lands and property, located, situated and being in Webb County, Texas, viz:

The North Half of Survey 31, in Block 2, Patent 322, containing 320 acres; which Survey No. 31 is particularly described as beginning at the S. W. Corner of Survey No. 32, Script No. 454, this County, for the Northwest corner of this Survey; Thence East 1900.8 varas to a stake, for the Northeast Corner of this Survey; Thence South 1900.8 varas to this Survey; Thence West 1900.8 varas to a post, for the Southwest Corner of this Survey, and thence North 1900.8 varas to the place of beginning; to satisfy a judgment in favor of the Plaintiff and against the defendants, in the sum of \$3,275.00, with interest thereon and costs.

Given under my hand, at Laredo, Texas, this 5th day of August, A. D. 1916.

ANTONIO SALINAS,
Sheriff, Webb County, Texas.
By M. G. BENAVIDES, Deputy.

NOTICE.

STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Webb.

I, S. N. Johnson, a Manufacturer and Dealer in Carbonated Goods, Mineral Waters, Soda Water, Ginger Ale, and other carbonated beverages, having my principal place of business and office in said County and State, do hereby file under the provisions of Art. 703, Revised Statutes of Texas, with the County Clerk of Webb County, the following description of the names, marks, and devices stamped, engraved, etched, blown in, or impressed upon my seven (7) and eight (8) ounce bottles, and which I use as a brand mark or trade mark to designate my ownership of the bottles as well as the contents thereof. On each bottle appears on side of same "S. N. Johnson Bottling Works Laredo, Tex.", also on side of bottle "This Bottle is Never Sold," on bottom of bottle the letter "J."

Signed this 29th day of July, A. D. 1916.

(Signed) S. N. JOHNSON.

STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Webb.

I, J. A. Rodriguez, County Clerk, Webb County, Texas, do hereby certify that the foregoing description of S. N. Johnson of his trade mark and brand upon bottles was filed and recorded in the County Clerk's office of Webb County on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1916.

(Seal) J. A. RODRIGUEZ,
County Clerk, Webb Co., Texas.
By C. R. MOLINA, Deputy.
7-31-21.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt Editor . . . Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.
The Ladies Prayer Service of the Methodist Church will meet with Mrs. J. A. Applewhite at four o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid of the Baptist Church will hold its regular Missionary meeting at the church at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Mrs. John Tucker Halsell will be at home for Mrs. Seth Barton French from half after four o'clock to half after five o'clock in the afternoon.

Prayer Meeting at the Christian Church in the evening.

Mrs. Seth Barton French will give a lecture at Elks Hall at half after eight o'clock in the evening.

Friday.
Mrs. Hugh Cluck and Miss Edna Brown will be hostesses to the Girl's Splash Club at half after nine o'clock in the morning.

The Women's Missionary Society will meet at the Methodist church at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Regular meeting of the Daughters of Rebekah at Odd Fellows Hall at eight o'clock in the evening.

Tonight.

Bend low, O dusky Night!
And give my spirit rest.
Hold me to your deep breast,
And put old cares to flight.
Give back the lost delight
That once my soul possessed.
When peace was loveliest.
Bend low, O dusky Night.

The promise, dusky Night,
The folk across the way
Will no piano play
And put all sleep to flight.
Their racket is a fright;
That there will not hold sway
Some amateur Calve
To warble all the night.
—Brooklyn Daily Eagle.

General Mention.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church did not meet yesterday afternoon as announced, on account of the Jamaica.

Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Dewolf are spending a while in Kerrville.

Miss Lillian Westbrook expects to leave for Corpus Christi tomorrow morning, to be the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Robert McCulloch, for several weeks.

Dr. and Mrs. H. C. Hall and family have returned home after spending the summer in different parts of the state.

Greetings have been received from Mrs. Belle Dilgarde, who is summering in California. She writes of contemplating making her home in the West, having become interested in the sugar beet industry as well as "doing" the Mother's Club.—San Antonio Express.

Miss Laney Pearl White of Pearsall has arrived in Laredo, and has taken a position with the telephone company.

Greetings have been received from Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Mann and family from Reagan Wells, Texas. They are having a most delightful vacation, and enjoying themselves to the fullest extent.

Mrs. Foy Gillespie, who formerly resided here, is leaving Weatherford today for Laredo, and will arrive Saturday to remain indefinitely.

There will be prayer-meeting at the Christian church this evening, as the meeting was postponed last night on account of the Jamaica.

From all accounts the Jamaica given last night on the Martin Plaza was a great success.

Announcements.

There will be a meeting of Red Cross Sewing Circle A at the home of Mrs. J. H. Davis, chairman, Friday morning at nine o'clock. All members having finished work will please bring it in.

Prayer Service.

The Ladies of the Methodist Church will meet at the home of Mrs. John Applewhite this afternoon at four o'clock. Mrs. J. H. Thompson will be the leader for the service. All those attending are requested to bring Scripture references on the subject for the afternoon "Consecration."

Entertainments.

One of the most brilliant affairs of the summer was the Jamaica that was given last evening on Martin Plaza for the benefit of the Laredo Chapter of Red Cross. The ladies with Mrs. C. B. Kennedy as chairman, and assisted by a galaxy of pretty girls, made the entertainment a perfect success. This was a novel attraction for a great number of the visitors, as many of them were of the National Guard. The lovely music furnished by the Ninth Infantry Band added to the pleasure of the evening. The receipts of the gates attested to

PERSONALS

J. B. Hazelrigg of San Antonio arrived in the city yesterday on a short business trip.

A. E. Cassels of Benham arrived in the city yesterday and expects to make his home here. Mr. Cassels is a cousin of Walter A. Craig.

BENDER:—D. Huggins, San Antonio; J. B. Robbin, Dallas; G. P. Pfeffuening, E. R. Goodwin, San Antonio; V. A. Anderson, Baltimore, Md.; Kahn, Mr. Engleman, Corpus Christi; W. D. Syers, San Antonio; H. Freundlich, Houston; E. D. DuBose Strain, Copeland, San Antonio; W. A. Lowbe, Houston; Bliss Stallcup, Jefferson; A. J. Epple, Waco; Dr. Earl Stafford and wife, San Antonio; A. E. Weir, Ft. Smith; D. Louis, San Antonio; C. S. Stay, Houston; Edward Neil, Dallas.

WOMEN IN THE NEWS.

Florence E. Baumberger, a Columbia University master of arts, who has specialized in the Teachers' College, has been made an instructor in the pedagogical department of Johns Hopkins University, the first woman to win a teaching place on the Johns Hopkins faculty. She will give instruction in elementary education and supervision and will conduct investigations in the field.

Shadow Lawn, the stately Presidential summer mansion in New Jersey, has lost some of the gravity of its lofty halls and sweeping lawns with the coming of little Miss Ellen McAdoo, the President's granddaughter, and her tiny, little Miss Martin, child of Secretary McAdoo's daughter, who are at present guests of the President and Mrs. Wilson.

The only woman commercial editor in Canada lives in Winnipeg. She is Miss Cora E. Hind, yet young in years, who began her newspaper career as a "country correspondent" but today occupies an important editorial chair on one of the largest dailies in the Dominion, the Winnipeg Free Press. Miss Hind is the only woman who has ever crossed the pit floor of the Winnipeg Stock Exchange. She knows as much about markets as any New York plunger, her knowledge having been won by hard work and deep concentration on a subject generally foreign and distasteful to the feminine mind.

Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, president of the National Association Opposed to Woman's Suffrage, is a native of Hartford and a resident of New York. She studied at Vassar, is a widow, has been for a score of years identified with the movement of conservative women who do not wish the old order to pass. She is editor of the Woman's Protest, an anti-suffrage publication. Mrs. Dodge, aside from her anti-suffrage activities, has done considerable social work in New York City. She has been president of the Federation of Day Nurseries and of the Needlework Guild of New York, working in many of her efforts for the betterment of working women side by side and along the same lines as some of the most passionate militants in the suffragist camp. Her party, says Mrs. Dodge, is the true feminist party and the anti-suffrage opposition the real movement for the welfare of woman, her suffrage sisters being mistaken in their efforts and not true feminists. She has been bitter in her denunciation of the favorable stand taken by Mr. Hughes on suffrage. Mr. Hughes stands for suffrage, she says, with the Machiavellian design of eliminating the feminist party and is like the woman who marries a man to reform him. In satisfying a discontented minority of American women, she esteems, he has arrayed himself against a resentful majority.

CHICAGO JUDGE ACCUSED OF JOY RIDING.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 17.—Whether Judge Edward T. Wade of the Chicago municipal court was as sober as a judge when he was overhauled by a park policeman while returning from the Hawthorne races in his automobile, is one of several disputed points that is expected to be cleared up in court. Another point in dispute is whether Policeman James D. Murphy, the officer who made the arrest, was guilty of disorderly conduct, in taking the magistrate into custody. The case against Judge Wade, as well as the case against the policeman, came up for settlement today before Judge Harry C. Moran in the Speedeers' Court.

Judge Wade was arrested by Policeman Murphy while the Judge was returning from the race track in the company of two women, one of whom is said to be the wife of a South Halsted Street saloonkeeper. The policeman charged the Judge with disorderly conduct, speeding, and with operating an automobile while intoxicated. The policeman declares, moreover, that when he stopped the Judge's machine and served him with a summons, the Judge told him who he was and tore up the summons. The policeman insists that he was courteous, but insists that Judge Wade should understand the law was made for judges as well as other citizens, and he had no choice in the matter.

Bankruptcy Sale.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of an Order of Sale to me issued and delivered by J. C. Scott, a Referee in Bankruptcy, will sell on Saturday, August 26, 1916, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., at the corner of Grant St. and Convent Ave., in Laredo, Webb County, Texas, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, free of all liens, all the goods, ware and merchandise, store fixtures, notes, accounts and claims belonging to N. Buitron, bankrupt.

Witness my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.

F. S. PRATT,
Trustee of N. Buitron, Bankrupt.

8-17-21.

the popularity of the affair. The crowd in attendance was most generous and the booths were all most liberally patronized. It would be hard to say which of the features presented was most popular as all were especially attractive to those in attendance. The gathering was very merry, and while everybody had a good time, it was very gratifying to note that there was an absence of anything that would have created any unpleasantness, and have prevented the entertainment from being the success it was. The chairman and ladies serving on the different committees wish to thank the public for their generosity and liberality.

Paralysis Shows Decrease Today.

FEDERAL AUTHORITIES EXERCISED OVER NECESSITY OF TAKING STEPS TO COMBAT IT.

By Associated Press.
New York, Aug. 17.—The epidemic of infantile paralysis took a turn for the better today, the third consecutive day showing a decrease in deaths and new cases. Thirty-two children died and there were 121 new cases in the last 24 hours.

Public Health Conference.
Washington, Aug. 17.—Measures to prevent the further spread of infantile paralysis were discussed today in the conference called by the Public Health Service. Delegates from nearly all the states were present. Figures showed that there were more than 70,000 cases of infantile paralysis in the United States but that outside of the New York vicinity conditions were normal.

ONLY EIGHT DEATHS OF BORDER TROOPS.

MARVELOUS HEALTH RECORD OF 140,000 SOLDIERS CAUSES DOCTORS TO REJOICE.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Aug. 17.—There were eight deaths from sickness among the regular and National Guard troops on the border during the week ending Aug. 12, it was disclosed in statistics made public today by the war department. Medical officers regard the death rate as exceptionally low, since it covers a force of 140,000.

STATE REUNION OF ELKS.

Hoquiam, Wash., Aug. 17.—Gayly decorated in festoons of purple and white, this city today extended a royal welcome to the hundreds of Elks and their friends who have assembled here for the annual reunion of their State association. Today was devoted largely to the reception of the visitors. During the remainder of the week there will be a succession of festivities for the entertainment of the delegates.

GOODS ROADS CONGRESS IN TEXAS.

San Antonio, Texas, Aug. 17.—San Antonio gave a hearty welcome today to the hundreds of good roads enthusiasts gathered here from all quarters of the State to attend the annual meeting of the Texas Good Roads Congress. The large attendance and an attractive program combine to give promise of the most profitable meeting since the inauguration of the good roads movement in the Lone Star State. During the three day sessions the delegates will learn how to present a bond issue to the people so it will carry and will also have the benefit of a short course in "the right kind of roads to build."

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CHICAGO JUDGE ACCUSED OF JOY RIDING.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 17.—Whether Judge Edward T. Wade of the Chicago municipal court was as sober as a judge when he was overhauled by a park policeman while returning from the Hawthorne races in his automobile, is one of several disputed points that is expected to be cleared up in court. Another point in dispute is whether Policeman James D. Murphy, the officer who made the arrest, was guilty of disorderly conduct, in taking the magistrate into custody. The case against Judge Wade, as well as the case against the policeman, came up for settlement today before Judge Harry C. Moran in the Speedeers' Court.

Judge Wade was arrested by Policeman Murphy while the Judge was returning from the race track in the company of two women, one of whom is said to be the wife of a South Halsted Street saloonkeeper. The policeman charged the Judge with disorderly conduct, speeding, and with operating an automobile while intoxicated. The policeman declares, moreover, that when he stopped the Judge's machine and served him with a summons, the Judge told him who he was and tore up the summons. The policeman insists that he was courteous, but insists that Judge Wade should understand the law was made for judges as well as other citizens, and he had no choice in the matter.

Bankruptcy Sale.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of an Order of Sale to me issued and delivered by J. C. Scott, a Referee in Bankruptcy, will sell on Saturday, August 26, 1916, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., at the corner of Grant St. and Convent Ave., in Laredo, Webb County, Texas, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, free of all liens, all the goods, ware and merchandise, store fixtures, notes, accounts and claims belonging to N. Buitron, bankrupt.

Witness my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.

F. S. PRATT,
Trustee of N. Buitron, Bankrupt.

8-17-21.

PARALYSIS SHOWS DECREASE TODAY.

FEDERAL AUTHORITIES EXERCISED OVER NECESSITY OF TAKING STEPS TO COMBAT IT.

By Associated Press.
New York, Aug. 17.—The epidemic of infantile paralysis took a turn for the better today, the third consecutive day showing a decrease in deaths and new cases. Thirty-two children died and there were 121 new cases in the last 24 hours.

Public Health Conference.

Washington, Aug. 17.—Measures to prevent the further spread of infantile paralysis were discussed today in the conference called by the Public Health Service. Delegates from nearly all the states were present. Figures showed that there were more than 70,000 cases of infantile paralysis in the United States but that outside of the New York vicinity conditions were normal.

ONLY EIGHT DEATHS OF BORDER TROOPS.

MARVELOUS HEALTH RECORD OF 140,000 SOLDIERS CAUSES DOCTORS TO REJOICE.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Aug. 17.—There were eight deaths from sickness among the regular and National Guard troops on the border during the week ending Aug. 12, it was disclosed in statistics made public today by the war department. Medical officers regard the death rate as exceptionally low, since it covers a force of 140,000.

STATE REUNION OF ELKS.

Hoquiam, Wash., Aug. 17.—Gayly decorated in festoons of purple and white, this city today extended a royal welcome to the hundreds of Elks and their friends who have assembled here for the annual reunion of their State association. Today was devoted largely to the reception of the visitors. During the remainder of the week there will be a succession of festivities for the entertainment of the delegates.

GOODS ROADS CONGRESS IN TEXAS.

San Antonio, Texas, Aug. 17.—San Antonio gave a hearty welcome today to the hundreds of good roads enthusiasts gathered here from all quarters of the State to attend the annual meeting of the Texas Good Roads Congress. The large attendance and an attractive program combine to give promise of the most profitable meeting since the inauguration of the good roads movement in the Lone Star State. During the three day sessions the delegates will learn how to present a bond issue to the people so it will carry and will also have the benefit of a short course in "the right kind of roads to build."

CHICAGO JUDGE ACCUSED OF JOY RIDING.

There are many who have adopted the German standard as the ideal one for preparedness. They say: Look at Germany; she is fighting the world and yet her preparedness has kept her from defeat, as well as giving her many victories in the early part of the war.

There is some misunderstanding on the part of those who advocate the German sort of preparedness, and who would be unwilling for this country to adopt the same methods and the same system.

Preparedness in Germany is not merely the training of the troops and the systematizing of supply depots; it is the absolute subordination of every industrial unit in the country to the military authority.

Every merchant ship in Germany is subject to the call of the German admiralty. This not only includes the subsidized vessels, built with government aid and partially manned and officered by German reservists, but every vessel from the little catboat up to the freight carrier of thousands of tons.

Every factory in Germany is subject to be commandeered by the government at short notice. This not only refers to the factories capable of making munitions of war, but the factories which produce clothing, yarns, fabrics and textiles, the tanneries, the shoe factories,—everything, in fact, which turns a wheel within the limits of the empire.

Every railway in Germany, including the government owned and the private concerns, is subject to government call at any moment, and this not only in time of war, but during the great maneuvers of peace times. The employees who are not government officials are as much at the command of the nearest or the highest ranking military officer as if already sworn into the service.

Every provision store, meat market or produce stand is subject to seizure by the government officials "for the good of the empire," and even private stores of food, wines, liquors and any thing that may be added to the creature comforts of the rank and file of the army may be seized without a moment's warning.

Any workman whose services are deemed necessary for "the good of the service" may be ordered to quit his regular employment and report to the nearest military depot for employment by the government, at a fixed minimum salary, with rations the same as those issued to the soldiers.

Do we want this sort of "preparedness" which has enabled Germany at great cost of life, of treasure and of comfort to the civilian population to wage a fruitless war for two years or do we want a preparedness which shall not infringe upon the rights of the citizens of this country?

There is much patriotism among the Germans. One of them, long a resident in the United States, said: "We love the Kaiser; if we didn't, he would make us hard to catch!"

But this sort of forced patriotism is not the sort that Americans have been used to. We are opposed to conscription, to forced levies of either men or supplies, and we cherish our independence, both of thought and of action, too highly to submit to such dragging, even though it be for "the good of the country."

Yet there will come a time, if we do not make the necessary preparation for defense, when we shall be forced to adopt some such measures as have been adopted by the German militarists. Any people who, through indifference or dislike of military service, have failed to prepare for their own defense are subject to the will of the conqueror.

Preparedness includes not only the training of troops and the assembling of military supplies; it also means the co-operation of the necessary industrial, commercial and transportation facilities for the proper supply of the armies. And it seems to us that it can be so arranged that the civilian interests will not suffer as they do under the German military despotism.

MENACING THE COUNTRY.

Without entering into the merits of the dispute between the railroad brotherhoods and the railway managers, it seems to us that no worse time to settle questions of grave import could have been chosen by the railway employees.

A wonderful harvest is to be handed by the railroads of the country within a few weeks. There is already a suspicion that a shortage of rolling stock will be discovered in many parts of the country as soon as the grain begins to move.

The entire mobile army of the United States is stationed on the border, at some points remote from the railway connections, and at others close to the terminals. To keep this army supplied with food and equipment will require a great deal of close figuring on the part of the railroads in view of the other demands upon their facilities.

The menace of a war with a foreign nation has not entirely departed, and there are many who believe that the situation is more acute than it has been at any time during the past year.

The food supplies of the border, both for civilians and for soldiers, are stated to be only sufficient for another week, and unless every facility is used to bring the supplies up to requirements for months to come, the threat of a railroad strike which shall tie up the systems of the country is one that endangers the very life of the border people.

There is a great political campaign on, and the efforts of the spellbinders of each party will be directed toward placing the blame for existing conditions on their opponents.

But it would appear that the time was most ill-chosen by the employees, and that they are holding a club over the heads of not only their employers but the entire country, at a time when the situation calls for the patri-

otic help of every citizen of this country.

The decision of President Wilson to do everything in his power to avert the threatened strike was to have been expected at any time, but particularly now, when he should tilt necessity of keeping well in hand every public utility, and to permit nothing to cripple the arm of the United States at such a critical period.

The men's grievances may be well founded. The managers may be justified in their attitude. Neither view is of any importance to the general public, save as all are interested in the general welfare. But what the general public does demand—and has a right to demand—is that neither side force upon the entire country such a disaster as would be a general strike on all the railway systems.

There should be mutual concessions that would permit both sides to win their contention, and both should be willing to lose something for the sake of securing the desired advantages. Particularly should both sides remember that they are public servants, owing to the people a loyalty and a service that is not expected of employees in other lines.

The railroads have received grants of land, permission to use the public domain as well as private property for their right-of-way, and other valuable concessions from the people. The employees of the roads are doing service upon which the welfare of the public depends. The transportation of food and clothing, fuel and furniture and all the other things necessary in our complex system of civilization, depends no less upon the railway managers than it does upon the employees. And the public has a right to demand especial service in time of especial need, not the withdrawal of all service because of personal or class grievances.

Without the support of the people the employees of the railroads could not hold their positions. Without the patronage of the public the railway owners could not reap their dividends. And the manifest duty of both sides to the present controversy is to so settle their quarrels that the public will be forced to endure only the least possible damage.

Mr. Wilson is to be notified of his renomination on September 2. It is now announced. Why not wait until November 8 and make it unanimous?

Reports from the Austrian frontier indicate that "Italia Irredenta" will soon be restored to the bosom of her mother. When the mourning is removed from the Strassburg monument in Paris, as well, there will be a general "home-coming" festival that will outdo all previous ones.

Even with all the munitions which are said to have made during the past year, we only used a million bales more of cotton than during the previous year. And from all we can hear, the belligerents use that much cotton in a single battle. Some discrepancy, that.

A great Italian dreadnaught is reported to have burned and blown up in a home harbor. Looks as if the dreadnaught is more susceptible to injuries from within than even our old wooden ships.

AMERICAN SOCCER TOUR BEGINS TODAY.

New York, Aug. 15.—Devotees of the game of soccer are waiting with keen interest to learn the results of the first game to be played by the All-American team today at Stockholm. The interest is increased by the fact that the Scandinavian tour of the American soccer players represents the only athletic invasion this year by an All-American team. The Americans will meet the pick of the Scandinavian players in a series of three games to be played in Stockholm, followed by one in Christiania and one in Gothenberg. The players in Scandinavia are noted for their brawn and stamina. To offset this the players representing this country have speed and are fast inside workers.

NOT THAT KIND.

Waiter—Soup, sir? Soup, sir?
Haughty gentleman ignores the waiter and slowly removes his gloves.
Waiter (impudently)—Soup, sir?
Haughty gentleman (angrily)—Is it compulsory?
"No, sir; optional"—Life.

NOTABLE BIRTHDAYS
TODAY.

AUGUST 16
Charles S. Mellen, famous Eastern railroad man, former president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford and who was the most notable witness in the suit brought against the road by the U. S. Government last year, is 66 years old today. Mr. Mellen was born in Lowell, Mass., and had a public school education. He began railway work as a clerk for the Northern New Haven in 1869, rising steadily through divers positions of trust with several of the great Eastern lines, to the presidency of the Northern Pacific, which he filled from 1896 to 1902, in which year he assumed that of the New York, New Haven and Hartford. This he filled till 1912, having meanwhile, in 1910, assumed additional responsibility as president of the Boston and Maine. Both offices were resigned simultaneously in 1913 by Mr. Mellen, who has retired from active business and lives quietly at his home at New Haven, Conn.

Such tobacco enjoyment

as you never thought could be is yours to command quick as you buy some Prince Albert and fire-up a pipe or a home-made cigarette!

Prince Albert gives you every tobacco satisfaction your smoke-appetite ever hankered for. That's because it's made by a patented process that cuts out bite and parch! Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

has a flavor as different as it is delightful. You never tasted the like of it! And that isn't strange, either.

Buy Prince Albert everywhere tobacco is sold in tippy red bags, 5c; tidy red tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tin humidor—and that corking fine pound crystal-glass humidor with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such clever trim—always!



Copyright 1914 by P. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.
On the reverse side of this tidy red tin you will read: "Process Patented July 30th, 1907," which has made three men smoke pipes where one smoked before!

Men who think they can't smoke a pipe or roll a cigarette can smoke and will smoke if they use Prince Albert. And smokers who have not yet given P. A. a try-out certainly have a big surprise and a lot of enjoyment coming their way as soon as they invest in a supply. Prince Albert tobacco will tell its own story!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

LETTER LIST.

Advertised list of letters remaining in the postoffice of Laredo, for the week ending August 14 1916.
MEN.
Avila Epiménio, Alcoseter Marcellino, Arias Camilo, Addington Gussie, Abrego Manuel, Arredondo Domingo, Alegria Manuel, Hays T. C., Brosig Teodoro, Briam Blakey, Blake Seth, Bloulien Frank, Bodolia Eligi, Barfield W. M., Cardenas Tomas, Castillo A. D., Careaga Alvaro, Clark N. H., Cardenas Espridion, Cantu Eligio, Cantu Casimiro, Cortez Tomas, Cortez Eulogio, Cochran John, Castro Refugio, Castillo Rodolfo, Camarillo J. M., Dios Juan de, Durham Earl, Deonida Felix, De Parra Inez V., Denby B., Englehardt Herman, Enriquez S., Esquivel Anastasio, Eltan Fred, Flores J. Flores Albino, Farias Carl, Farias Rumbaldo, Foster Carl, Farias Filomeno, Falcon Pedro, Faulkner Dick, Guerrero Geronimo, Gonzales Refugio, Garza Miguel, Garza Meliton, Gallardo Juan, Gelsen Jesus, Gutierrez Pedro H., Gonzales Francisco, Garcia Rodolfo, Galvan Juan, Graham Chas. Jr., Holden J. R., Herrera Jose Ma., Hanson Joseph, Henry Louis, Hernandez Alberto, Hensley Bert, Hinojosa Dilecarlo, Hernandez Pedro, Hidalgo 620, Hoyos Amado, Hurba Chas., Hunt J. E., Hale J. W., Jimenez Cristino, Johnson L. G., Jones R. B., Kinney Roy, Little Louis, Leon Adolph, Lopez Jose, Lavorgna Jack A., Lamb Chas., McKee J. J., Maldonado Arturo, Martinez Victor, Moreno Refugio, Martinez Vidal, Martinez Antonio, Mares Refugio, Manrique Brigidio, Moran Hippolito, Manriquez R. G., Martinez Carlos, Martinez Apollinar, Medrano Liviano, Mendez Santos, Medearis Lloyd, Montez Juan, Mora Jose, McKay Fred, Muñoz Mariano, Mora Alfredo, Nieto Miguel, Norris Alonso, Oliva Ramon, Ontivero Vicente, Olson G. R., Bansur Julio, Padia Cristobal, Paxton W., Presas Jesus, Peña Jesus, Quintanilla Luis, Quiroz Jesus, Quiroga Vicente, Polakson P. P., Post Jesse, Purcell E. E., Pagoria Frances, Reanis Carl, Rangel Eusebio, Ramirez Lucas, Rבלondo Antonio, Robertson G. L., Slaughter Albert, Sancedo Cruz, Solis Gabriel, Pispense S., San Eduardo 1012, Sanchez Augustin, Sanchez J. C., Sanchez Luz, Salas Jose, Yully M. J., Toro Florencio, Trujillo Mariano, Torrey A. H., Thomson John, Tilley Anzil, Thieles O. A., Tellez Norberto, Vazquez Manuel Villareal Jose, Yvera Crescencio, Zamora Guadalupe, Zapata Maximiano, Kapata Pedro.
LADIES
Arispe Candelaria, Avila Martina, Arambula Dioncia, Alvarado Dolores, Alvarez Habana, Alvarado Margarita, Pags Juana E., Camona Juanita, Cepeda Juana, Chavez Juana, Campos Leonarda, Cravin Tressie, Carranza Otilia, Castro Guadalupe, Dominguez Virginia, Fernandez Miss, Garza Mae de la, Granado Valentina, Hernandez M. M., Lozano Anita, Lopez Emilia, Gonzales Josefa, Gonzales Chona, Haynes J. H., Jones Frank, Juarez Cristina, Lewis Helen, Laguna Rosa, Martinez Benigna, Martinez Isaura, Martinez Josefa, Mata Natividad, Muñoz Lazara, Martinez Dolores, Martinez Enriqueta, Martinez Antonia, Martinez Tomasa, Mesa Carmen, Milled Nellie J., Montemayor Martina, Morales Cecilia, Ochoa Guillermo, Parra Inez R., Perez Rafaela, Perez Modesta, Palacios Florinda, Sauz Concepcion, Rangel Genoveva, Ramos Elena, Rodriguez Maria, Rendon Tomasita, Rodriguez Francisca, Rodriguez Sara, Rosa Jovita de la, Reynosa Rosa, Sepulveda Maria, Soto Basilia, Silva Marina, Treviño Leandra, Treviño Paula, Temple Orta, Villareal Panchita, Vera Ricardo, Villareal Gregoria, Villareal Berta Calles Crescencia.
These letters will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Aug. 21, 1916, if not delivered before. In calling for the above, please say "advertised," giving date of list.
J. N. WORSHAM,
Postmaster.
For Neat and Accurate Job Work ring up 42

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

AUGUST 16
1721—First issue of the New England Courant, published by James Franklin, a brother of Benjamin; it lived for six years.
1771—Americans defeated British at Bennington, Vt.
1792—First theatre, called the New Exhibition Room, opened sub rosa in Boston, a state statute prohibiting theatrical performances; two months after wards the sheriff appeared and arrested the actors on the stage.
1839—Lafayette, hero of the American Revolution, made marshal of France, the highest military honor in the gift of his country.
1861—President Lincoln forbade trading with the Confederate states.
1870—Battle of Vionville, Franco-Prussian War, with heavy losses on both sides.
1888—Destructive storms in Ontario and Quebec, with great loss of life and property.
1891—International Socialist Labor Congress opened at Brussels.
1911—General Leconte inaugurated as president of Haiti.
1915—Tropical storm on Texas coast, with hurricane and an immense sea wave, caused death of 200 people and loss of millions of property; Galveston saved from total destruction by its new sea-wall, one of the hugest engineering works in America.
1914—THE WAR:
Russians advance in East Prussia. Austrian battleship and three ironclads sunk by French fleet in the Adriatic. French and English fleet bombard Cattaro, Dalmatia. German ships fly over Paris. Six Japanese warships carrying troops sail for Kiao-Chau.
1915—THE WAR:
German plan in Frye case accepted by the United States. Battle of Riga between the Russian and German fleets in the Baltic, reported as a naval victory by the Russians, denied by Berlin.

IS A BOOSTER FOR LAREDO

Ex-Chief Remy of San Marcos Fire Department Likes This City and Loses No Opportunity to Boost It.

AUGUST 16
W. E. Remy, ex-chief of the San Marcos Fire Department, and who has come to Laredo two years in recession with the San Marcos reel racing team to participate in the Washington Birthday Celebration firemen's races, is here today, but is with the W. S. Knott Co. manufacturers of supplies and equipment for fire departments.
Mr. Remy says Laredo always looks good to him and that when he heard recently that the troops were to be removed from here on account of unsanitary conditions, he refuted the charge and readily assured those to whom he was talking that Laredo was one of the most sanitary places in Texas.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 80c. per month.

"JAMAICA" IS INNOVATION TO THE MANY SOLDIER BOYS

NO DOUBT MANY OF THEM WILL BE "ARRESTED" TONIGHT.

Martin Plaza, With Its Numerous Decorated Booths and Pretty Girls, Will Prove Drawing Card.

To many the Mexican bazaar to be held on the Martin Plaza this evening for the benefit of the Laredo Chapter of the Red Cross will be an innovation. It will be what is called a "jamaica." Now, you do not pronounce that the same as you would the island of that name, but by sounding it "ny-miker" you will give it the name intended by the Mexicans. People who are residents of the border section or wherever there is a Mexican population in a municipality are acquainted with the constituent features of a "jamaica," and hence an explanation for their benefit would be superfluous, but there are thousands of guardsmen here who are wondering what in the name of creation is on tap tonight.

A "jamaica" is likened somewhat to a fair. There are numerous decorated booths erected about a plaza. Refreshment stands here and there are intermingled among the numerous booths, but the main attraction of a "jamaica" are the numerous beautiful "senoritas" (young ladies) acting the roles of policemen, jailers, judges, etc., and right then and there every perambulating hombre on the ground who can escape the discerning eyes of his girl or his wife steals away and gets arrested by some beautiful young lady wandering about in quest of "culprits." Around the plaza there will be feminine policemen (not suffragettes, either) and they will "arrest" any one they choose. He is then taken to "jail" (a booth presided over by a senorita) and there held a few minutes. From there he goes before a judge, (another senorita) and as he faces the "inevitable dignitary" another fair young lady in the role of "attorney" appears and defends him. But the "culprit" is never acquitted without a "fine." The attorney gets a fine from you, the judge gets a fine from you.

If you are fined a dime by each and you have the change it costs you only 20 cents, but if you hand each a dollar from which to take out the sum you owe, it is a case of "goodnight, eagle." But, golly, there is lots of fun in being "arrested" and "jailed" and men actually wander right into the trap and pay their little fines and go away happy. And then, too, the "jamaica" tonight on Martin Plaza is for a most laudable purpose.

During the event this evening, music will be furnished by the Ninth Infantry Band, a patriotic address will be made by Mrs. Seth Barton French, personal representative of Secretary of War Baker, and there will be levies of beautiful and bewitching young ladies acting the various official roles. Besides there will be refreshment stands, where you can take your mother-in-laws and other loved ones and "set em up" and thereby also help the good cause. An admission of five cents to the plaza will be charged—the main "charge" against you will be made before you make your exit therefrom.

OFFICE DEPARTMENT QUARTERMASTER, Fort Sam Houston, Texas. Scaled proposals will be received here until 11:00 a. m., August 31, 1916, for furnishing gasoline, for Department stations and camps, during the period beginning Oct. 1, 1916, and ending December 31, 1916. Information furnished upon application.

CONFERRED WITH GEN. MANN.

Treasurer-General of Carranza Government Visited Laredo Yesterday and Met Commander at Laredo.

Yesterday, while sojourning in this city, Neforzo Zambrano, the treasurer-general of the de facto government of Mexico went out to brigade headquarters at Fort McIntosh and paid his respects to Brigadier General Mann. The two conferred on matters broached by Mr. Zambrano but what these were the officers at the brigade headquarters are reticent about and queries only elicited the laconic reply, "It was only regarding existing conditions."

Yesterday morning Treasurer Zambrano is said to have paid \$44,000 down on a shipment of twenty-two passenger coaches for the Constitutional line of Mexico which arrived here a few days ago from the East and which were crossed to Nuevo Laredo yesterday after the money was paid. That was the real object of Zambrano's visit to Northern Mexico. He incidentally paid some indebtedness due to the Carranza government in Nuevo Laredo, and while there he decided that he would cross the boundary line and have a little chat with Brigadier General Mann.

Look Good—Feel Good.

Nt one can either feel good nor look good while suffering from constipation. Get rid of that tired, draggy, lifeless feeling by a treatment of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Buy a box today, take one or two pills tonight. In the morning that stuffed, dull feeling is gone and you feel better at once. 25c. at your druggist.

Almost Anybody
can make a cup of coffee, but there are said to be not over a dozen restaurants in the United States where they make it right—SHORTY is one of the few. He has the secret—He makes it right. Try a cup at SHORTY'S.
8-9-tf.

LITTLE LOCALS

—Mrs. Seth Barton French will speak tomorrow night at Elks Hall on "Red Cross Work Done by Americans Abroad."

—Mannuel Cruz is preparing to open a first-class dry goods store in the new Wilcox building on Lincoln street about September 1. Mr. Cruz will leave for the Eastern markets in a day or two to select his stock of goods, and in the meantime his quarters will be supplied with shelves, etc.

—First \$55.00 will buy a fine piano; original cost \$600. Laredo Furniture Exchange 1213 Hidalgo St. 8-5-tf.

—In behalf of Laredo Chapter Red Cross, Mrs. Seth Barton French will speak at Elks Hall tomorrow night. Admission free.

—There will be a band concert by the Ninth Infantry Band on Jarvis Plaza tomorrow night, when a fine program of selections will be rendered. This evening the Ninth Infantry Band will furnish the music during the "jamaica."

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg. Times office. 16-11-tf.

The brigade review held at Fort McIntosh yesterday evening was an event that attracted much attention from those who saw the 2,000 men pass in review of Brigadier General Mann. Put when that division review, with 10,000 men in line is pulled off some people's eyes will bulge from their sockets. And that review will be held within a short time, it is said.

—The public is invited to hear Mrs. Seth Barton French at Elks Hall tomorrow night. She will speak on the work done by Americans in the European war zone.

—For self starter work see Yenny at the Citizens Garage. 6-26-tf.

—The "Jamaica" given under the auspices of and for the benefit of the Red Cross on Martin Plaza this evening will draw an immense crowd. An admission of five cents will be charged to the plaza, and the fact that it is a mere nickel means that standing room will be as much as a premium as though it was gratis.

—The Laredo Retail Merchants' Association are arranging for a "get-together meeting" and smoker to be held on the evening of August 25. The "orators" for the occasion are being assigned subjects and eloquence, Rio Grande water and pepper sauce will flow abundantly on that eventful evening.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf (Adv.)

—All should hear Mrs. Seth Barton French tell of what Americans have accomplished in European relief work. At Elks Hall tomorrow night.

—Work on the two buildings being erected on the south side of the city hall is progressing fast and the walls of both structures are being reared. The mayor states that he has more demands for space in the new buildings than can be supplied. Those who get locations in the new buildings are indeed fortunate.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-tf (Adv.)

—Born:—Sunday, August 13th, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cooper, a fine boy. —The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Gregorio Peña and Elvira Cavazos, Chester O. Berry and Feliz Castillo, Jose Gallegos and Guadalupe Ramos.

—The importations through this port from Mexico yesterday consisted of sixteen carloads of calamine and one carload of bones.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-tf.

—A shipment consisting of sixteen carloads of sacked corn which arrived here yesterday afternoon from North Texas left Nuevo Laredo this morning for Monterey, where it will be used in relieving distress among the poor, who, it is said, will be supplied corn practically at cost.

Cure for Cholera Morbus.
"When our little boy, now seven years old, was a baby he was cured of cholera morbus by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Mrs. Sidney Simmons, Fair Haven, N. Y. "Since then other members of my family have used this valuable medicine for colic and bowel troubles with good satisfaction and I gladly endorse it as a remedy of exceptional merit." Obtainable everywhere.

APPLE SHIPPERS IN SESSION.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Several hundred men who deal in apple, members of the International Apple Shippers' association, are attending the annual convention of the association, which met in this city today for a three-day session. Many sections of the United States and Canada are represented. The new standard barrel law and various matters relative to transportation, refrigeration, exportation, etc., are scheduled to receive the attention of the convention.

The Best Laxative.
To keep the bowels regular the best laxative is outdoor exercise. Drink a full glass of water half an hour before breakfast and eat an abundance of fruit and vegetables, also establish a regular habit and be sure that your bowels move once each day. When a medicine is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are pleasant to take and mild and gentle in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

THE LAREDO TIMES

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From Monday's Daily.

THE ILLITERATE VOTE.

Every time the question of making a literacy test part of the requirements for the admission of immigrants comes up, there is some politician sure to come up at the same time with the statement that Lincoln's mother couldn't read or write, and that there are many thousands of our noble citizens who are laboring under the same disadvantage, and that for his part, "rather than disfranchise a single one of these American citizens," etc., etc.

Even should there be a literacy qualification for the right to vote—and it is the earnest belief of many people that there should be—there would be no reason for disfranchising those who have already voted. The young men of today have not the slightest excuse for being illiterate, even though their parents and grandparents had not the school privileges that are so common today, and the immigrants who come to this country are of little value to us if they cannot read or write.

As soon as the present conflict in Europe will permit, we shall be confronted with a new problem in immigration, that of finding room for millions of the downtrodden peasantry of the Old World. It is to our interest to pick and choose when we admit those people. We already have a restriction against those who are criminals, cripples, mentally incompetent or liable to become a public burden through other causes. And the man who is not able to read and write, even his own language, much less the new one which he will be forced to learn in order to make a living, has a worse handicap than that of being crippled or poor.

There has not been a single reason advanced for the defeat of the literacy test which will hold water. To state that merely because some people have risen to positions of ease and despite their illiteracy is to set at naught our own educational system. If one argues that education is of minor importance in gaining a living or in becoming useful to the community or state, that why do we go to the trouble and expense of building schoolhouses and hiring teachers?

We already have too many millions of the incompetent, ignorant day laborers in this country; men who are led by the nose for the greater advantage of the scheming crook and padrone; men who do not know what to say when asked their names or their nationality, and who are so ignorant that they are led by the first confidence man who comes along.

There is little room for the man who has no education, while the man who has fitted himself for the industrial or commercial struggle is fast forging to the front. Every ignorant immigrant is a menace to the industrial life of the country, and it is from the ranks of the illiterate that the scheming gang leaders receive recruits.

The various political conventions roundly protest against the introduction of this unwelcome topic, for the leaders know that a great percentage of the controllable vote comes from the illiterate class, and they do not want to destroy their source of supply.

When the election fraud cases come into the courts, it is found that the majority of those who sold their votes to the crooked politicians are of the illiterate class.

When the courts deal with crimes of violence, they find that the majority of the criminals are illiterate, and almost every crime, save that of forgery, is committed in the main by those who cannot read or write.

This does not mean to say that all illiterate people are possessed of criminal instincts, but those who have never learned to read or write are laboring under a great disadvantage, are which they confess in their eagerness to give their children an education. And the fact that they consider it a disadvantage is the best argument against perpetuating illiteracy through the admission of more of the wilfully ignorant class from Europe.

HOPE TO RESTORE ORDER.

The statement that the hope of the administration is to so restore order on the border that the officers and men of the various National Guard regiments may soon be withdrawn will strike many as being rather contradictory.

The presence of the soldiers on the border has tended to restore order, as all who live here can testify. But the order that they are responsible for is only due to their presence, and not to any moral effect which their mobilization has effected.

As soon as the troops are withdrawn, the lawless Mexican will again begin their raids and they will not doubt accept the withdrawal of the forces as a confession that we are not willing to enforce our demands, but are merely making a bluff.

Not until the Mexican bandits have been so completely defeated (or wiped out) as to convince them that it is dangerous to meddle with us will there be any certainty of peace on the border. All that is now holding them back is the presence of a sufficiently large force to prevent their incursions.

At the same time, the Guardsmen are naturally chafing under the conditions which tie them for an indefinite period to border duty. They want to either cross the border and settle the whole difficulty or else return home.

It is estimated that with the new forces ordered to the border we shall have 175,000 men doing actual border duty, which force includes Pershing's expeditionary forces within the territorial limits of Mexico.

It is a sad commentary on conditions in our neighboring republic that practically the entire mobile force of the American army must be concentrated on the border to prevent murderous incursions of a comparatively small number of Mexicans.

The claim of the Carranza faction that the de facto government is perfectly able to handle the situation is proof that the Carrancistas are not willing to guard the border. If the Carranza forces are as strong as we are asked to believe, they are surely derelict in their duty toward a friendly nation.

The trouble is that the bulk of the Carranza forces are actively employed in putting down uprisings in various parts of the country, in levying and collecting forced loans, in terrorizing the hostile population in districts where the fear of Carranza needs daily impulse, and in guarding the various centers against the incursions of the very bandits whose destruction is the aim of our punitive expedition and whom the Carrancistas have prevented us from destroying.

The garrisons in the border towns are weak in numbers because of the faith of the de facto government in our desire and our ability to prevent incursions into Mexico from our territory. They are poorly armed and poorly disciplined. They feel a complete confidence in our government as to the prevention of filibustering expeditions, and a contempt for our childish faith in their promises of active co-operation.

It may be accepted as a settled fact that the withdrawal of the troops from the border would result in a return of the old raids and murders and robberies. The presence of the troops has had a salutary effect, it is true, but it has not changed the hearts of the raiders. They are merely following the maxim: "If you cannot be good, be careful."

Eventually there will be intervention. It probably will not come through any act on the part of the United States government. It most likely will not come through any act of the United States soldiers. But conditions are such that there can be no satisfactory settlement of the present difficulties in any other way. And the Mexicans who are disposed toward war are chafing just as much at the delay as are the American forces on the border. And they are immeasurably less restrained.

The celebrated Shreveport rate case is settled in favor of the Louisiana city, and no more will we hear of it. No, Pauline, it had nothing to do with rates on liquor shipped into that prohibition town.

The fact that the present congress has appropriated ten times as much for the army as for agriculture need not discourage the farmers. The latter can raise what they eat, while the soldiers can't support them selves.

Twenty-five thousand more troops sent to the border is proof that the Mexican question is being settled.

HERO OF THE WEST FRONT



An official photograph showing one of the heroes of the British trenches bringing in the wounded from one of the trenches. This man, who brought in 20 men in the manner in which he is seen carrying the one from the trenches, was under fire during the entire time of his meritorious work.

Serious.

"They may make up again, but I doubt it."
"Why so?"
"They've just exchanged the female 'short and ugly' words."

"And what are they?"
"Trump and 'cat.'"

Artesian

MFG. AND BOTTLING CO.

Waco Tex. U.S.A.

"Made in America"

Good at the Cafes
Good in the Home
or in the Hospital

We give special attention
to Government Orders

The Worlds Best Ginger-Ale.

NOTABLE BIRTHDAYS TODAY.

AUGUST 14

Bion J. Arnold, famous engineer and street railway expert, lately called by the Massachusetts Public Service Commission to solve its street railway problem, is 55 years old today. Mr. Arnold is a native of Michigan and was educated at Cornell. His brilliant professional service, the early part of which was performed in the Middle West, has made him a national figure. In the great tasks of the city of Chicago, in adjusting its methods of constructing railway terminals, and handling traction problems, in the electrification of the St. Clair tunnel under the Detroit River, and in the transformation of the New York Central railroad terminal in New York City, he has played a large part. The Wisconsin State Railway Commission, the city of Chicago, the public service commission of the first district of New York, and many cities of the United States and Canada have called him in as an adviser when large sums were to be spent on public improvements.

Liver Trouble.

"I am bothered with liver trouble about twice a year," writes Joe Dingman, Webster City, Iowa. "I have pains in my side and back and an awful soreness in my stomach. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and tried them. By the time I had used half a bottle of them I was feeling fine and had no signs of pain." Obtainable everywhere.

Just as Willard's victory is proof that his grandmother was a white hope.

Not to be outdone by the upstart Americans, the Roumanians are now having powder factory explosions in one of which one hundred and fifteen people were killed. We don't know whether this is an allied victory or a triumph for the Teutons—yet.

For Neat and Accurate Job Work
Ring up 48.

VOICE OF TEXAS.

A Game Editor.

I'll bet a year's subscription to the Harpoon against a silver dollar that Woodrow Wilson is our next president. Send me the dollar and I will start the Harpoon to your address. If Wilson is defeated, I will return your dollar and complete the year's subscription. Only Republicans, who are going to vote against Wilson will be accepted on this wager. If you are game, come across. You can't possibly lose, for the paper is worth twice the money—Harpoon.

Poorly Paid Employment.

An inmate of the Kansas penitentiary, who ought to be a prisoner in a statistical bureau, has satisfied himself by diligent inquiry and study that \$49 is the average haul of the thief, highwayman, embezzler or other variety of thief, and that the owner gets back, on an average, \$31 of this. The thief clears, on an average, \$18, which is \$6 a year for the three years he will, on an average, spend in the penitentiary—Beaumont Journal.

The thief doesn't clear even as much as the imprisoned statistician estimates. The lawyers' fees and the extra expense necessitated in flight, or in the way of hush money, consume all that the most industrious thief can lay his hands on. Did you ever hear of a thief who went to prison with money in his pockets? Even the embezzlers, the men who tap the cash boxes over which they preside, rarely have a dollar left after they have met their extraordinary expenses. The yeomen die poor, usually in prison, the big robbers, like those who last week grabbed \$23,000 in Detroit, have to spend their ill-gotten gains in devious ways to avoid suspicion until finally they are apprehended. A criminal career is a fool's career. The lawless man hasn't much sense. Being a fool is one of the reasons why he thinks he can steal and "get away with it." If, young man, you are inclined to be a thief, ask yourself candidly if you think you are right bright. If you decide that you have tolerably good sense, and can prove it, you won't steal.—Galveston News.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

AUGUST 14

1775—Boston's celebrated Tree of Liberty, planted in 1656, consecrated by hanging from it the effigies of British legislators responsible for the Stamp Act and by affixing a commemorative tablet. The tree was cut down by the British in 1785.

1814—Prince Christian of Norway resigned his pretensions to the crown of Norway after severe defeats of his armies by the Swedes, and his resignation was followed by the union of Norway and Sweden.

1846—General Kearney took possession of the town of Vegas, New Mexico, and prepared to march on Santa Fe.

1861—President Jefferson Davis of the Confederacy gave all residents of the confederate states forty days to acknowledge the sovereignty of the new government or leave its territory.

1870—French defeated by the Prussians at Coulmelle, near Metz.

1887—Prince Ferdinand of Saxony-Coburg formally declared ruler of Bulgaria.

1904—Russian squadron defeated by the Japanese at Vladivostok.

1910—International Exposition at Brussels badly damaged by fire.

1914—THE WAR: Germans begin the use of poisonous gases to overcome the heroic defense of the Belgians at Liege. French invade German Lorraine. British land force of 60,000 in France.

1915—THE WAR: British transport Royal Edward sunk by German submarine in the Aegean Sea. Mr. Stein had. Foster Milburn Co., nearly 1000 troops and crew being reported lost.

Constipation is the starting point for many serious diseases. To be healthy keep the bowels active and regular. HERBINE will remove all accumulations in the bowels and put the system in prime condition. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

LAREDO TAKES FIRST GAME FROM THE NINTH INFANTRY

INITIAL GAME OF NEW LEAGUE PLAYED SUNDAY AFTERNOON

Nearly Two Thousand Enthusiastic Fans Were on Hand to Witness Opening Game of the New League

Before a crowd of enthusiastic baseball fans estimated at from 1,500 to 1,800 militiamen, regular soldiers and citizens, the season of the "Laredo District League," composed of seven military teams and one civilian team, and which was organized last week, was formally opened, with the "Laredos" and the Ninth Infantry as the opposing teams.

The game was full of pep and ginger from the time play was called, and the many brilliant features with which it was replete elicited interest from everybody present who thoroughly understood the national game. Every player on both sides was on his mettle and put forth his best efforts to hold down the score of his opponents and annex runs for his team. This kind of interest intitled into the contest from the offset was maintained until the final batter was out at the end of the ninth sashay.

Jones for the Laredos pitched a good game and received excellent support, and though he was found for six hits, one of them a three-bagger, he was at himself in the pinches, and with his team mates playing close to him the Laredo boys were not in danger at any time. Bates for the Ninth Infantry was there with the goods also, and but for the crucial seventh, when the Laredo boys found him for 4 runs and the pyrotechnics were at their height, the game would have been much closer. The Ninth Infantry annexed their only run in the second inning, when Ungry, the soldiers' slugger and hit-getter, brought a runner home. After that Jones tightened down and held the soldiers safe. Laredo took the lead on the scoreboard from the outset, when one run was scored, and again they brought home a runner in the second, fourth and sixth sashays and four of them in the seventh. The eighth and ninth innings on both sides were devoid of run getting and a swift and gingery game was played.

The following is the official score of the game:

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
9th Infantry	4	0	0	1	0	0
Kendrick, rf	3	0	1	3	2	0
Dowd, 3b	3	0	0	1	0	1
Bell, ss	3	0	0	1	0	1
Bowman, ss	1	0	0	1	0	0
Smith, 1b	4	0	1	1	0	0
Ungry, c	4	1	3	5	4	0
Dougherty, 2b	4	0	0	0	3	0
Minkler, cf	3	0	1	1	0	0
Swanz, lf	3	0	0	0	4	0
Bates, p	3	0	0	0	4	0

Total.....32 1 6 27 13 1

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
Laredo	4	1	0	1	1	0
Haplin, 3b	2	0	1	3	0	0
Pierce, cf	4	2	1	1	0	0
Richter, cf	4	2	1	1	0	0
Crumpler, rf	4	0	2	3	1	0
Gonzales, c, 2b	2	1	1	3	1	0
Waite, c	2	1	0	1	2	0
Tomas, 2b	3	1	1	0	2	1
Cullinan, ss	4	1	1	0	2	1
Burbank, lf	4	1	1	0	2	0
Samuel, 1b	3	0	1	0	0	0
Jones, p	3	0	1	2	3	1

Total.....32 8 16 27 11 2

9th Infantry 010 000 000—1
Laredo 110 101 400—8

Summary: 2 base hit, Waite, Ungry, stolen bases, Kendrick 1, Ungry 2, Pierce 1, Crumpler 1, Waite 1, Cullinan 2, bases on balls off Bates 2, Jones 2, struck out by Bates 7, Jones 5. Umpires Mormas and Mendola.

The second game of the League will be played on Thursday afternoon, but the teams which will play have not yet been announced. Following the Thursday game there will be another on Saturday, with a double-header next Sunday afternoon.

Sallow complexion comes from bilious impurities in the blood and the fault lies with the liver and bowels; they are torpid. The medicine that gives results in such cases is HERBINE. It is a fine liver stimulant and bowel regulator. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

OFFICE DEPARTMENT QUARTERMASTER, Fort Sam Houston, Texas. Sealed proposals will be received here until 11:00 a. m. August 16, 1916, for furnishing gasoline, forage and bedding required at Southern Department posts, during the period beginning Oct. 1, 1916, and ending June 30, 1917.

Information furnished upon application.

A SAFE TEST.

For those who are in need of a remedy for kidney troubles and backache, it is a good plan to try Doan's Kidney Pills. They are strongly recommended by Laredo people.

J. C. Stein, barber, 1620 Lincoln St., Laredo, says: "Some time ago I came down with a severe backache. It hurt me to stoop over and then stralshoen up. My kidneys acted too frequently and I was obliged to get up five or six times during the night. I had heard Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, so I started using them. Two boxes entirely removed the trouble and I have not been bothered since."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Stein had. Foster Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Kidney and Bladder Pills in Red and Gold tins. Take no other. Box of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS. 25 years known as Best. Safest. Always Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

LITTLE LOCALS

—The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Francisco Cornejo and Francisca Villareal.

—First \$85.00 will buy a fine piano; original cost \$600. Laredo Furniture Exchange 1213 Hidalgo St. 8-5-tf.

—There is nothing in a name." Mrs. Seth Barton French is a member of the French Red Cross, which she helped organize in the French metropolis, is a sympathizer of the French in the present European war, but in nationality she is not French, but a thorough American woman loyal to the grand old United States.

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office. 10-11-tf.

—Yesterday and today eight more additional members of the Blalock colony which had been "hid out" in the mountains of Chamal, Mexico, arrived in Laredo and are being looked after by United States Consul Garrett. They will remain here a while and then proceed to their former homes in North Texas. They bring the same stories of hardships and privations told by former arrivals.

—For self starter work see Yeary at the Citizens Garage. 6-26-tf.

—The concerts given on the Jarvis Plaza Saturday night by the Second Maine Band and on last night by the Second Missouri Band attracted large and appreciative crowds. Last night, however, was the largest crowd, as the plaza was literally jammed with the irresistible paraders, while the soldiers from the camps stood by and watched the antics with amusement.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf (Adv.)

—The benefit entertainment for the Red Cross to be given at the Ursuline Convent Auditorium on the evening of August 23 promises to attract the largest crowd ever gathered within the spacious auditorium. The program of entertainment will be varied and contain many interesting features, including vaudeville specialties by militiamen, etc.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-tf. (Adv.)

—The "Jamaica" or Mexican bazaar to be held on the Martin Plaza on Wednesday night as a benefit for the American Red Cross will prove a novelty to the thousands of militiamen here from Missouri, Maine, and New Hampshire, and no doubt a number of the soldiers will wander right into the path of the "policemen" just to get "arrested" and "fined."

—An inspiring sight to the eyes of a civilian was presented at the Y. M. C. A. at Camp Missouri last night when that spacious building was filled with soldiers and a service was being conducted by one of the regimental chaplains. The orderly manner in which the young men of the militia conduct themselves is an example that might well be emulated by others.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-tf.

—The office of Major Rockenback, the district quartermaster of the army, which is located in one of the Little buildings on Victoria street, is one of the busiest places these days in Laredo. The quartermaster and his clerical force is kept busy from early morning until late afternoon. Adjoining Major Rockenback's offices are those of the paymaster.

If you sit in a cool draft when you are heated and get a stiff neck or lame back, you will be looking for something that will ease the pain. Fix your mind on BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT and don't be talked out of it because it is the best pain relieving liniment you can get anywhere. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x

Let Well Enough Alone. According to Republican candidate Hughes, right now we ought to be taking pot shots at Mexicans and war with Germany. For one, we are perfectly satisfied to let well enough alone, and vote solidly for a continuation of the Wilson regime, and meantime, take 14 1-2 or better for our cotton.—San Marcos Times.

OLD I.W. HARPER WHISKEY

"Tall Oaks From Little Acorns Grow"

Fifty years ago I.W. HARPER was but little known outside the Old Kentucky State. Today its fame is world-wide. You find it everywhere.

SOLD HERE BY MOSER'S STORE J. J. CZAR

Subscribe for THE TIMES—50 cts. per month.

LOOKING OVER HOSPITALS

IS MISSION OF MRS. FRENCH

MEMBER OF FRENCH RED CROSS
AND ORGANIZED AMBULANCEGave Interview to Times Reporter
This Morning in Which She Told
About Mission to This Place.

Mrs. Seth Barton French, of New York, the personal representative of Secretary of War Baker, who arrived in Laredo several days ago on a mission of importance and is still in the city, is a very busy woman, but this morning the Times reporter found her temporarily at leisure at the Bender hotel and sought an interview, which was accorded in a most gracious manner.

Asked as to her mission here, Mrs. Barton said: "I come here as the representative of the secretary of war and the specific purpose for which I have been sent is to investigate into the conditions of base and border hospitals. At the time that the European war started I was in France and later was instrumental in the organization of the French Red Cross. I am a member of that order and have been doing active work in field hospitals, and when the threatened crisis between my country and Mexico seemed imminent I decided to ask for a leave of absence and come back to the United States and offer my services to my country." "I need be," I secured leave from the French government and upon arrival in the United States was asked by Secretary of War Baker to do the work that now brings me to the Texas border.

"I have no doubt but that if anything should happen wherein Laredo serve the United States the French government would very readily extend my leave. I have had over two years of actual experience in nursing in the French hospital corps and am acquainted with all the requirements and essentials of a field or base hospital, and it was for this reason that Secretary of War Baker asked me to come to the Texas border and personally observe and investigate conditions as they are found."

"But while you are here," put in the reporter, "will you not observe and personally investigate other matters that might be of interest to the war department?"

"Yes, incidentally," replied Mrs. French. "I will look over the entire situation here and discern things from the angle at which I observe them. Perhaps you are referring to the camp sites and general conditions surrounding the soldiers in Laredo. I am most favorably impressed with the ideal camping grounds and the sanitary surroundings of the camp, and all the soldier boys appear happy and contented here. Mrs. Alice McKay Kelly, who is here on a mission different from that which brought me, and myself, delivered two addresses to the militiamen at Camp Missouri and will talk there again this evening beginning at 8 o'clock. My subject tonight will be 'The Spirit of the Soldier and Fighting Man as I Have Known Him!'"

Mrs. French is a most interesting talker and has a way that impresses one with her sincerity and real patriotic motives. After the organization of the French Red Cross in Paris she organized the American Ambulance Corps at Neuilly, and that department of the French army is today doing a most laudable work on the fields of battle. Mrs. French said this morning that the Mexican situation is a most interesting one to her and she lets no opportunity slip by where she can be personally enlightened on conditions.

"You people here in Laredo understand the situation," she said, "and before I leave I am going to learn a whole lot of good, reliable and valuable information from the army officers and citizens here." Mrs. French will be here several days yet and will go from Laredo to San Antonio and thence to the camps in the Brownsville country.

SUNDAY AT MILITIA CAMPS

One Regiment Hiked to Target Range
and Others Spent Day in Various
Ways, Mostly in the City.

An uneventful Sunday was passed by the Missouri and New Hampshire national guardsmen in their camps here. There was a variation of ways in which the militia boys whiled away the time—some coming to the city and spending the day, others going to the nearby country to shoot jack rabbits and others putting in their time in various ways.

At 8 o'clock in the morning the First Missouri regiment was gotten under way and started their hike for the target range, while many others spent the morning partly at divine worship or perambulating about the city. In the afternoon Jarvis Plaza was the lounging place for about a thousand soldiers and last night—well, they swarmed like flies on the plaza for the band concert, while the moving picture shows were also crowded to their utmost capacities with militiamen. The soldiers all found a way to "kill time" on Sundays.

Why Endure Summer Colds?

It isn't necessary to have a stuffy head, running nose. To cough your head off as it were. All you need do is to use Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. The soothing and healing balsams open the clogged air passages and in a short time you get relief and start on the road to recovery. Your nose stops running, you cough less and you know you are getting better. Get a bottle, use as directed. Keep what is left as a cough and cold insurance.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

HAVING TARGET PRACTICE
FOR NATIONAL GUARDSMENMISSOURI NOTIONAL GUARD ON
THE TARGET RANGE.Will Spend Four Days on the Range
and Then Back Here, When Place
be Taken by More Soldiers.

Target practice and endurance hikes are now the order of the day with the militia regiments stationed in the northern part of Laredo, and it is said that from now henceforward the boys from Missouri and New Hampshire will be given plenty of "shooting" and plenty of "drilling." Long hikes have been customary for the past few weeks and each morning one or the other of the regiments takes a long hike, while the others take a shorter one. The long hikes are from ten to fifteen miles, while the "short hikes" are of about six miles.

Yesterday morning at 8 o'clock, the First Missouri Infantry Regiment, Donnelly commanding, accompanied by their wagon trains, left Camp Missouri bound for the government target range seven miles east of the city, there to remain until Friday morning, when they will hike back to their camp here. Target practice will be conducted under the supervision of officers of the regular army detailed for that purpose. Some of the militia boys are very inefficient when it comes to handling army rifles or other firearms. It is said, and hence that necessity of acquainting them with the mechanism of the weapons and how to attain good marksmanship.

The First Missouri Regiment will put in four full days of target practice and immediately upon their return another of the Missouri regiments, probably the Second, will take their places. The regulars have been putting in time at target practice up to last Friday and have now practically completed their work in that line for the year and the rest of the time will be devoted to "rounding in" the militia men and making them adepts with the rifles now used by the United States army. However, all the militia boys are said to be looking forward with great pleasure to the opportunity to be given them to make marksmanship records, for while there are some unacquainted with the rifle, there are others who are said to have good records as efficient marksmen.

Hello Bill!

Regular meeting tonight of Laredo Lodge No. 1018 B. P. O. E. Don't fail to attend, as business of importance will be transacted.

G. R. WEBER, Secretary.

CHALLENGE IS ACCEPTED.

At The Times: I am the claimant of the light-weight wrestling championship of Texas and will accept the challenge of Mr. Hoffman or anyone in the world for straight matches at 135 pounds; handicaps over that weight.

M. R. RAYMOND.

HAVE SECURED DISCHARGES

About One Hundred of the Missouri
Guardsmen Have Taken Advantage
of the Dependancy Act.

According to reliable information given the Times, quite a number of the Missouri guardsmen, including a number of miners who have families dependent on them for a living, and who can not be supported on the allowance of \$15 per month made them as privates, have secured their discharges from the service and gone back to their home towns to resume their former vocations.

It is said that quite a few others are expecting to go home, as they have made application for discharge to the adjutant of the Southern Department and expect to take their departure as soon as favorable action is had.

LIEUTS. ENTER REULGARS

Quite a Number of the Missouri, New
Hampshire and Maine Guardsmen
Take Advantage of Opportunity.

It is reported that of the seventy-four second lieutenants stationed here with the Missouri, Maine and New Hampshire regiments and units fully fifty have made application for transfer to the regular army in accordance with the offer made second lieutenants of militia organizations to enter the regular service.

Many of the officers of the militia are wealthy men and engaged in business in their home towns, but there are others who would prefer to accept the offer made by the war department to induct second lieutenants into the regular army and allow them to retain their commission as such. It is said a number of first sergeants and other sergeants will stand examinations for second lieutenants.

The Best Laxative.

To keep the bowels regular the best laxative is outdoor exercise. Drink a full glass of water half an hour before breakfast and eat an abundance of fruit and vegetables, also establish a regular habit and be sure that your bowels move once each day. When a medicine is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are pleasant to take and mild and gentle in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

An Apology.

Inadvertently there was omitted from the church notices in Saturday's issue the notice of the Christian Science services, held yesterday at 1010 Juarez avenue. It is a regrettable oversight, which will be prevented in the future. The notice also should have read: Reading room same address open week days from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor . . . Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Monday.

Red Cross Sewing Circle
B met with Mrs. G. C. Woodman at ten o'clock in the morning.

Tuesday.

Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will hold its regular meeting at the Masonic Hall at eight o'clock in the evening.
Ladies Night at the Ninth Infantry Club.

Just a little lad but nine years old. O-h, he has the valor of a Viking bold!

Here's a "toast acrostic" written to his name.
Now drink it down (in water)
"honor, wealth and fame."

Look at the example he sets before the men.
O-h, it takes a rustler and a hustler to win.

M-many more have striven, but fallen beside the way.

A-business or a city can't be builded in a day.

'X-celsior! 'X-celsior! The victor oft must say.

Just a little lad but nine years old. R-eaching things maturity falls often to unfold.

—Selected.

General Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. Enrique Benavides and Misses Francisca and Ofelia Garcia returned home yesterday from Corpus Christi, where they spent several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Johnston left on Saturday for San Antonio to spend two weeks with relatives.

Mrs. M. T. Cogley left yesterday for Corpus Christi to join Mrs. S. M. Barlow and children.

Mr. Amador Garcia went to the ranch this morning.

Mr. T. A. Austin of Laredo is a guest at the St. Anthony.—San Antonio Express.

Mr. and Mrs. Mathews of Minera entertained on Saturday evening with a dance, and a breakfast yesterday morning, in honor of their daughter, Miss Hannah Mathews. Those who enjoyed the delightful hospitality from Laredo were: Mr. and Mrs. Graham, Misses Helen and Margaret MacGregor, and Furney Muller.

Mr. J. O. Buenz and son Ernest returned home yesterday.

Mrs. A. Poggenpohn went to San Antonio yesterday for a two days stay.

Mr. M. A. Sundusky of San Antonio spent the day in Laredo yesterday, and returned last night.

Lieutenant Montgomery of the Coast Artillery at Fort McIntosh will leave on Saturday for the Philippine Islands.

Club Notes.

The I. E. G. T. Club held its regular weekly meeting on Saturday afternoon, at the home of Mrs. Oliver Ulmer. After a pleasant social hour the hostess served delicious ice cream and cake to the members present.

The Christian Endeavor Society held its regular weekly meeting at

PERSONALS

A. J. Ayers of Hebbroville is a visitor in the city.

J. M. Garcia and family returned yesterday from a short visit to their ranch at Torrecillas.

BENDER:—Mrs. Etta H. McDonald, Libana, Mo.; Russell Houston, Hebbroville; D. P. Connel, E. G. English, Mexico; Geo. S. Ribb, Monterey; Mr. Symas, San Antonio; Mrs. Fortine, Houston; R. W. Morning, Tampico; Frank Jones, H. U. Shup-trian, St. Louis, Mo.; E. M. Lewis, San Antonio; P. A. Lincoham, Marshall; A. A. Katten, New Orleans; Albert G. Brown, V. A. Hartmiller, M. M. Smith, St. Louis, Mo.; L. B. Cornelli, San Antonio; L. F. Wilson, Chicago; A. M. Relemburg, Dallas.

A Hacking Cough Weakens The System.

Don't suffer with a hacking cough that has weakened your system—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, in use over 40 years, and benefiting all who use it, the soothing pine balsam with tar heal the irritated air passages—soothe the raw spots, loosen the mucous and prevents racking the body with coughing. Dr. King's New Discovery induces natural sleep and aids nature to cure you.

The Christian church last evening. The leader was Mr. Chamberlain and the subject of the lesson was "True Beauty." There were a number of interesting talks, by the different members. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Potts, Mr. and Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Yost, Mr. and Mrs. Ritter; Misses Mercer, Beaman, Cline, Potts, and Messrs. Baird, Chamberlain, Kirksey, Crosby, Collins, Halsay, Simpson, Abshear and George Potts.

Red Cross Notes.

The arrangements for the entertainment to be given on the 16th by the society matrons assisted by scores of pretty girls, dressed in fancy costumes, promises to be one of the most brilliant affairs of the summer. The Martin Plaza will be the place. The time will be seven o'clock, and the admission will be five cents. There will be many booths where refreshments of different kinds will be served at nominal prices. There will be music galore, and as it will be moonlight, it is to be hoped that everybody, both army and civilians, will turn out and help this cause.

Dancing-party.

Miss Willie Belle Brennan and Clyde Brennan entertained a large number of their friends on Saturday evening most delightfully with a lawn dance. After a pleasant fruit punch, cake and ice cream were served. Those present were: Misses Elsie Werner, Eva Scratchley, Polly Yates, Irene Leyendecker, Merciel Lake, Evelyn Ryan, Laura Taylor, Clifton Hill, Lalla Rookh Hill, Margaret Lutz, Ruth Netzer, Phillis Bunn, Cornelia Woodul, Katherine Brennan, Josephine Brewster, Bessie Barnett, Margaret Miller, Virginia Penn, Esther Penn, Cornelia Cline; and Masters Philip Moore, James Moore, Frank Davis, August Wormser, Clarence Jefferies, John Maher, Willie Lake, Frank Elstetter, Shelby and Lawrence DaCamara, Ted G'Sell, Carl Bergmann, Dave Slaughter, Sam Johnston, Jack Bell, James Richter, Horace Greenstreet, Arthur Werner, Hilion Cline, Victor Sauvignat and Hugh Yates.

Watch THE TIMES everyday, for
opportunities. 50c. per month.

HUGHES' SUCCESSOR ON SUPREME BENCH



John Hessin Clarke of Cleveland, O., nominated by President Wilson to be associate justice of the United States Supreme court, has been federal judge for the northern district of Ohio since 1914

NATION-WIDE RAILROAD STRIKE IS NOW
UP TO PRESIDENT WILSON TO SETTLE

Failure of Negotiations between the Managers and the Brotherhood Leaders Caused the Case to be Laid Before the President, and the Result is Expected to be Gratifying to Both Sides.

FRENCH CAPTURED
ENEMY'S TRENCHESITALIANS CONTINUED PRESSING
AUSTRIANS BACK AND
TOOK EIGHT HUNDRED MEN.

By Associated Press.

French troops captured some trenches on the left of the Fay-Ben-court road in the Somme sector last night, says a war office announcement from Paris. There is brisk cannonading near Maurepas. German attacks in the vicinity of Hill No. 304 and Fleury in the Verdun sector were repulsed. Italian troops continued yesterday pressing the Austrians back of the Carso plateau and east of Hill No. 212 pierced another strong line of hostile entrenchments. Eight hundred prisoners were captured by the Italians, the Rome statement says. Along the Galician front the Russian sweep continues unchecked. Petrograd states. The Austrians are being pursued by Russians who reached the northern bank of the Dniester before Mariampol. Attacking the British positions near Pozieres on the Somme front last night, the Germans gained a foothold temporarily in a portion of the trenches taken from them yesterday, the London war office admits today.

An Austro-Hungarian naval aeroplane squadron in the night of August 9 carried out a successful raid on a hostile battery at the mouth of the Isongo, according to the Austrian admiralty statement, which adds that several exact hits were made and that the machines returned safely.

Aid for Starving Syrians.

Washington, Aug. 14.—New representations to Turkey in behalf of the starving Syrians will be taken to Constantinople by Abraham I. Elkus, the new American minister to Turkey, who received final instructions today before his departure.

To Continue Parliament.

London, Aug. 14.—Premier Asquith today introduced a bill in the house of commons to extend the life of the present parliament until May.

Spanish-Austrian Conference.

Paris, Aug. 14.—Count Romanones, the Spanish premier, had a long conference Saturday with the Austrian ambassador, says a Havas despatch from San Sebastian. The conference was resumed Sunday and continued longer than the previous day.

NATIONAL ROQUE TOURNAMENT

Norwich, Conn., Aug. 14.—Roque players who have figured in previous tournaments, and many others with aspirations to win national honors, have gathered here to take part in the annual championship tournament of the National Roque Association. Several special events have been added to the program this year and the tournament promises to be one of more than usual interest to devotees of the sport.

THEN THE TIGER LEFT.

General Thomas H. Barry said on the reviewing stand during Chicago's preparedness parade:

"A parade 130,000 strong! A glorious spectacle! A spectacle meaning that we shall really prepare."

"A nation unprepared must bluff and is isn't every nation that can bluff like the Chinese jackass."

"The Chinese tell a story, you know, about a tiger that was led by a monkey to a field where a fat jackass was grazing."

"The tiger, who had never seen a jackass before, licked his chops, but the jackass looked up languidly at the monkey and said:

"Friend monkey, heretofore you have always brought me two tigers. How is it that you bring me only one today?"

"The bluff was so excellent that the tiger made off as fast as he could go."—Washington Star.

NOTICE.

To whom it may concern:—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing as EDUARDO CRUZ & BRO. was dissolved on the 8th inst., and that after said date the business will be continued by Eduardo Cruz who assumes all liabilities due by said firm and will conduct the business in his own name only.

EDUARDO CRUZ.

Laredo, Texas, August 11th, 1916.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Railroad managers and brotherhood leaders, deadlocked in negotiations which threaten a nation-wide railroad strike today laid the case before President Wilson. The brotherhoods committee saw the president at 10 o'clock and remained for two hours' conference. When they left the president announced that he would seek a common ground on which both sides could meet. A. B. Garretson of the conductors was spokesman for the brotherhood committees. He outlined the demands for an eight-hour day and time and a half for overtime and said the demands were fair. Mr. Wilson addressed the men, pointing out the disaster that would follow upon the strike, and insisted that an agreement be reached. It was said following the conference that no indication could be given of the progress of negotiations until the president say the managers.

The president, according to those attending the conference, showed a familiarity with the situation that surprised the men. "The president was most sympathetic," said one of the leaders, "and his surprising knowledge of the situation and of our position may result in an understanding." The president, it was said, submitted no counter proposition to the men, but held out for adjustment, by legislation if necessary. Another leader characterized the conference as "most encouraging."

EPIDEMIC TAKES NEW TURN.

By Associated Press.

New York, Aug. 14.—The infantile paralysis epidemic took a turn for the better today, 95 new cases being reported and 31 deaths.

LITTLE DAMAGE CAUSED.

By Associated Press.

Atlanta, Georgia, August 14.—Water let loose from Lake Toxaway when the dam broke last night and swept down the valley did not cause much damage and no casualties have been reported. The torrent was weakened by every outlet from the valley and by this morning the water had spent much of its force.

HARNESS RACING AT HALF-CENTURY MARK.

New York, Aug. 14.—With more than a thousand trotting meetings scheduled throughout the country for the present season it is difficult for those not acquainted with the facts to realize that the beginning of trotting meetings dates back only half a century. It is a matter of record, however, that the first big harness meeting ever held in the United States or elsewhere was opened at Buffalo just fifty years ago today. The meeting caused a great stir among the followers of trotting all over the country, especially when it was announced that \$12,000 in purses would be distributed. Up to that time practically all the best horses met only in match races or in special contests arranged for particular starters. "Premiums" of \$100 or a little more were sometimes offered for "trials of speed" at agricultural fairs, but these were usually limited to one day and brought together only local or third rate horses. The success of the Buffalo meeting resulted in a great boom in harness racing and led to the organization of the sport in all sections.

DONE.

The clock had chimed one. From the dark lower hall came sounds which might have been made by a cautiously departing visitor, then silence.

From the head of the stairs a sleepy voice asked, with motherly solicitude:

"Did you land that boob tonight, Sally?"

For a moment there was again silence, broken only by a little gasp, then spoke a voice strangely tinged with dawning doubt:

"She did!" it said.—New York Tribune.

If your child is pale and sickly, picks at the nose, starts in the sleep and grinds the teeth while sleeping, it is a sure sign of worms. A remedy for these parasites will be found in WHITES CREAM VERMIFUGE. It had brought in another big gas well on the 9th inst. The new well is situated on the J. D. Jennings land and is known as Jennings No. 3. Dr. Cullinan is much elated over this strike and says that with it and other prospects it looks like they now have an abundance of gas for all purposes.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for
opportunities. 50c. per month.ARRIETA NOW HAS
VILLISTAS IN A NETWILL ATTACK AS SOON AS RE-
INFORCEMENTS ARRIVE.
He REPORTS TO GENERAL
TREVINO.

By Associated Press.

Chihuahua, Mex., Aug. 14.—General Domingo Arrieta and his columns are surrounding a band of 100 Villistas at Las Adargas, Chihuahua, and will attack when reinforcements have caught up, according to his report to General Trevino today.

CIVILIANS' CRUISE A BIG AFFAIR

Washington, D. C., Aug. 14.—Several thousand strong and sturdy young Americans will embark tomorrow on a fleet of Uncle Sam's warships, preparatory to spending four weeks in learning the fundamentals of naval science and thereby fitting themselves for service in the event of war. Officials of the Navy Department believe that the importance of these practice cruises can scarcely be overestimated, since they will mark the initial step in the elaborate program mapped out by the Administration to build up an adequate and efficient naval reserve. In the line of "preparedness," the practice cruises of the civilian sailors are expected to do for the navy what the civilian military training camps at Plattsburg and elsewhere are already accomplishing for the army.

Numerous ports on the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific coasts have been designated as the points of embarkation for the civilian recruits from all sections of the country. The warships leaving the Atlantic and Gulf ports, carry the recruits from the whole section of country east of the Rockies, will rendezvous at Gardiners' Bay, off Long Island. The far western recruits will depart from Seattle and other Pacific coast ports on battleships and cruisers that will rendezvous at San Diego and later proceed to Magdalena Bay.

The first week of the cruise will be occupied largely in the trip to the training grounds. The second week will be spent in war games off the coast. Target practice will take up the third week and the last week will include local defense work. Motorboat maneuvers also will be included in the last few days of the cruise.

The civilian recruits will be given substantially the same training as midshipmen from the Naval Academy during their training periods. They will sleep in hammocks; canvas bags will be their substitutes for the cots; they will help clean ship, polish brasswork, assist in the engine room and generally go through the rigorous duties of any Jack Tar.

From daybreak until 9 p. m. a regular program of duties awaits the civilians with almost every minute filled. Before breakfast two and a half hours work will be the daily program of the citizen sailors. They will be drilled and instructed in the 3 and 5-inch guns of the ships, in signalling, boating of all kinds, fire control, torpedo defense, Quarter-master's duties, marine and electrical machinery, including radio work. Emergency drills, such as fire quarters, collision, "man overboard," and general quarters are also scheduled.

Mixed with the work, however, will be much recreation and instruction. When conditions permit, the men will be allowed to go swimming twice daily, and hold rowing and sailing races, and inter-ship baseball games. Lectures and private instruction will be given daily by navy officers. In addition to the practical experience afforded.

At the end of the cruise each volunteer will be given a certificate specifying the duties he performed, efficiency display and the naval rating he is best qualified to fill. Volunteers also will announce the intention whether they will volunteer for naval service in case of war within the next four years.

Another Big Gas Well.

Dr. M. P. Cullinan, president of the Border Gas Company of this city returned Saturday night from their field in Zapata county and he brought the glad tidings that the company had brought in another big gas well on the 9th inst. The new well is situated on the J. D. Jennings land and is known as Jennings No. 3. Dr. Cullinan is much elated over this strike and says that with it and other prospects it looks like they now have an abundance of gas for all purposes.

From Tuesday's Daily.

THE PRICE HOGS.

Every few days one reads of some combine that has raised the price of a public necessity by "cornering" the visible supply and refusing to sell at reasonable prices. Sometimes the pirates succeed in forcing the public to pay their exorbitant and unreasonable prices, but in many cases the people refuse to be bled and buy something "just as good."

A late example was the corner in navy beans. After the combine had secured control of the greatest part of the old crop of beans, it was announced that the price would be 25 cents a quart instead of three quarts for a quarter, the price that has obtained for many years.

One reason the combine wished to keep control of the market was the expectation that the government would need enormous quantities of beans for the regular army and the mobilizing guardsmen, so they held out for the prices.

As a result, a great part of the people who formerly ate beans have decided that it is cheaper to eat green vegetables, and as the market for the latter, even in the North, will last until early in October, the men composing the bean corner have taken alarm for fear that the new crop may not be so easy to corner, and have greatly reduced their prices.

Human hoagishness is responsible for a great part of the high cost of living. With a slight advance in the cost of wheat, the bakers' combine is now threatening to double the price of bread. The alleged shortage of cattle and the late dry season has led to an enormous increase in the price of meat. A mere rumor is sufficient for those controlling the supplies of food to raise the price to an almost prohibitive point.

Housewives in these days are learning that if it is possible for the dealers to enter into unlawful combines to increase the prices of food supplies, it is also possible for the consumers to enter into a lawful league for the purpose of reducing the prices by refusing to buy until the articles are sold more cheaply.

There is nothing to warrant the enormous increases in prices of food supplies since the European war started. Nothing but greed dictates the rise in prices, and even those who have not the remotest chance of selling their goods to the European nations use the fictitious demand for food supplies to excuse their uncalled for advances in prices.

In countries like Germany where the imperial decree can establish a maximum price for necessities the people have not suffered from the food corners as have the Americans. There are times when one would almost wish for the autocracy of a dictator which would permit such decrees to be issued here.

Naturally the burden of the increased prices falls heaviest upon the poor. There are many who are unable to pay the prices for meat, for bread and for other daily necessities which now obtain. This means the cutting down of the daily amount consumed, and the result is that many thousands of families throughout the country are not properly nourished.

One of the crying needs in legislation is such control of the necessities of life that no man or combination of men will be able to get rich by robbing the poor of their few dollars.

We talk of the wonderful work accomplished in breaking up the trusts and point with pride to the record of our courts and our prosecutors in that direction. Yet what has been accomplished in the way of aiding the poor to live better and more cheaply?

The dissolution of the Standard Oil, the harvester trust, the tobacco trust, and the many others who have been forced to adopt new subterfuges to cover their combines, has not helped the poor man in any way. He pays more for his actual necessities than ever. And the men who gamble with the food of a nation are still sneering at the activities of the federal authorities, who so far have been unable to punish the greatest malefactors of the age—the men who rob the poor of their food in order that they may enjoy lives of luxury.

A REPUBLICAN ROORBACK.

We learn from Candidate Hughes that there never was a worse administration in the history of the country than the present, and that the greatest mistake of President Wilson was his impossible Mexican policy. The entire country is called to witness that Mr. Hughes would have handled the affair in a different manner, but there is nothing to show that there would have been any difference results from his different policy.

But it is evident that not all of the followers of Mr. Hughes agree with him on all points. Raymond Robins, who left the Democratic party to follow Roosevelt and who has later followed Roosevelt into the ranks of the Republican party, has the following to say with regard to Wilson's Mexican policy:

"The most skillful, the most courageous, the greatest statesmanship of the last two years in this world was the manner in which Wilson averted war between this country and Mexico. The reason that the blood of American men—sons of our homes—is not today reddening the hot sands of Mexico, to serve the interests of a few corporation magistrates and speculators, is due more to the courage and constancy of Woodrow Wilson than to any other factor in American life. I would count myself poor and small indeed if I were not able to recognize wisdom, courage and public service, even if it had been shown by the chief of an opposing party."

This tribute from a man who is a political opponent of Mr. Wilson, and one who is a follower of Mr. Hughes, indicates that not all Republicans believe as does their candidate.

According to a Chicago paper, The Public, which carries as headline the words: "A national journal of Fundamental Democracy": "Before Mr. Hughes was nominated and while still on the supreme bench, people complained because he said nothing to indicate his opinions on statecraft; now that he has spoken somewhat at length, the same complaint is repeated."

And this is the trouble with Mr. Hughes' campaign: He depends upon picking the flaws in his opponent's armor, but he does not succeed in finding any weapon which will pierce those vulnerable points. It is as if one were to discover the heel of Achilles and have no knife with which to cut the tendon.

Mr. Wilson has made mistakes in his Mexican policy, says Mr. Hughes. Very well, how would you go about it to correct those mistakes, sir? By what process of reasoning do you discover a mistake without being able to propose the policy which shall remedy those mistakes?

The present Mexican difficulty is a legacy from the Republican administration which preceded that of Mr. Wilson. The very man who failed to settle the matter in the days remaining of his administration is now one of the foremost in charging errors against the man he left with his hands tied.

The American people would be grateful to anyone who should furnish a solution of the baffling problem. Mr. Wilson himself would eagerly embrace any plan or policy which would give promise of re-establishing the relations with Mexico which we had before a Republican administration gave tacit consent and ill-concealed aid to a revolution which lighted the fires of discontent and anarchy in that troubled country.

We do not believe that anyone has yet discovered a way out of the difficulties. No one who knows the Mexican people is optimistic enough to believe that they will become self-governing and worthy of a place in the sun simply because our government is willing to recognize one of their factional leaders. But who has a better solution to offer? Not the Republican party, with its record of greed and graft, its complacency when the people are wronged and its indifference to the rights of the weak as against the oppression of the strong.

A Mexican general has a hundred Villistas surrounded and will attack them as soon as reinforcements arrive. Sounds like a pack of hounds having a squirrel treed and waiting for the old man to come up with an axe.

The Spanish premier and the Austrian ambassador had a long conference which lasted two days. Just what it was about is not known, but it is believed that the Austrian ambassador wanted to borrow a peseta.

The Austrians must be giving out as we notice that after capturing 15,000 prisoners in taking Gorizia the Italians only took 800 the day after. Perhaps a squad or two more will finish up the resistance in that section.

President Wilson is said to have displayed a "surprising knowledge" of the railroad situation when he conferred with the brotherhood leaders. Any man who is a candidate for public office can display a "surprising knowledge" on almost any topic during his campaign. Some of them even know something about running a newspaper.

WILL SPEAK AT "JAMAICA"

Mrs. French Cancels Engagement at Camp Missouri to Deliver Address for Red Cross Tomorrow Night.

Mrs. Seth Barton French, representative of Secretary of War Baker here in the inspection of hospitals, last night, following the address made to soldiers at the Y. M. C. A. building at Camp Missouri, promised to sing there tomorrow evening, but requests the Times to state that she will, at the request of the committee of the Laredo Red Cross Chapter having the event in charge, deliver a patriotic address to the multitude of people who will be gathered on the Martin Plaza at the "Jamaica" tomorrow evening.

Besides being a gifted speaker, a facile writer and a woman of many attainments, Mrs. French is also a cultured vocalist and last night the soldier boys favored her with a few patriotic anthems which they sang, and she promised to reciprocate by singing for them tomorrow night, but she has necessarily cancelled the engagement to address the citizenship generally on Martin Plaza tomorrow night. Mrs. French has not announced her subject for the talk, but all can rest assured that it will be a treat and a most interesting talk.

Relief in Pulmonary Or Throat Troubles

depends largely on the sufferer's ability to upbuild a weakened system, and thus hasten a return of normal body functions.

In this effort much depends on fresh air—night and day—and rest and good food. The patient should refrain from work that overtaxes, and all salutary precautions should be taken. These commonsense measures do not always achieve the desired results unless aided by proper medication.

It is here that Eckman's Alternative has evidenced its worth, for in many cases it has effected lasting benefit. And often such troubles seem to yield to it.

In no case is its use attended with possible harm, since it contains no poisonous or habit-forming drugs. At your druggist's.

Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia.

ALAMO

THE BEST BEER BREWED

It's rich distinctive flavor and perfection make Alamo Beer the favorite everywhere.

Get the Best Beer brewed by always asking for Alamo. Order a case for your home.

S. N. JOHNSON,

Local Distributor



NOTABLE BIRTHDAYS TODAY.

AUGUST 14
Ethel Barrymore, famous theatrical star, and one of the most beloved women on the modern stage, is 37 years old today. Miss Barrymore's success have not been limited to the American stage, and she enjoys great popularity in Great Britain. She was born in Philadelphia, of a family notable on both sides for theatrical genius. Her father was Maurice Barrymore, a famous Irish actor of the day, and her mother Georgia Drew, a sister of John Drew and herself a noted actress. She made her debut just twenty years ago, in John Drew's company, and her beauty, grace and vivacity won her immediate success. She soon appeared in leading roles with Henry Irving, the great English tragedian, and in 1900 first began to appear as a star. She has starred in a number of notable productions, gaining a larger and larger circle of admirers with each. Like other notable stage folk, she has of late years been lured by the movies. In private life Miss Barrymore is Mrs. Russell G. Colt, wife of a millionaire manufacturer, and has three children to whom she is utterly devoted.

Liver Trouble.

"I am bothered with liver trouble about twice a year," writes Joe Dingman, Webster City, Iowa. "I have pains in my side and back and an awful soreness in my stomach. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and tried them. By the time I had used half a bottle of them I was feeling fine and had no signs of pain." Obtainable everywhere.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.



Budweiser Is Liquid Bread

—Nothing More—Nothing Less

IT COMES only from the blended and ripened juices of the best Northern Barley and the finest tonic Saazer Hops. Americans who have globe-trotted the world say, "BUDWEISER'S Quality, Purity, Mildness and exclusive Saazer Hop Flavor are always the same—no matter whether you drink it in Hong Kong or in its home town—always the same uniform BUDWEISER—always in a class by itself."

ANHEUSER-BUSCH • ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.

Visitors to St. Louis are courteously invited to inspect our plant—Covers 142 acres.

Budweiser

Means Moderation

S. N. Johnson Distributors Laredo, Texas

The express charges on the cheapest beer are just as high as on the best

SOLDIERS' SONG FAVORITE

SUNG LIBERALLY IN LAREDO

"DON'T BITE THE HAND THAT'S FEEDING YOU" IS SONG.

Like "Boys" of Civil War, the Spanish-American War, the European War, Soldiers Have a Song Hit.

Over a half century ago when North and South marched forth to meet each other on the sanguinary field of battle the soldier boys had their battle songs or melees—the Northland had its "Yankee Doodle" and the Southland the stirring strains of "Dixie." When the Spanish-American war was declared and American soldiery concentrated at mobilization camps to defend their country's flag the popular air among the troops was "There'll Be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight." And when the great European war began and the allies sent forth their hosts to meet the Teutonic foes they chose as their favorite selection a composition that up to that time was almost unknown. "It's a Long, Long Way to Tipperary," which has since become the most popular air of the day.

But today when the American militiamen from the North, South, East and West are on the Texas border keeping their eye on wily old Mexico, there is a slow, sentimental and patriotic selection dominating as the favorite tune, and that is the song, "Don't Bite the Hand That's Feeding You." Last night at the Royal Theatre Private Billy Milne of the New Hampshire regiment sang the selection again by request and when the chorus was reached there was a refrain of voices that was musical and beautiful—about 200 comrades of Milne joined in the chorus, and this was too much for some ladies who were present and knew the words of the song, and they, too, joined the grand refrain of voices and beautiful soprano notes mingled with those of alto, tenor, baritone and bass, intermingled with numerous falsettos—but as regards the latter, their intentions were good and they did their best. The song was repeated twice last night.

Up in the camps as the subtle moonlight casts its shimmering rays upon the tented city of the soldier boys, quartettes, quintettes and sextettes of militiamen gather at night and join in the singing of the song, and it generally ends with some expression like, "and believe me, that song is right, too."

A Hacking Cough Weakens The System.

Don't suffer with a hacking cough that has weakened your system—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery. In use over 40 years, and benefiting all who use it, the soothing pine balsam with tar heal the irritated air passages—soothe the raw spots, loosen the mucus and prevents racking the body with coughing. Dr. King's New Discovery induces natural sleep and aids nature to cure you.

PAYING OFF THE SOLDIERS

It is Estimated That Fully \$265,000 Are Being Paid to Regulars and Guardsmen Stationed Here.

This is what might be properly termed "pay week" with the United States regular soldiers and guardsmen stationed in Laredo, approximately 10,000 in all, and it is estimated that when all the officers and men shall have been paid at least \$25,000 will have been distributed in Laredo. The paying off of the men began yesterday and will continue today and probably all of tomorrow.

Why Endure Summer Colds? It isn't necessary to have a stuffed head, running nose. To cough your head off as it were. All you need do is to use Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. The soothing and healing balsams open the clogged air passages and in a short time you get relief and start on the road to recovery. Your nose stops running, you cough less and you know you are getting better. Get a bottle, use as directed. Keep what is left as a cough and cold insurance.

FAMILY AVOIDS SERIOUS SICKNESS

By Being Constantly Supplied With Thedford's Black-Draught.

McDuff, Va.—"I suffered for several years," says Mrs. J. B. Whitaker, of this place, "with sick headache, and stomach trouble."

Ten years ago a friend told me to try Thedford's Black-Draught, which I did, and I found it to be the best family medicine for young and old."

I keep Black-Draught on hand all the time now, and when my children feel a little bad, they ask me for a dose, and it does them more good than any medicine they ever tried."

We never have a long spell of sickness in our family, since we commenced using Black-Draught."

Thedford's Black-Draught is, purely vegetable, and has been found to regulate weak stomachs, aid digestion, relieve indigestion, colic, wind, nausea, headache, sick stomach, and similar symptoms.

It has been in constant use for more than 70 years, and has benefited more than a million people.

Your druggist sells and recommends Black-Draught. Price only 25c. Get a package 10-day. N. C. 525

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BELL-ANS

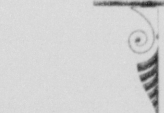
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

CRAZY MINERAL WATER

A natural mineral water is such a positive eliminant that it is worth a trial in all diseases where elimination is not thorough. Try it in constipation, rheumatism, Bright's diseases, diabetes, acid dyspepsias, etc. Ask for booklet.

L. VILLEGAS & CO., AGENTS LAREDO, TEXAS

Watch this space



A. SAFT

Choice Meat

First stall south side of city market

REFRIGERATED BEEF RECEIVED DAILY

NARCISO ALANIS PHONE 661

John O. Buenz Lumber Co.

DEALERS IN

LUMBER, SHINGLES, DOORS, BLINDS, LATHS, ETC.

Builders' Hardware and all kinds of Roofing, also, Planing Mill in connection.

ALBERTO PUENTES

Motorcycle and Bicycle Shop

1104 Matamoros St. Laredo, Texas Bicycles and Supplies ALL WORK GUARANTEED

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS
WITH DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
FOR COUGHS
PRICE 50¢ & \$1.00
TRIAL BOTTLE FREE
AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES
GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Cure for Cholera Morbus. "When our little boy, now seven years old, was a baby he was cured of cholera morbus by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Mrs. Sidney Simmons, Fair Haven, N. Y. "Since then other members of my family have used this valuable medicine for colic and bowel troubles with good satisfaction and I gladly endorse it as a remedy of exceptional merit." Obtainable everywhere.

THE FIRST BRIGADE REVIEW HELD IN LAREDO YESTERDAY

SECOND AND FOURTH MISSOURI
REGIMENTS PARTICIPATED.

Brigadier General Clark and His
Command, Lacking First Missouri,
Pass in Review of General Mann.

Laredo had its first brigade review yesterday afternoon. In fact this is the first time in the history of Laredo and Fort McIntosh that enough men to constitute a brigade have been stationed here. And even yesterday the brigade that passed in review of Brigadier General Mann was not complete, because of the fact that one of the regiments is absent from the city, and therefore could not participate, so only two regiments formed the brigade.

The "Third Separate Brigade," composed of the First, Second and Fourth Missouri Infantry Regiments, Brigadier General Harvey C. Clark, commanding, was the brigade reviewed yesterday evening, only the First Missouri regiment was not there, being at target practice on the target range seven miles east of Laredo, where they will remain until Friday.

The two regiments left their camps at Camp Missouri promptly at 5 o'clock last evening, headed by Brigadier General H. C. Clark and his staff, though they were preceded by an advance guard. Behind General Clark and staff came the Second Missouri Regimental Band followed by the Second Regiment and machine gun company. Following this came the regimental officers of the Fourth Missouri Regiment, then the regimental band, and the regiment and its hospital corps. As the Fourth Regiment rounded off from Santa Maria Avenue on to Victoria street in its march to Fort McIntosh the Fourth Regiment band was playing "Dixie," and the step of the boys was brisk and unusually animated—for the stirring tune of "Dixie" has an irresistible and stimulating effect when it falls on the ears of Southern boys.

Arriving at the parade grounds at Fort McIntosh the review took place, with Brigadier General Mann as the reviewing officer, while his staff was also with him and Brigadier General Clark saw his troops as they passed. The inspiring sight of a long line of men marching in review of two brigadier generals was witnessed by many Laredo citizens who had gone out there in automobiles. It is said that another brigade review will be held within a short time.

MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL.

Many Matters of Routine Business
Transacted, Although Nothing
of Importance.

The meeting of the city council last night disposed of many matters of routine business, and the only thing which appeared to be of importance was the complaint that the steel water tower of the Laredo Water Company at the corner of Water street and Salinas avenue was reported by M. Mas to be in a dangerous condition and was ordered to be investigated.

H. B. Emery resigned as automobile commissioner and Wm. Reeves was appointed as his successor.

The sum of \$500 was appropriated from the general fund for the purchase of a motor hose truck.

The public school trustees were given permission to use the market hall as a high school until the completion of the school building authorized to be constructed.

The closing of a street in the eastern division for the purpose of fencing in the ball park was recommended, the city to reserve the right to reopen the street when the public needs shall demand it.

WILL SPEAK TOMORROW NIGHT

Mrs. Seth Barton French Will Deliver
an Address at Elks Hall Tomorrow
Night in Behalf Red Cross.

Taking for her subject a matter with which she herself is well acquainted through two years of practical experience on battlefield and field hospital in Europe, Mrs. Seth Barton French, representative of Secretary of War Baker, who is in Laredo on business connected with the hospitals here, will deliver an address on the subject, "Red Cross Work Done by Americans Abroad," for the benefit of the Laredo Chapter of the Red Cross at Elks Hall tomorrow evening beginning at 8:15 o'clock.

Those who have heard Mrs. French talk at the Y. M. C. A. at Camp Missouri, and who will hear her speak at the "Jamaica" on Martin Plaza this evening will most certainly exert their utmost efforts to be present at Elks Hall tomorrow morning. The gifted woman in her addresses handles her subjects in a masterly manner and instills into her theme points of interest that hold the audience from the time she utters her first word until the close of the address.

Being an active member of the French Red Cross, and in the field hospital at the time she secured a leave of absence and came back to this country, Mrs. French is in a position to give the Laredo Chapter of the Red Cross some valuable information on the real workings of this great organization.

Civil Service Examination.
A civil service examination for the position of clerk-carrier in the Laredo postoffice will be held in this city on September 9th, as per announcement of the District Secretary at New Orleans. Intending applicants may obtain information regarding the examination at the Custom House in Laredo.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor . . . Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Wednesday.

The Ladies Aid of the Christian Church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the home of Mrs. G. C. Hiatt at three o'clock in the afternoon. Jamaica on Martin Plaza at seven o'clock in the evening, for the benefit of the Red Cross.

Patriotic address at Martin Plaza tonight by Mrs. Seth Barton French.

Thursday.

Baptist Ladies Aid will hold their regular missionary meeting at the Baptist Church at four o'clock in the afternoon. Mrs. John Tucker Halsey will be at home for Mrs. Seth Barton French from half after four o'clock to half after five o'clock in the afternoon.

Mrs. Seth Barton French will give a lecture at Elks Hall at half after eight o'clock in the evening.

The choir meeting of the Christian church will be held Thursday evening instead of Wednesday evening because of the Jamaica for the benefit of the Red Cross.

In Love With Your Work.

In love with your work—
And it goes so well,
You can hurry it off,
Ere the world can tell;
It's a swing and a bound,
And a leap and a run—
In love with your work,
And the world is fun.

It only goes hard
When it's work that you hate,
In the shop or the yard,
Or early or late—
But the work that you love,
How it ripples through,
With a song on your lips,
And a smile there, too.

Oh, in love with your work,
And it goes so well,
Like the fun of the world,
And its dream and its spell!
For its love in the heart
For the things we are meant
The crowns with its beauty
The master's intent.

—Folger M. Kinsey.

Mrs. Sam Withoff and children left the early part of the week for a visit to relatives in Bustamante.

Judge Mullally, accompanied by his son Edward and brother, Mr. J. B. Leyendecker, and son John Leyendecker, motored up from Corpus Christi yesterday.

Miss Elizabeth Merriman, who has been spending the summer in Mesilla Park, New Mexico, is en route home, but will stay a few days in El Paso, a week in Waco, the guest of relatives, and a week in San Antonio, before arriving in Laredo.

Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Embree of Dallas and Mrs. A. E. Brown and baby of Beeville are the guests of their mother and sister, Mrs. J. M. Sallee, and Miss M. Sallee, for a few days.

Mrs. C. H. Bell and Mrs. J. P. Ince have returned from a pleasant stay at Marlin Springs.

Lieutenant Walter Nye, Co. I, Second Texas Infantry, has been transferred to the regular army and assigned to the 26th Infantry, with station at Harlingen, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Cogley returned home yesterday from Corpus Christi in their private car, and were accompanied by their daughter, Mrs. S. M. Barlow, and children Rosita and Margaret Alice Barlow, and Mr. and Mrs. Albert Martin.

Mr. and Mrs. Burnett motored home yesterday from Corpus Christi, after a pleasant two weeks' stay.

Mrs. R. P. Woodard returned home yesterday from Corpus Christi in her auto, and was accompanied by her little daughter Katherine and Mr. Herbert Clark.

Mrs. W. B. McArthur returned yesterday afternoon from Corpus Christi, where she has been for the past several weeks.

S. J. Sorrell returned yesterday from Corpus Christi, after a pleasant stay.

The Milmo Rifles, or Co. I, Second Texas Infantry, who are at present stationed at Fort Ringgold, expect to move to Harlingen this week.

Mrs. J. W. Littlefield of San Antonio is spending a few days in Laredo en route to Tampico, where she will join her husband, who has oil interests there.

Mrs. J. C. McKay of San Antonio, has arrived in Laredo to join her husband, who is an employee of the I. & G. N. R. R.

Mrs. Mabel Hanna Davis, after a short visit to Mrs. R. A. Brown at Fort McIntosh, returned to San Antonio on the noon train.

Announcements.
Mrs. Seth Barton French will give a lecture at Elks Hall Thursday evening.

PERSONALS

Albert Pickard, a prominent merchant of Monterey, is a visitor in the city.

Albert Strawn, Esq., is in the city with a view of locating. Mr. Strawn has been practicing law in Cotulla for the past few years and is here to make arrangements to move to Laredo and practice his profession here.

Mrs. William B. Arthur returned home yesterday from Corpus Christi, where she spent a few weeks.

Mike N. Falvela, brother of the Times reporter, arrived here yesterday from Corpus Christi and will locate in Laredo, establishing a business here within a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Jambers and Mr. Geo. Tillman left yesterday for San Antonio. Mrs. Jambers will visit Mrs. L. C. Bronson in San Antonio, while Mr. Jambers and Mr. Tillman go to Medina Lake for a few days fishing trip.

BENDER—Albert Strawn, Cotulla; H. A. Apple, San Antonio; C. Maulding, Will McLean, Hebbroville; Albert Blair, Mexico; Albert Picard, Monterey; A. R. Kassibel, D. K. Newsum, J. E. O'Neil, San Antonio; W. S. Suescke, Paul Krenebully, Monterey; J. K. Fletcher, New York; D. Hugkins, San Antonio; J. B. Robbin, Dallas; H. P. Pfefferling, Lester Marks, E. R. Goodman, San Antonio; W. D. Anderson, Baltimore, Md.

MRS. KELLY LEFT TODAY.

Field Secretary of National Patriotic Relief Spent Past Week Investigating Militia Camps at Laredo.

Mrs. Alice McKay Kelly, field secretary of the National Patriotic Relief, an association of wealthy women of New York who are looking after the interests of families of soldiers who have come to the Texas border, who has been here the past week, left for San Antonio today on her way to Eagle Pass.

Mrs. Kelly is a very pleasant and entertaining woman and while here delivered several interesting talks to the soldier boys at the Y. M. C. A. building at Camp Missouri and was given several ovations. Mrs. Kelly will visit every militia camp on the Texas border before returning to New York.

ing at half after eight o'clock. The subject of her lecture will be "Red Cross Work Done by Americans Abroad."

Entertainments.

The officers and ladies of Fort McIntosh entertained most delightfully last evening with a dance at the Ninth Infantry Club. The music was furnished by the Ninth Infantry Band and the guests were given lovely programs with the Ninth Infantry emblem outside, embossed in gold, carrying twenty straight dances. Delicious ices and cakes were served during the evening. Among those present were Col. and Mrs. R. A. Brown, Col. and Mrs. Alonzo Gray, Major and Mrs. Bell, Captain and Mrs. Sirmeyer, Captain and Mrs. Hearn, Captain and Mrs. Read, Lieutenant and Mrs. Stephens, Lieut. and Mrs. Moore, Lieut. and Mrs. Coulter, Lieut. and Mrs. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Cluck, Mesdames Ryan, King, Seth Barton French, E. Lobdell, S. D. Jackson, Misses Myrtle Mackin, Ruth Moore, Courtney Slaughter, Helen, Margaret, and Kathryn MacGregor, Olive and Ayce Gray, Louise Muller, Clarisse Ryan, Catherine Coulter, Lilian Westbrook, Colonels Allen, Donley, Penn, Majors Grant and Heavey, Captains Bailey, Wing, Pendleton, Smith, Loeb, Welbourne, Crisse, Lieutenants Montgomery, Woodruff, Wogan, Larrabee, Jones, Garrison, Wingate, Hopson, Gill, Leavenworth, Messrs. Tom Austin, Seymour Denike and others.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

SPEAKING OF THE ROBINS.

Brooklyn entered the National league in 1890 and brought home the pennant the first year.

After winning the pennant in the year of its National league debut Brooklyn repeated the trick in 1899 and 1900.

Only once during the 26 years that Brooklyn has been in the National league has the team finished in the cellar. This was in 1905.

Since 1912 the Brooklyn team has bettered its position in the pennant race each year. The team finished seventh in 1912, sixth in 1913, fifth in 1914 and third in 1915.

In the short space of two years Manager Wilbert Robinson of the Robins has won a place among the most successful pilots in the big show.

While the Robins have been leading the National league in batting they have been a second division team in fielding.

Three veteran pitchers, Marquard, Coombs and Cheney, have been doing excellent work for Brooklyn after three had been released by other teams.

George Cutshaw, whose work around cushion has proved a sensation, came to Brooklyn in 1912 from the Oakland team of the Pacific Coast league.

McCarty and Daubert of the Brooklyn team are included among the ten .300 hitters in the National league, while Daubert and Cutshaw are among the first half-dozen base stealers.

Zach Wheat is the oldest player on the Brooklyn team in point of service. Wheat joined the team in August, 1909. Jake Daubert is the next oldest, having joined the team in the Spring of 1910.

Wilbert Robinson, the Robins' boss, is the third member of a famous old trio of Baltimore Orioles who later became great baseball managers. The other two were McGraw of the Giants and Jennings of the Detroit Tigers.

Ed Pfeffer, the Robins' star pitcher and leading heater of the National league, is 27 years old and a native of Champaign, Ill. He won 23 games and lost 12 in 1914, the year in which he joined the Robins. Last year his count stood 19 won and 14 lost.

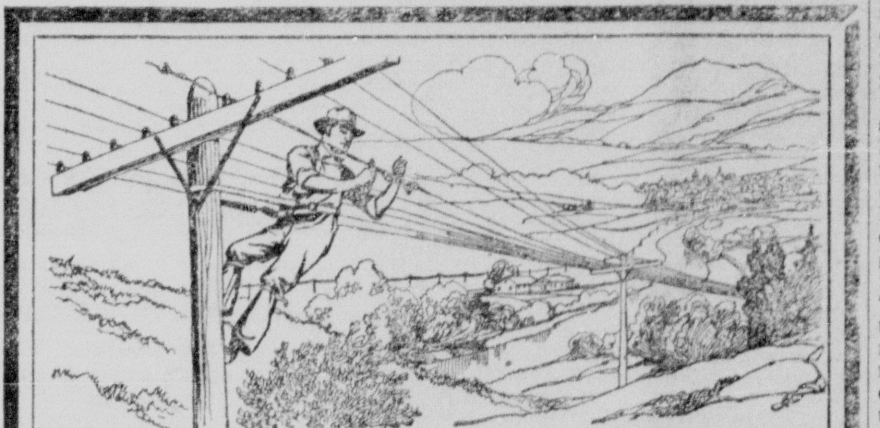
One of the noticeable features in Brooklyn's dash to the front has been the fast work displayed by the many veteran pastimers now on the team. Players who have been wearing big league spangles for years, including Mowrey, Meyers, Combs, Marquard and Cheney, are now going like two-year-olds.

First known as the Trolley Dodgers, the nickname of the Brooklyn team was changed to the Superbas when Ned Hanlon became pilot. The name owed its origin to "Hanlon's Superbas," at that time a popular spectacular production on the stage. "Robins," the present nickname of the team, was given in honor of Manager Wilbert Robinson.

Losing the first two games of the present season put the Robins in the cellar, where they remained until April 19, when they beat the Giants and moved up a notch. They held down seventh place until April 23 and then started to climb in earnest. April 29 found the team in second place and on May 1 they grabbed the top rung of the pennant ladder. They lost the lead the next day, but regained it one day later and have been burning up the league ever since.

LUTHERANS RALLY AT TOLEDO.

Toledo, O., Aug. 16.—What is believed to be the largest and most representative gathering ever held by communicants of the Lutheran church in America was opened in this city today and will be continued for an entire week. The biennial session of the Evangelical Lutheran synodical conference of North America has brought together ministerial and lay representatives of more than a million members of the denomination. In addition, there is being held the biennial convention of the Lutheran League of America, with a membership of 150,000 and representing 2,000,000 members of the Lutheran Church in the United States.



The Unseen Telephone Plant

THE telephone you see before you is a very small part of the telephone system—just the tip end of it. Most of the telephone plant is located outside of the central office and the subscriber's premises.

Thousands of dollars in telephone plant is hidden under the city streets and strung out along country roads. When you talk over a telephone line, you have thousands of dollars' worth of equipment at your exclusive service.

The development and maintenance of the unseen telephone plant is a costly feature of telephone service.

When you telephone—smile



The Southwestern Telegraph
and Telephone Company

GERMANY TO DEFEND TRIESTE IS REPORT

ITALIANS ARE STILL ADVANCING
EAST OF GORIZIA AND
CAPTURED AUSTRIAN
TRENCHES.

By Associated Press.

Paris, Aug. 16.—It is reported that Germany is taking over the defenses of Trieste, sending troops especially organized for that purpose, says a despatch to Le Temps from Milan.

War Summary.

Violent bombardment was carried on last night on the Verdun front at Thiaumont, Fleury, Vaux and Chaptre, east of the Meuse. Along the greater part of the front the night passed quietly, the Paris official report today says. A squadron of French and Italian aeroplanes made a raid near Trieste today and are reported to have inflicted extensive damage. One French aeroplane was lost. Further advances for the Italians east of Gorizia in which Austrian trenches along the slopes of Monte Piccola on the northern edge of the Carso plateau were taken were announced today by the Rome statement. The Russians captured a series of heights west of Vorkhha and Ardemy in the Carpathians. In the Delatin region, the Petrograd statement says, the Austrians are retiring east. London says there was no change on the Somme front last night. The Germans are claiming successes against the Russians in the Carpathians, capturing Starawipozyna north of Capul. Berlin claims the Russian attacks are weak.

Russians Made Huge Haul.

Petrograd, Aug. 16.—Between June 4 and August 12 General Brusiloff's forces captured more than 358,000 Austro-Germans, the war office announced today.

New British Loan.

New York, Aug. 16.—Formal announcement was made today by J. P. Morgan and Company as syndicate managers of a new loan to Great Britain aggregating \$250,000,000 for two years at 55 per cent interest. Pledged against the loan are securities said to value \$300,000,000, principally Canadian and Canadian Pacific Railway.

Germany Doesn't Care.

Berlin, Aug. 16.—In view of reports that Germany is apprehensive over the proposed sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States, Foreign Minister von Jagow made a statement today to the effect that the German government is not opposed to such a transfer.

German Submarines Coming.

London, Aug. 16.—Two new German submarines of large size will soon leave for the United States, according to a Hague despatch.

HOME OWNERS.

A little group of men who have dealt considerably in real estate in a number of cities got to comparing experiences the other day. They were discussing the question whether more or fewer people own their homes than formerly. It was the final consensus that there are fewer houses owned by the occupants than formerly.—San Bito Light.

The number of home owners is larger now than ever before, but probably there are fewer home owners than formerly in proportion to the total population. It costs considerable money to build a good house these days, and most folks are demanding good houses. Lumber, bricks, plumbing material and labor, not to mention painting and screening, come high and are steadily rising. Also taxes cut into the home owner's income, also insurance and repairs. On the other hand, house rent is low in comparison with the modern conveniences mistily available for prompt-paying tenants. Many argue that renting is cheaper than owning, if interest on the value of the home is taken into account. But the fact can not be successfully controverted that home-owning is a good investment. It is good in a money way and in a social way. The family in its own home feels better satisfied with itself and more in rapport with the spirit of the community. If it is not a home-owning community, the constant shifting of the population makes for isolated family life and social indifference. A transient population is never a very well satisfied population, and if satisfaction isn't the prime requisite of happiness there is no such requisite. One great disadvantage under which a transient family or individual lives is that constant changing of base makes for objectless living. The man who is always moving from pillar to post soon gets rid of any but the most primitive objects in life. He misses the sentimental side, and whether he realizes it or not, the sentimental side is the better side.—Galveston News.

Lines to General Humidity.

Dear General:
Gwan! Gwan. Gwan away—
And don't come back another day.
—Boston Globe.

STRATEGY.

"Jack!"
"Yes!"
"Can't you bring some fat friend home to dinner? I positively must have some heavyweight to sit on my trunk."—Life.

WILL REMAIN IN ARCTIC.

By Associated Press.
Nome, Alaska, Aug. 16.—Six members of Vilhjalmur Stefansson's Arctic expedition, who arrived here yesterday, said that Stefansson would remain in the Arctic to continue the work of exploring the newly discovered land and probably would not return to civilization very soon.

FRIGHTENED BURGLARS AWAY.

By Associated Press.
Rice, Texas, Aug. 16.—Burglars blew the safe of the postoffice here early today, but were frightened away before getting \$200 in the safe. A running battle between officers and bandits ensued.

REVENUE BILL REPORTED.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Aug. 16.—By a strict Democratic vote, the senate finance committee today favorably reported the revised revenue bill calculated to raise about \$205,000,000 annually.

IS SLIGHTLY DECREASING.

By Associated Press.
New York, Aug. 16.—One hundred and thirteen new cases and 34 deaths in the infantile paralysis epidemic were reported today, which is a slight decrease.

WISCONSIN MUNICIPAL LEAGUE.

Oshkosh, Wis., Aug. 16.—Mayors and other officials representing all of the leading cities of the State assembled in Oshkosh today for the opening of the annual convention of the League of Wisconsin Municipalities. The three-day program provides for addresses by several prominent speakers and the general discussion of a wide variety of municipal problems.

MAINE TOWN HAS CENTENNIAL.

Kingfield, Me., Aug. 16.—Kingfield, the home of Maine's first governor, William King, for whom the town was named, entered upon a three-day jubilee today in celebration of the centennial of its settlement. The town is lavishly decorated in honor of the occasion and visitors are here from all parts of the State. Historical exercises, family reunions and a wide variety of outdoor sports and festivities are to be included in the program.

MEMORIAL TO VERMONT'S HERO.

Rutland, Vt., Aug. 16.—Bennington Day, the anniversary of the Revolutionary battle of Bennington, was celebrated in Rutland today with the dedication of a bronze statue called "Green Mountain Boy." The statue is the work of Raymond Averill Porter and is a likeness in heroic size of Ethan Allen, one of the Vermont heroes of the Revolution.

OPPOSE MANN ON LIQUOR ISSUE

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 16.—Congressman James R. Mann, the Republican minority leader in the national house of representatives, is facing serious opposition for renomination in his home district of Chicago. An unusually strong combination of church workers and other foes of the liquor traffic are seeking to bring about his defeat. He is charged by those advocating the Hubson constitutional amendment, forbidding the sale of liquor, with taking a leading part in defeating the measure. The Anti-Saloon League of America has thrown its resources into a campaign to prevent Mr. Mann's renomination at the primary next month and is taking steps to arouse interest in the contest.

Rev. Melbourn P. Boynton, a Baptist clergyman and a leader for many years in the University of Chicago neighborhood, has been brought out as a candidate for the Republican nomination against Mr. Mann. Mr. Boynton was a member of several delegations which went to Washington to ask Congressman Mann's support of the Hobson amendment. He became a candidate after his congregation had voted in favor of it.

In explaining his entry into politics Mr. Boynton declared the fight will be broader than any one measure and will be aimed at the interests which defeat the will of the people. "It was James Mann," he said in a statement announcing his candidacy, "who led the fight that defeated the submission of the Hobson amendment to the States providing for the prohibition of the sale of strong drink in the United States and her dependencies. In other parts of the nation congressmen have already been defeated for re-election because they voted against the submission of this same amendment, and to let the leader of this opposition to the amendment go back to Congress without a contest, would be unthinkable."

A stirring contest is predicted in the district between now and the time of the primaries. Speakers of national prominence, according to plans formulated by Anti-Saloon officials, will be brought here to speak against Mr. Mann and in favor of Mr. Boynton.

NOTICE.

To whom it may concern:—
Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing as EDUARDO CRUZ & BRO. was dissolved on the 8th inst., and that after said date the business will be continued by Eduardo Cruz who assumes all liabilities due by said firm and will conduct the business in his own name only.

EDUARDO CRUZ.
Laredo, Texas, August 11th, 1916.
8-11-16.

MAY ASK EMPLOYES MAKE CONCESSIONS

IF RAILROADS GRANT EIGHT-
HOUR DAY EMPLOYEES BE
ASKED TO DROP OVER
TIME DEMAND.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Aug. 16.—President Wilson today decided to postpone further conferences with the representatives of the railroads and employees on the strike situation until tomorrow, when he will receive the general committee of 600. In the meantime, the managers and employees are conferring among themselves. The plan on which the president is working is to put into effect the eight-hour day and have the federal committee investigate collateral issues. Details of the plan have not been worked out, but it was said that if the railroads conceded the eight-hour day the employees might be urged to give up their demands for time and a half for overtime.

After speaking tomorrow to the representatives of the employees, President Wilson may make public his remarks to the conferences, which will be the first disclosure of what has taken place.

Committee is Coming.

New York, Aug. 16.—The committee of 600 general chairmen of the railroad employees announced today that they would leave on special trains this afternoon for Washington to accept President Wilson's invitation to confer on strike problems.

SECOND MEETING AT WINDSOR.

Windsor, Ont., Aug. 16.—More than 500 horses, representing the pick of those that are following the Canadian and American circuits this summer, are quartered at the fair grounds track in readiness for the opening this afternoon of the Windsor Jockey Club's final meeting for 1916. There are seven events on the program for the opening day, with the Perry Company's handicap at one mile, with \$3,000 added, as the chief feature.

SOUTHERN CATTLEMAN MEET AT SHREVEPORT.

Shreveport, La., Aug. 16.—Shreveport is entertaining during the remainder of this week the fourth annual convention of the Southern Cattleman's Association. Organized at Montgomery in 1911, the association has already developed into an important factor in the building up of a new system of agriculture in the Southern States. In four years the membership has increased from 250 to nearly 2,000. One of the features of the present convention will be the sale of pure-bred beef and dairy cattle.

NEGRO BUSINESS MEN MEET.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 16.—Negro business men from every part of the country are in Kansas City to attend the annual convention of the National Negro Business League, which will hold forth here during the remainder of this week. The league was organized in Boston some fifteen years ago by the late Booker T. Washington, who remained at its head until his death. The object of the organization is to inform the world of the progress the negro is making in business and to stimulate local business enterprises and to encourage the organization of local businesses for the purpose of furthering commercial growth.

FORMER HARVARD STUDENT IN TOLLS.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 16.—Charles W. Simms, Jr., a former Harvard student, was arraigned in the Newton police court today for a preliminary hearing on a charge of theft. The young man is accused of having stolen diamonds and jewelry valued at more than \$1,200 from the home of William E. Litchfield in Newton. Simms was a friend of Mr. Litchfield's daughter and had been a frequent caller at the house. He is alleged to have made a complete confession and to have aided in the recovery of the stolen jewelry from pawnshops. In view of these facts the friends of the young man have joined in an effort to secure leniency in his case.

DIFFERENT PLACE.

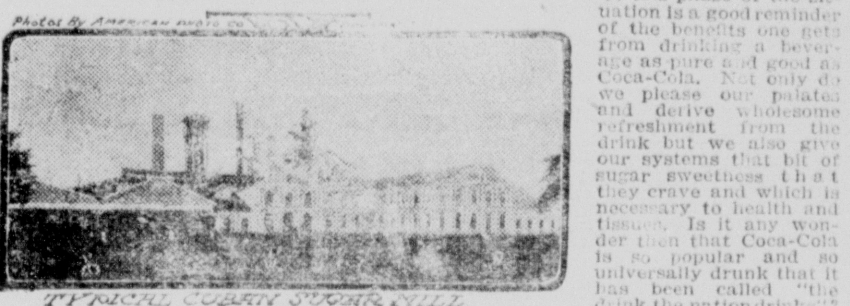
Judge—Was your father under the influence of liquor when your mother hit him?
Small Boy—No, sir; he was under the kitchen table.—Exchange.</

What Would We Do Without Sugar?



We are so used to sugar that we are likely to forget to give it its proper place. It is not only a food, but it is a pleasure. It is a pleasure to eat something that gives us an appetite for it. So primary that it gives us an appetite for it. So primary that it gives us an appetite for it. So primary that it gives us an appetite for it.

Why do we eat sugar anyway? Your first answer might be "Because it is sweet and tastes good." Or itself the answer would be correct, but the more important fact is that the body craves sugar because it needs it. And when the body craves something it gives us an appetite for it. So primary that it gives us an appetite for it. So primary that it gives us an appetite for it.



HOT G. O. P. FIGHT IN ILLINOIS.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 18.—The longest drawn out primary campaign Illinois has ever known is now entering upon its last lap. Three weeks from next Wednesday the several political parties will name their standard bearers in a battle of ballots which gives every promise of producing surprising results. It will involve the nominees for State offices from governor down, the twenty-seven congressmen from the State, and the makeup of the Fifty-fifth general assembly—the legislature which will celebrate the centennial of the State's admission to the Union.

The campaign was begun more than a year ago and has been going forward steadily ever since, excepting for the slight interruption occasioned by the presidential primaries in April. Since that time big deals have been in the making and some of them have gone through. Not until a very recent date were the lines in the big battle definitely formed by the dropping out or the elimination of a number of the candidates. This elimination has applied to both the Republicans and the Democrats, with the result that the contests for the principal places on the State tickets have a much smaller number of candidates in the running than was expected earlier in the campaign.

The contest for the Republican nomination for governor, involving as it does the question of the control of the party in the State, is the big battle to be fought out in the primaries. Only two Democrats seek the nomination for governor, Edward F. Dunne, the incumbent, and James Traynor, both of Chicago. Dunne's nomination in a primary of his party which has been remarkably free from all factional strife now seems assured.

The Republican primary campaign, on the other hand, has been a long drawn, bitterly fought contest of more than two years' duration, which virtually has split the party. Col. Frank O. Lowden, former congressman and now lawyer of the late George M. Pullman, the palace car magnate, and Col. L. Smith, of Dwight, were the original contestants for the gubernatorial honor. Lowden drew the support of Mayor Thompson of Chicago and the Thompson Cook County organization. Smith started out at a fast clip, setting a pace that caused several of the prospective candidates to drop out of the race. The Dwight man counted upon

the support of the Republican faction led by ex-Governor Deneen, but he never received it.

From the first Deneen fought Lowden with all the power at his command. His campaign resulted in the formation of a combination made up of Col. Lowden, Mayor Thompson and Senator Sherman. This combination succeeded in unseating Roy O. West and Deneen from control of the State committee. As a result Morton D. Hull of Chicago was cast into the breach by the Deneen crowd as its candidate for governor in an effort to retain control of the State organization. A bitter fight has resulted which gives every promise of being carried into the Fall election.

Candidates for minor offices on the State tickets are thick. A big change in personnel is likely to be noted in the next legislature. Many of the men of influence in the last senate and house are not seeking renomination, and the 1918 general assembly at this juncture seems likely to pass into entirely new hands.

A number of the Republican congressmen who were defeated in 1912, and all of those who were elected in 1914, are candidates again this year. One of the most interesting of the congressional contests is that in the Second district, comprising the Hyde Park section of Chicago, and now represented by James R. Mann, the minority leader in the House. A well organized fight is under way to defeat Congressman Mann for renomination because of his attitude on the Hobson amendment. The fight against him is backed by the Anti-Saloon League and some of the church organizations.

More than ordinary interest is manifested in the fate of Congressman Mann, because of his position as minority leader. It is the opinion here that Mr. Mann, if re-elected, will have a good chance to be chosen Speaker of the next national house of representatives, if that body is Republican. The congressional delegation from Illinois and Mr. Mann, chief of all, know that "Uncle Joe" Cannon, if he is re-elected in November will not be a candidate for Speaker and is not looking for any other recognized place of leadership. Therefore the Illinois Republicans will be solidly for Mann for reelection as minority leader in December and for Speaker in 1917 if things go well with the Republicans.

For Neat and Accurate Job Work ring up 43.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor . . . Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Friday.
Red Cross Sewing Circle A met with Mrs. J. H. Davis at nine o'clock in the morning.
Mrs. Hugh Cluck and Miss Edna Brown will be hostesses to the Girl's Splash Club at half after nine o'clock in the morning.
The Women's Missionary Society will meet at the Methodist church at four o'clock in the afternoon.
Regular meeting of the Daughters of Rebekah at Odd Fellows Hall at eight o'clock in the evening.
Saturday.
The last of the classes in First Aid will be held at Elks Hall at nine o'clock in the morning, with Dr. H. M. Austin as instructor.
Mrs. Hal W. Greer will entertain the Nullo Club at nine-thirty in the morning.

The Kicker.
He kicks about the weather and he kicks about the shows; He kicks about the service and the food where'er he goes. He kicks about the street cars and he kicks about the gas; He kicks about the baseball games When he goes on a pass. He kicks about the president, He kicks about the king; He kicks about the house of lords, And almost everything. He kicks about his neighbors and he kicks about his wife; He kicks when there is too much peace. He kicks when there is strife. When he gets to the promised land It's going to make him sick; It won't be heaven there for him Without a chance to kick.

—Brooklyn Daily Eagle.

General Mention.

Dr. Helene E. Kenney and children returned home on Wednesday, after several months' stay with relatives in the north.

Mrs. T. A. Austin is visiting relatives in Waco for a time.

Mrs. F. M. Ramsay and Miss Ellen Ramsay returned home yesterday from a pleasant visit to Kerrville.

Mrs. H. S. Keller, wife of Dr. Keller, stationed at Santo Tomas, arrived in Laredo this morning.

Dr. H. Stow Garlick went to San Antonio yesterday to meet Mrs. Garlick, who will arrive in San Antonio this evening from Cincinnati, where she has been summering with relatives.

Mrs. W. W. MacGregor left for San Antonio this morning in response to a telegram received last night, announcing the death of her brother-in-law, Captain C. E. H. Glazebrook. Capt. and Mrs. Glazebrook have a host of friends in Laredo, having resided here for a number of years.

Mr. D. Kerr and family have returned from a short stay in Pearsall.

Miss Lilian Westbrook will leave tomorrow morning, instead of today, as announced in yesterday's column.

Mrs. Ernest Aldridge and children left on Thursday for San Antonio, and will be the guests of Mrs. J. K. Peretta for a few days.

Mrs. Hawley, wife of Captain Hawley of the Ninth Infantry, will arrive today from Pennsylvania.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Shelby arrived this morning and will be the guests of their mother, Mrs. H. D. Shelby.

Prayer Service.

The ladies of the Methodist Church met at the home of Mrs. John Applewhite yesterday afternoon at four o'clock, and held a very interesting prayer service. Those present were Mesdames Stowers, Lockwood, J. K. Thompson, Threadgill, and Miss Smith.

Missionary Meeting.

The Ladies Aid of the Baptist Church met at the church yesterday

AUSTRIAN TROOPS IN THE TYROL ALPS



This remarkable photograph just received, shows the Austrian troops on the peaks of the great range of mountains where the Italians and Austrian troops are engaged. It is reported that in many places the ice and snow are beginning to melt and great holes are encountered everywhere. Blocks of snow and ice are sliding down the mountains, impeding the progress of the Alpine fighters of both countries.

afternoon at four o'clock and held a most interesting session. The subject for discussion was "The Mission in Europe." At the conclusion of the lesson a short business session was held, and Mesdames Fletcher Smith, J. G. Burr and Trout were elected delegates to attend the convention in Lytle in September. Those present were Mesdames J. G. Burr, C. C. Burr, Oliver Ulmer, Yeary, Heaner and Abbshear.

Entertainments.

Colonel and Mrs. R. A. Brown entertained most delightfully at dinner last week, honoring Mrs. Seth Barton French of New York. The centerpiece of bright black-eyed Susans was most effective. Six courses were served and covers were laid for Mrs. Seth Barton French, Mrs. Ola Bell, General Mann, Colonel Allen, Colonel Heiner, Captain Margateo and Colonel and Mrs. Brown.

Mesdames Seth Barton French and Mabel Hanna Davis were honor guests at a pleasantly informal dinner on Tuesday evening with Colonel and Mrs. Brown as host and hostess. The table was charming in its arrangement of sunflowers. Covers were laid for Mrs. French, Mrs. Davis, Major Grant, Captain Dailey and Col. and Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. John Tucker Halsell was at home very informally yesterday afternoon from half after four until half after five o'clock in honor of Mrs. Seth Barton French. The room was attractive with potted ferns and golden hued zinnias. Mrs. Halsell was assisted in receiving by Mesdames J. A. MacDonald, R. A. Brown, G. C. Woodman, W. W. MacGregor. The dining room was fragrant with tuberose and jasmine and the table laid with a filmy lace runner held a crystal bowl of these blossoms. The color scheme of green and white was carried out in the ices, cakes and bonbons. Mesdames J. J. Haynes and V. S. Oberfeldt received the guests here and were assisted by Misses Ethyl and Myrtle Macklin, Theodora Gullette, Edna Brown and Courtney Slaughter. Punch was served on the spacious gallery, which was charming with its many window boxes of fern, and its easy chairs made it a pleasant resting place for the guests. Misses Belle Westbrook, Louise Muller, Elizabeth Mussett and Lillian Westbrook served. A Mexican orchestra played during the afternoon. Among those calling were: Mesdames Albert Martin, Royle K. Mims, John Sylvanus Carnahan, T. D. Biskamp, T. A. Leyendecker, Frank Nye, J. C. Martin, George C. Woodman, Reid Louis Puster, Michael William Brennan, Arthur Barrett Donnelly, E. H. Burgher, Edgar Alexander Strymer, Arthur Claude Hamilton, Jose Vidales, Robert McComb, John J. Ryan, Joseph Choate King, James Roberts Moore, Edward Callahan, Dodd, M. H. Pennel, F. T. Higgins, Edmund Jarvis Foster, Joe P. Leyendecker, John Manly Daniel, J. B. Morton, August C. Richter, John Spencer Westbrook, M. P. Cullinan, Joe B. Moser, Ed. Rex Tarver, Annis Matson, Hugh Snider Cluck, Misses Ruth Moore, Penn, Clarisse Ryan.

PERSONALS

B. W. Teagarden, Esq., of San Antonio, is in the city on legal business.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Thompson leave tomorrow morning for Corpus Christi, where they will spend several days at the seashore and "Uncle Johnny" will persistently listen and hear what the wild waves are saying.

ROSS:—D. Cohen, San Antonio; J. C. Selmhuth, New Mexico; M. Dunlap, Fort Worth; L. Naranjo, Lampazos; L. H. Bruni, Rio Grande City; F. Otal, City; P. A. Motis, Ira C. England, Houston; P. E. Wilson, T. H. Johnson and wife, Tampico; Fred Robinson, San Antonio; R. Long, Fort Worth; B. D. Bouman, L. H. Smith, St. Louis, Mo.; J. Wetzel, Big Wells; T. H. Marre, St. Louis; Ed. C. Taylor and family, Big Wells.

BENDER:—Stanley Copeland, San Antonio; Bliss Stalleup, Jefferson City; W. A. Lowbe, Houston; A. J. Epple, Waco; Dr. Earl Stafford and wife, San Antonio; A. E. Wier, Fort Smith; D. L. Sumous, San Antonio; E. F. Stay, San Antonio; Edward Weil, Dallas; D. J. Mulliner, San Antonio; C. J. Jennings, Corpus Christi; R. D. McCannell, San Antonio; C. W. Hury and son, Houston; E. E. Bryan, Jr., Philadelphia; H. Guth, P. A. Stevenson, San Antonio; W. A. Malave, New Orleans; Felix E. Wilson, Tampico; J. H. Johnson, Oklahoma City; L. L. Wilson, New Orleans; R. G. Davis, New Orleans; M. N. Wilson, H. L. Boardman and wife, San Antonio.

NOTICE.

STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Webb,
I, S. N. JOHNSON, a Manufacturer and Dealer in Carbonated Goods, Mineral Waters, Soda Water, Ginger Ale, and other carbonated beverages, having my principal place of business and office in said County and State, do hereby file under the provisions of Art. 703, Revised Statutes of Texas, with the County Clerk of Webb County, the following description of the names, marks, and devices stamped, engraved, etched, blown in, or impressed upon my seven (7) and eight (8) ounce bottles, and which I use as a brand mark or trade mark to designate my ownership of the bottles as well as the contents thereof. On each bottle appears on side of same S. N. JOHNSON BOTTLING WORKS, Laredo, Tex., also on side of bottle "This Bottle is Never Sold," on bottom of bottle the letter "J."

Signed this 29th day of July, A. D. 1916.
(Signed) S. N. JOHNSON.
STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Webb,
I, J. A. RODRIGUEZ, County Clerk, Webb County, Texas, do hereby certify that the foregoing description of S. N. JOHNSON of his trade mark and brand upon bottles was filed and recorded in the County Clerk's office of Webb County on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1916.
(Seal) J. A. RODRIGUEZ,
County Clerk, Webb Co., Texas.
By C. R. MOLINA, Deputy.
7-31-21t.

APPRECIATION.

The lecture was most emphatic upon the point. "It is to the pioneers of big movements—the men who are always in the forefront—that the honor of this fair country of ours belongs," he had said.

At the close of that lecture an old woman approached him and shook hands, thanking him for speaking so kindly of her son.

"I think you have made a mistake. I don't know your son, and I cannot have mentioned his name tonight," said the lecturer.

"Yes, you did. My son is one of those pioneers of big movements." "Oh, I see. And what is your son, madam?"

"What is he?" the proud mother asked. In a surprised tone, "Man, he walks in front of the new steam roller with a red flag."—Exchange.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Physicians, Surgeons and Specialists
Members Webb Co. Medical Society

DR. J. T. HALSELL,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office: Richter Building.
Hours: 11 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Phones: Office, 104; Res. 190

DRS. O. J. and A. T. COOK,
Office: Valls Building.
Hours: 11 to 12 a. m. and 3 to 4 p. m.
Phones: Office, 656; Residence, 656.

DR. H. M. AUSTIN,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Office: Room 5, Richter Building.
Phones:—Residence, 474; Office, 684.

DR. H. C. HALL,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Office:—Room 5, Richter Building.
Phones:—Residence 467. Office 684.

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DR. H. STOW GARLICK,
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office: Richter Building.
Hours: 10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.
Sundays, 10 a. m. and by appointment.
Phone: Office, 699.
Res. Milmo Nat. Bank Bldg.
Phone 212.

DR. J. T. WARD,
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office: 1315 Victoria St.
Hours: 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.

OSTEOPATHS.

DRS. C. F. and H. E. KENNEY,
Osteopaths.
Office: 1503 Matamoros St. opposite St. Peter's church. Telephone 197.

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J. L. DANNELLEY,
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WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:
Tonight and Saturday unsettled rain.

Local Weather Report.
The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:
Max. temp. 99 degs.
Min. temp. 78 degs.
General direction of wind: South. Cloudy.

Subscribe for THE TIMES—50 cts. per month.

ROYAL WELSH FUSILIERS ON WESTERN FRONT



An official photograph showing the bivouac of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers on the western front.

LAREEDO'S GOOD FORTUNE.

Laredo has once more been exempt from disaster during a heavy storm which has no doubt done great damage to neighboring towns and cities, although it has been impossible so far to get in touch with outlying communities and learn what damage has been done.

Here in Laredo a number of trees were uprooted or broken off, roofs were damaged and other minor damages were inflicted. But with the exception of cutting off our communication with other towns, this is the extent of the damage here.

So far as could be learned, there was no personal injury and no one is dead as the result of the storm here. The tents of the various guardsmen camps were blown down, causing much discomfort and a great deal of hard work, but no bodily injuries are reported from the camp.

This is not the first time that Laredo has escaped serious damage by storms that caused great loss and personal injuries at other neighboring places. In October of 1913 a disastrous storm visited this section, and our electric light plant and other public utilities were out of commission for a day or two, while our communication with the outside world was cut off. But no other damage was done in Laredo.

We are peculiarly blessed in our exemption from storms, floods and other convulsions of nature. There has never been a great disaster in the Laredo section, with the exception of the cyclone that blew down so many buildings and caused several deaths in 1905.

We are out of the usual track of storms; we are so situated as not to be endangered by floods; we have been safeguarded and protected as have few cities in the country, and we have many things to be thankful for, especially as we are free of the sorrows and the disasters of others.

Those who have suffered and lost their possessions in other sections merit our sympathy and our aid. We can afford to help them because we have not suffered as they have. There will no doubt be many calls for aid as soon as the stricken towns can restore communication with other places, and it is safe to say that Laredo will respond liberally.

Thanks to the Providence that protected us, we are not called upon to help our own people, and our Red Cross and other organizations will be able to devote their aid to neighboring towns which are afflicted.

This is one of the occasions that justifies the existence of the American Red Cross. Those who have lost their possessions, who have suffered personal bereavement, who are in need of food and clothing, will be forever grateful to the people who aid them in their extremity, and among those who will do the most effective work because of their organization are the members of the Red Cross.

Our only trouble at present is lack of communication because of fallen wires and consequent failure of trains to operate, but as soon as the wires are again in operation we shall learn the extent of the damage.

The first people to secure communication will be the press associations and their correspondents, as the prompt forwarding of news is one of the most important measures. Without any knowledge of conditions the people will be unable to discover the worst and most pressing needs.

The telegraph, telephone and rail way companies are, as usual, among the worst sufferers in property damage. The most strenuous efforts are being made to re-establish communications, in order that the world may know the extent of the damage and begin relief operations.

As soon as any news can be obtained The Times will be among the first to give it out. There are many who have relatives in the storm zone, who are worried because they are unable to learn of the plight of their loved ones, and their suspense is greater than that of those who merely want to know the results of the storm.

It is hoped that by the time this appears in print the world will be informed as to the damage done by the storm, which many fear is worse than at first suspected.

THE PEOPLE SAY.

The milk dealers of Greater New York demand a cent more per quart than the people have been paying, on the ground that there is no money in the business at present prices and that the one cent additional would constitute their profit for handling the product.

As a result a senatorial committee has been investigating the milk business in the dairy counties, to see whether it is possible that the farmers who have dairy herds have been getting their share of the money, or whether, as has been alleged by some of those in the business, there has been a constant loss on the part of the dairymen for the past forty years.

As the Brooklyn Eagle sapiently remarks, "the milk producers are all enlarging their barns and they own automobiles and have ample leisure to use them." Where, then do they make the money which they are spending, if not from the milk which the people of New York, principally the babies, use daily?

The proposed additional cent per quart, it is estimated, would amount to \$8,000,000 a year. This would be an average of about \$2 additional per capita to come out of the pockets of the people, in order to make that much richer the people who produce or handle the milk.

If it were possible to carry on a losing business for forty years, there might be some justice in the claim of the dairy men that they should be permitted to raise their price. But the milk business in New York City is one of the enormous concerns of that busy metropolis. The retail dealers alone use thousands of milk carts, they have millions invested in the business, and they must be conducted

ing a successful business or they would quit it. The wholesalers have other millions invested in milk depots, in motor and horse trucks, and in other facilities. If they were not making a profit they could easily put their investments into other lines.

The milk producers have thousands of acres of land devoted to dairy purposes; they have herds varying from a few head to several hundreds. If, as the Eagle says, they are able to enlarge their barns, buy automobiles and take time to use them, they must be making money.

Whenever it is desirable to raise the retail price of any commodity, it is easy to find an excuse for so doing. From the producer down to the smallest retailer the cry comes: "We are running at a loss." Yet the average of the people engaged in the milk business in New York are not of the class one usually thinks of as altruists.

In some sections the people are paying more for an article which costs the same to produce everywhere, while in other places the retail price is much lower. Part of this difficulty comes from lack of markets, of transportation facilities and of other factors in increasing cost of handling.

Yet a man using an automobile in New York pays more for his gasoline in that city than he would in Dallas or New Orleans or Laredo. What is the answer? Simply that the rule of so many dealers is to charge all the traffic will bear.

Sugar comes from Cuba, is refined and sent by rail all over the United States, and one would naturally expect to pay more for it at a distance from the refineries than right where it is produced. Yet, according to the New York papers, the dealers there are charging as much for sugar as they are in Laredo, particularly to the one who buys a pound or two at a time.

Milk in Laredo costs as much to produce—more in some years like the present, with its long dry spell—as it does in New York state. Yet we pay no more for good, pure milk here than the average tenement dweller in New York, and we certainly get a better article the year round.

At the same time, one does not hear of any dairy farmer here complaining that he cannot make a cent of profit from his cows, and that unless he gets a cent or two more a quart he will have to go out of business.

The matter should be thoroughly investigated, with the idea in view of finding out who does get the money paid for the children's milk. And it probably will be found that the only loser is the one who pays the final price, the usual goat—the consumer.

The president vetoed the army appropriation bill because of an objectionable amendment to the articles of war, whereupon Chairman Hay eliminated all the revision of the articles. Why not make a separate bill and let the appropriation go through?

The Deutschland is reported to have arrived safely at Bremen from Baltimore. Inasmuch as the Bremen has never been heard from, it would be well for Captain Koenig to rest on his laurels and wait for the end of the war to make his next voyage.

Senator Culberson says he cannot come to Texas as long as congress is in session. If we were in his place, we would not worry about it. He can't lose by remaining to do his duty.

The Portuguese announce that they are soon to enter the war on the side of the Entente allies. This will be the first time they have fought against the English since they fought against the French in the Napoleonic wars. Old friendships are hard to break.

Look Good—Feel Good.

Not one can either feel good nor look good while suffering from constipation. Get rid of that tired, draggy, lifeless feeling by a treatment of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Buy a box to-day, take one or two pills to-night. In the morning that stuffed, dull feeling is gone and you feel better at once. 25c at your druggist.

THEY RETURNED VIA LAREDO.

Mr. and Mrs. Coleman and Some of Their Guests Pass Thro Here on Way Home From Outing at Coast.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Coleman have been visiting at Corpus Christi and Flour Bluff during the past two weeks, and last week they had as their guests on a fishing expedition at Flour Bluff twenty-one associates and employees of Mr. Coleman. A big dinner was the culminating feature of the week's pleasure jaunt.

Yesterday afternoon the host and hostess and eleven of their guests arrived in Laredo from Corpus Christi in the party arriving here were: Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Coleman, S. A. James, J. C. Proctor, S. J. Jordan, W. N. Young, O. Pratt, C. C. Thomas, Jim Carr, Erskin and Frank Rhodes, Eugene Robbins, Perry Born, H. E. Johnson. Most of these people live at places between Laredo and San Antonio up the line of the I. & G. N. road.

PILES CURED AT HOME BY NEW ABSORPTION METHOD.

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the new absorption treatment. I will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested. Immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this offer. Write today to Mrs. M. Summers, Box P, Nottville, Ind.

Subscribe for THE TIMES—50 cts per month.

STREET IMPROVEMENT PROJECT IS ENCOURAGED BY MAYOR

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE PETITION FAVORABLY RECEIVED.

Big Oiling Project Under Way; Heavy Street Roller Needed by the City; Surfacing Project.

The Laredo Chamber of Commerce favors a movement for the improvement of the streets of Laredo in the grading and surfacing of the streets and the treatment of the surface so as to eliminate the ruts in the streets and also the dust.

Mr. E. L. Dennis of the Texas Trap Rock Company of San Antonio spent a few days in the city last week and during his visit he was accompanied by the secretary J. W. Kenney, in calling upon the Mayor of the city and several of the business men of Laredo in this connection. Mayor McComb expressed himself as being heartily in accord with the idea of street improvement, the chief ambition and policy of the mayor being to improve the city in every way possible.

The plan of Mr. Dennis is to surface the streets with trap rock, cracked by machinery to small sizes. The trap rock is the hardest of all surfaces and it is applied upon a gravel base which has been properly graded and packed. A layer of from one to three inches thick is applied, then fine rock screening and sand is applied with an application of bitumen, which makes the surface absolutely smooth and firm the original cost not exceeding one fourth the cost of paving. Slight additional treatments are applied after 15 and 30 months at a very low cost.

It was suggested that a test be made on three blocks of some much travelled thoroughfare, for example, Matamoros street from Jarvis Plaza west. Most of the property owners indicated their readiness and willingness to pay their share, the paving company would pay a part and when Mayor McComb and Street Commissioner Eugene Christen were interviewed upon the project they showed an attitude of interest and cooperation and a willingness to give any reasonable project a fair test, evincing an enthusiasm upon the question of street improvement and a willingness to cooperate with the Chamber of Commerce in any movement along that line, as a preliminary test.

They stated that the city is in need of a 14-ton street roller and a scurfer, the city now having only a very light roller. The Mayor and Mr. Christen have made a careful investigation and study of street paving and street construction and if given the necessary machinery they can put the streets of Laredo in as good shape as the streets in any city in Texas. The street roller will cost about \$3,500 and a heavy roller is essential in order to crush the streets, so that they will stand the heavy traffic.

The city administration is now attending to the work of preparing certain streets and avenues to be oiled for the benefit of the troops that are quartered here and for this purpose the Laredo Chamber of Commerce has purchased, from a special fund raised for the purpose under the leadership of Sam W. Brown, vice-president, thirty thousand gallons of oil. Mr. Brown also had the Texas Company ship a heavy oil sprinkler to Laredo and Mayor McComb has had one of the city wagons adjusted for the purpose.

The city is making progress along this line and the Mayor is willing, and anxious to give the people these improvements as fast as they are willing to receive them. There is a strong sentiment in favor of such improvements and every indication that the movement will go forward. Mr. F. A. Lattig, chairman of the committee on highways, is greatly interested in this movement.

Mayor McComb states that the city is not now in a position to buy a steam roller, but that with a steam roller the city can put the streets in proper condition at from 50c to 75c less than any corporation. The mayor further states that crushed rock will not be needed here for street construction, as we have excellent material for street building.

Will Be Open Monday.

A cordial invitation is extended to the public to call and inspect our new Bank Building on Monday evening, August 21st, 1916, from 8.30 to 11.00 o'clock.

LAREDO NATIONAL BANK.

819-21

FOR LAREDO'S GOOD.

To The Times:

Permit me to use a little space in your valuable paper, perhaps for the benefit of our community. As the number of beggars on the streets of Laredo has so increased as to be classed as a public nuisance, I propose this to be abated at once and I offer the following suggestion. Every merchant as well as other person who wishes to contribute weekly, say 25c to \$1; this money to be collected by some charitable organization (such as the Associated Charities), who in their turn will name a person or committee to convert this money into provisions. Buying every week from a different merchant the said provisions to be distributed among the beggars who, in the opinion of the said committee, are in need of them; the place from which the provisions are to be distributed to be designated. A city ordinance should be passed at once prohibiting the beggars from soliciting on the streets or in the business houses of Laredo. Another ordinance should be passed prohibiting the use of certain streets to any vehicle drawn by burro or burros, which is also a public nuisance.

A CITIZEN.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Saturday.
Red Cross Class in First Aid met at Elk's Hall at nine o'clock in the morning, with Dr. H. M. Austin as instructor.
The Nullos Club will meet with Mrs. H. W. Greer at half after nine o'clock in the morning.
Sunday.
The Junior League will hold its regular weekly meeting at the Methodist church at half after four o'clock in the afternoon.
The B. Y. P. U. Senior and will hold regular weekly meeting at the Baptist Church, at half after seven o'clock in the evening.
The Christian Endeavor Society will hold its regular weekly meeting at the Christian Church at half after seven o'clock in the evening.
The Epworth League will hold its regular weekly meeting at the Methodist Church at seven o'clock in the evening.
Monday.
Red Cross Sewing Circle B will meet at the home of Mrs. G. C. Woodman at ten o'clock in the morning.

This May Interest You.

The Times desires all social items of interest and cordially invites its readers to supply such news to the society editor. Send or phone all items about weddings, parties, visitors, dinners, receptions, bazaars, children's parties, etc. If you are leaving town or returning, or have visitors arriving or departing, The Times will be glad to know it. While names will not be used all written communications must be signed. This is imperative to prevent imposition. Address all society communications to the Society Editor of The Times or phone No. 70 between 7 a. m. and 9 a. m. and 2 to 7 p. m.

General Mention.

Mr. Eusebio Garcia and family returned home yesterday from Corpus Christi where they spent the summer.

Mrs. Wm. Eitt returned yesterday from a short visit to San Antonio.

Mrs. Cooke, wife of Lieutenant Cooke of the First Missouri, arrived yesterday from St. Louis, Mo.

Mrs. George Derby and family returned home yesterday from Ingle side, where they have been spending the summer.

Mrs. Seth Barton French left for San Antonio last night, after a stay in Laredo, and will spend several days at Fort Sam Houston.

Dr. J. M. Skinner and son Fred returned to Laredo the latter part of the week from Martindale, West Virginia, where they have been summering. Mrs. Skinner will not return until the first of September.

Mrs. Kate Winston has returned to the Holding Institute, after a pleasant visit in Lubbock, Texas.

Mrs. J. O. Bueenz and son Fred, who have been in Corpus Christi visiting for a while, are expected home shortly.

Club Notes.
The Women's Missionary Society held its regular weekly meeting at the Methodist Church yesterday afternoon at four o'clock. Owing to the rainy weather there was a small attendance, and only a prayer service was held. Those present were Mesdames W. H. Mims, A. G. Thompson, Evans, Lockwood and Miss Smith.

Entertainments.

The Girls Splash Club was most delightfully entertained yesterday morning by Mrs. Hugh Cluck and Miss Edna Brown. The members motored out to Bella Vista at nine o'clock and after an enjoyable swim in the pool, the hostesses served delicious sandwiches and tea. Those present were Mesdames Gillette, Westbrook, Mackin, Strmyer, J. B. DuCanana, Joe Moser; Misses Belle Westbrook, Jessie Hale, Theodora Gillette, Lillian Westbrook, Myrtle Mackin, Ethel Mackin, Bayless Gillette and the hostesses.

The dance held at Elk's Hall last evening was a very small affair owing to the stormy weather. There were about seven or eight couples present.

Nullos Club.

The Nullos Club was delightfully entertained this morning at half after nine o'clock by Mrs. Hal W. Greer at her hospitable home on Salinas avenue. A series of auction bridge games proved an interesting pastime. The high score prize, a hand embroidered guest towel, was won by Miss Amor Penn, and the low score, a roseleaf necklace, was awarded Mrs. Ina S. Penn. A tempting course of refreshments was served midway between the games. Those present were: Mesdames M. T. Cogley, A. C. Hamilton, J. S. Penn, A. D. Huberich, G. C. Woodman, L. J. Christen, the hostess and Miss Penn and Mrs. Frank T. Higgins of Sulphur, La.

Welding.

Invitations have been received for the marriage of Miss Ana Gonzalez and Mr. Santos Mendez, at St. Agustín pro-cathedral the 24th instant at nine o'clock in the morning. A reception at the home of the bride's

PERSONALS

O. Pratt of Encinal is in the city. Judge C. C. Thomas of Cotulla is in the city.
Wm. Sulzbacher of San Antonio is a guest at the Bender.
Percy Tyrrell, the genial manager of the Gunter Hotel of San Antonio is a guest at the Bender.
Gus Matthews has returned to Laredo to make his home and is visiting at the home of his brother, Alfred Matthews. Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Mat thews will arrive as soon as Mr. Matthews recovers from a sick spell and is able to travel.
BENDER.—J. D. Boyle, San Antonio; William J. Mullard, Houston; S. P. Clark, E. L. Keleigue, Fort Worth; G. W. Leflor, Dallas; Wm. Sulzbacher, Henry Hagelston, San Antonio; C. P. Robestown, Kansas City, Mo.; Guillermo Pool, Monterey; P. H. Heeney, Port Arthur; C. J. Jennings, Añve; Mr. Allison and wife Mr. Keve and wife, San Antonio; Percy Tyrrell, Gunter Hotel; J. D. Cooper, Missouri.

PACIFIC MAIL RESUMES.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 19.—The sailing of the steamship Ecuador today marks the resumption of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's service between San Francisco and the Orient, which was abandoned a year ago when the company sold its fleet at a big profit. The company has bought three ships from the Royal Dutch West India Mail Company with which to resume the service. If this initial experiment to revive the Pacific business is successful an entirely new fleet will be put in service, and the three vessels already acquired will be released for the Central American trade.
When the Pacific Mail Steamship Company gave up the Pacific service a year ago it created something of a sensation, because one of the reasons alleged for its action was that it would be impossible to operate under the American flag if the La Follette Seaman's act was enforced. An official of the company now says that the rise in freight rates has offset the extra expense entailed by the operation of the act.

NOTED CATHOLICS IN GREAT MEETING.

New York, Aug. 19.—Twenty thousand delegates, including 100,000 number noted prelates, scholars, editors and laymen in the forefront of Catholic activities throughout the United States, assembled here today for the opening of the series of conventions that is to mark the celebration of "Catholic Week." These conventions, the sessions of which will continue through the whole of next week, will include meetings of the American Federation of Catholic Societies, the German Federation of Catholic Societies, the Catholic Young Men's National Union and several smaller bodies. The combined gathering will be the largest and most notable of its kind ever held in America.

The opening ceremony tomorrow morning at St. Patrick's Cathedral where Cardinal Farley will sing the pontifical mass and Cardinal Gibbons will preach the federation sermon, will be attended by the largest number ever assembled in that cathedral. Governor Whitman, laymen of prominence, and representatives of societies and races representing every country in the world will be there.

In Madison Square Garden tomorrow night a mass meeting will be held, at which all of the dignitaries will be present and addresses will be made. A musical program quite out of the ordinary has been prepared. The Metropolitan Opera House orchestra will play and the famous Rubinstein and German choral societies will sing.

parents, 1639 Iturbide street, will follow the ceremony.

Red Cross Notes.

The following report was sent in to day by Miss Julia Schultz for publication. It is certainly gratifying to all those who took part in the entertainment, to know that their efforts were crowned with success. Too much cannot be said in compliment to the chairman, Mrs. C. B. Kennedy, the various committees, and to the young ladies whose efforts made the affair a success. It has been conceded by all those in attendance to have been one of the most brilliant entertainments ever held in Laredo. Every one enjoyed being at the gathering, but it was especially pleasant to the many strangers within our gates. The following moneys were taken in at the different booths and gates: Lemonade Booth, Mrs. W. N. Young, \$25; Tamale Booth, Mrs. Reid Puster, \$47; Ice cream Booth, Mrs. C. C. Woodman, \$23; Dutch Booth, Mrs. MacGregor, \$13.80; Flower Booth, Miss M. Mowry, \$42.65; French Booth, Mrs. E. H. Bueenz, \$15.35; Soda and Cigars, Mrs. F. E. Sharkey, \$24; Jail Booth, Mrs. M. P. Cullinan, \$43; English Booth, Mrs. M. Diaz, \$14.85; Mexican Candy Booth, Mrs. A. Matson, \$57.81; Intermuse Booth, Mrs. G. R. Weber, \$24.65; Tamale Booth, Mrs. John Applewhite, \$15.67; Gypsy Booth, Mrs. Roberts, \$6.75; Pon Corn Booth, Mrs. J. B. Morton, \$17.80; Ice cream Booth, Mrs. Sam Mackin, \$12.55; Gates, Mrs. Con Mims, \$92; Mrs. Joe Netzer, \$31.45; Mrs. Hamlin, \$12.00; Mrs. E. H. Sauvinet, \$12.60; Reserved seats, Mrs. Dear, \$3.55; Mrs. A. Pogrenpohl, \$1.25. Net proceeds \$450.00.

For Neat and Accurate Job Work ring up 48.

STORM SWEEP CORPUS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

sleep and keep watch on the storm noted the capricious work of the wind and rain and some of them were compelled to place rugs or other material under their doors to prevent the driven rain from flooding rooms.

Perhaps the greatest alarm was felt for the safety of the militiamen of Missouri, Maine and New Hampshire, who were camped in the Northern portion of the city, the soldier boys who were encamped in the new camp on the Heights and the boys of the Ninth Infantry and Coast Artillery regiments and other units in the Ninth Infantry Camp, where either tents or collapsible houses are being used for shelter purposes by the soldiery encamped at the latter place.

Many Tents Blown Down.

The damage to the soldiers' tents was not anything, for while they were leveled to the ground in most instances and very few were left standing this morning, there was no body killed or injured. Some damage was done to personal belongings of militiamen by the water and through the night each of the occupants of tents were ordered to save the tents if possible and to do this they were compelled to sit therein in water and hold the guy lines and support poles, but even this had no effect in keeping the tents up, for the heavy wind lowered them to the ground. The tents were raised again early this morning.

Damage About City.

In various parts of the city this morning the effects of the storm were apparent and many trees were to be observed uprooted, fences blown away, some outhouses were down, in one place a barn had been blown over on a horse and killed the animal, chicken coops were blown to smithereens and much other minor damage was noticed. Damage of this kind too numerous to enumerate was done all over the city, but withal, not a life was lost that has been learned of.

Laredo Was in Darkness.

About 8.30 last night a live wire fell and set fire to a fence, but this was extinguished and the wire continued cutting up capers that was considered dangerous, so the current was shut off from the electric power plant and the wire was put in a safe condition. During the greater part of the night Laredo was in darkness, caused principally by the fact that dangling wires about the city were severed by swaying branches of trees or blown from their places on the poles and eventually disconnected, and to avoid detrimental results the current was shut off at the power plant, but this was not done until the service was practically paralyzed.

Up to late yesterday afternoon the telephone company had a wire leading to Corpus Christi from San Antonio, but the numerous calls from San Antonio to the coast overburdened the wires and many calls had to be neglected. Later the line was out of service to the coast. The telegraph wires were working up to a late hour last night, but this morning they were out of commission for a time, the damage being done in the country around Laredo and between here and San Antonio by the heavy wind.

Fortunately there were no casualties as a result of the storm in Laredo last night, and as far as the Times can learn no one was badly hurt. Many people were out in the storm last night attending to things about their homes and taking precautions to prevent damage, and otherwise than getting a good soaking no damage resulted to them.

Station Destroyed at Realitos.

This morning a train of the Texas-Mexican left for Corpus Christi, but as to what progress it made has not been learned. When telegraph communication was partly restored on the Texas-Mexican telegraph line this morning headquarters here received information that during the night a train had been stalled at Benavides and the crew reported that a storm had raged all along the line from Corpus Christi to that point. At Realitos the Texas-Mexican station building was blown down and practically demolished by the wind, while at other places cattle pens and small structures of various kinds were damaged by the wind. A heavy rain prevailing all along the line of the Texas-Mexican from Laredo to Corpus Christi yesterday afternoon and last night and in some places the country is reported virtually inundated and many trees blown down.

Worked Hard to Restore Service.
Crews from both San Antonio and Laredo and also from intermediate points were sent out early this morning by the Southwestern Telegraph & Telephone Co. and the Western Union Telegraph Co. to repair damage done to the lines of these companies with the hope that communication could be restored by noon today, but notwithstanding the various crews working on the lines found numerous poles down and other damage resulting from the wind at various points along the line, both telegraph and telephone communication were out at noon today. No doubt this condition has caused many people at a distance to believe that Laredo has been isolated from the world by a storm that has done a great work of devastation, when in reality no serious damage resulted from the storm here.

Heavy Wind at Cotulla.
The International & Great North ern train which left San Antonio last night and was due to reach here at 7:15 o'clock this morning, was belated about four hours and reached here shortly after 11 o'clock this forenoon. Passengers arriving on the train state that last night the wind had attained such a high velocity at Cotulla that it was necessary to stop and "block" the locomotive and whole train to keep it from being blown over. Much minor damage was done at Cotulla and other places between there and Laredo and the fury of the storm did not exhaust itself until the early hours of morning—the wind did

SWEDEN TO HONOR FAMOUS SINGER.

Stockholm, Aug. 19.—A little more than a quarter of a century ago, or, to be exact, 31 years ago, Christine Nilsson, one of the world's greatest lyrical and dramatic artists, at the zenith of her fame, with the musical world at her feet, retired from the stage to private life. When the operatic managers evidenced the desire to use her and her voice and dramatic power as so much merchandise to institute a series of farewell performances stretching over a number of years, then the great singer withdrew. Her art was more to her than mere wealth.

This happened only thirty-one years ago, and yet, to the great mass of her former American friends and admirers, she is probably only a memory and her present situation unknown.

Put in Sweden, the land of her birth and the country which she has always called home, the Countess de Miranda, at the famous singer is known in private life, is still idolized by the people. Tomorrow, on the beginning of her seventy-fifth year, the love and esteem in which the singer is held by all classes of the people will be given expression in a national tribute, the like of which has seldom been witnessed in this or any other land. For one entire week the opera houses and theaters in Stockholm and other cities will be given over to Nilsson testimonial performances. In addition, there is to be a great public reception at which the singer will be greeted by all classes, from prince to peasant.

At this reception the former prima donna will be presented with a medal especially designed in honor of the occasion. The obverse side of the medal, which was designed by Eric Lindberg, bears the name of Christine Nilsson at the height of her fame and on the reverse side appears an allegorical composition with appropriate inscription. The cost of the medal was defrayed by public subscription. Among the contributors to the funds were the King and Queen, the Crown Prince and other members of the royal family of Sweden. The names of several prominent Americans also appear among the subscribers.

Christine Nilsson was born in the hamlet of Hussaby, on the southern confines of the Swedish peninsula. She was the eighth child of Nilsson, a worthy peasant, who lived by husbandry, and maintained, with the aid of his numerous family, a farm, belonging to Count Hamilton. The cot occupied by the seven brothers and sisters was lowly. In her earliest childhood Christine was not distinguished among her sisters. With them she was sent to a country school to learn, at the expense of the Commonwealth, reading and writing. Her father, who was an impassioned admirer of music and the leading singer in his church, taught her the first scale of the musical notes. As she grew in form as well as in beauty she had to perform a share of the household labors and sometimes to work in the fields. But Christine, when alone at home, seized upon the instrument of her brother Carl, the village fiddler, and repeated by ear the national airs she had heard him play. The neighbors were loud in their approval of the child's voice, which they deemed wonderful in one so young. Carl then conceived the scheme of increasing his slender gains in taking his sister to the fairs and weddings, at which his services were needed. The realization of the idea was most excellent. The tiny girl attracted the crowd and held it spellbound.

At one of the fairs the little singer attracted the attention and admiration of a noted magistrate of the district. He offered to take the little child into his own family and attend to her musical education. Thus was Christine started on the road to fame and fortune. She first studied under Berwald, and later in Paris was tutored by Victor J. Nasse and Warlet. Her operatic debut was made in Stockholm in 1850. When she first appeared in London, seven years later, she scored a great success, especially in "Faust." Then came a triumphal tour of the European capitals. In 1870 she made her first American appearance in New York and repeated the success which she had already won on this side of the Atlantic.

The famous singer was twice married. Her first husband was a Frenchman, Auguste Rouzand, who died in 1882. In 1887 she took for her second husband Count de Miranda, and with her wedding retired permanently from the operatic stage. Count de Miranda died in France in 1902.

SCHOOL OF MUSKETRY TO OPEN.

Lawton, Okla., Aug. 20.—A special term of the school of musketry of the United States army, for instruction in the use of machine guns, will be opened tomorrow at Fort Sill. Officers from many divisions of the army and those in command of machine gun companies of the national guard are expected to attend.

PIUS X'S DEATH REMEMBERED.

Rome, Aug. 19.—The second anniversary of the death of Pope Pius X will be observed tomorrow with the celebration of masses in the crypt of St. Peter's where the body of the pontiff is buried near the tomb of St. Peter. The services will be attended by Pope Benedict and all the members of the Sacred College resident at the Vatican.

not subside completely until after 4 o'clock this morning.

Rio Grande on Rampage.

Established
June 14, 1881.

Laredo Weekly Times.

Laredo, Texas. — The Future
Great Railroad Centre and Grand
Gateway of International Com-
merce.

VOL. XXXVI.

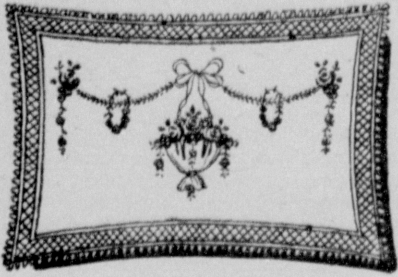
LAREDO, TEXAS, SUNDAY, AUGUST 20, 1916—TWELVE PAGES.

NO. 10

THE ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT STORE

There are just about 100 Dresses in stock—in white and colors—that we want to move prior to stock taking. They range in price from \$3.00 to \$30.00. They will be sold at 25% off. A lot of Wash Dresses, values from \$2.50 to \$3.75 are being sold at \$1.00. Just the dress for House wear.

New Waists are being shown at \$1.00. Silk Crepe and Georgettes Waists are on sale at 25% off former price.



The
New Packages
of Royal Society
Stamped Goods
are in.
Stamped Gowns
at 50c.

New Neckwear at 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00

SHOE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

We have reduced

\$6.00 Pumps to \$4.50

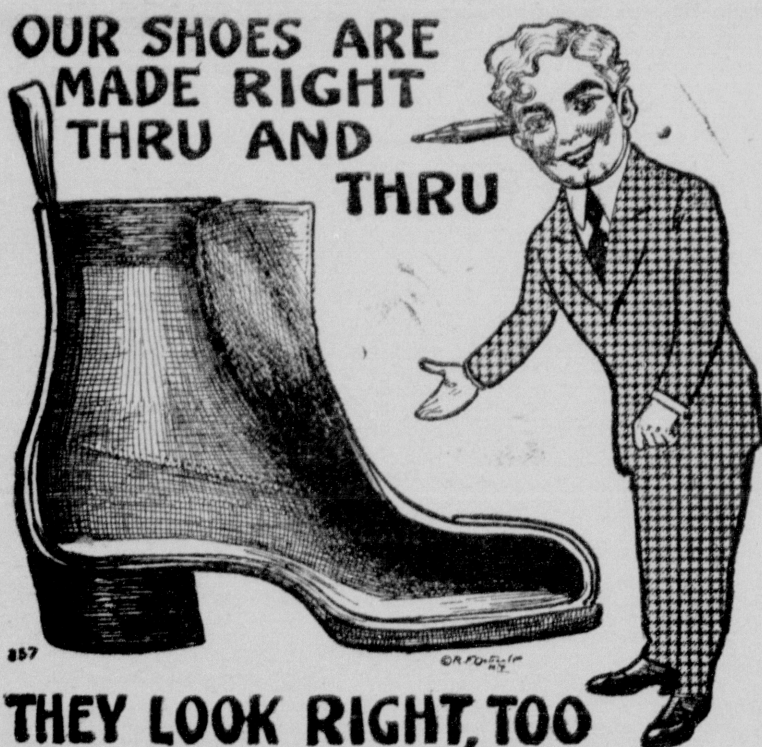
5.00 Pumps to 3.75

4.00 Pumps to 3.00

Special: \$1.50 Bondovi Slippers \$1.00

Store opens 8 a. m. closes 6:30 p. m.

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And our shoes FIT your feet.
Your feet are good friends.
Treat them kindly.
You will when you buy our shoes.
Our PRICE will please you as well as
our shoes.

I. ALEXANDER,
CLOTHIER AND FURNISHER.



JUST RIGHT

is how you'll find a dish of our ice cream. Right in coldness, right in flavor. It never fails to make a loyal friend where it is once tasted. Try it and we venture to say you'll pronounce it the cream of all ice creams.

Consumers Ice & Fuel Co.

GULF STORM SWEEP CORPUS CHRISTI BEACH BUT NO LOSS OF LIFE IS REPORTED SO FAR

Meager Details Gathered from Train Crew that Reached San Diego, but Aside from Statement that Several Buildings were Wrecked in Down Town Portion, Nothing Else Learned from Informant.

3 p. m.—Superintendent M. M. Leyendecker of the Texas-Mexican Railway Co. this afternoon at 2:40 o'clock received a telegram from San Diego announcing that the train from Corpus Christi has just reached there and that information brought by Conductor Lott Tylor was to the effect that Corpus Christi beach was swept by the hurricane last night and that the volume of damage was to property on the beach and in the downtown portion of Corpus Christi. Conductor Taylor gave only meager details, but stated that up to this morning no loss of life had been reported. At San Diego the storm did some damage, wrecking and unroofing the railroad station at that place.

Additional advices received at 3:15 o'clock this afternoon by Superintendent Leyendecker from Corpus Christi state that a half-mile of the San Antonio & Aransas Pass Ry. Co. bridge over the reef and the approach to the new \$150,000 causeway on the Nueces county side were washed away. A heavy property loss is reported generally in Corpus Christi.

A report by telegraph from Robstown to Supt. Leyendecker states that at that place the loss is heavy, both to property in the town and outside of it, while the telegraph line is blown down toward Bishop and passengers arriving at Robstown state that great damage was done by the hurricane to property in Bishop, Kingsville and other points south of Robstown. The hurricane did not subside in intensity until after 1 o'clock this morning.

Reports from Corpus up to time that wire communication ceased were to the effect that the wind had reached a velocity of 85 miles an hour and that all wire communication to the west had been destroyed.

The Western Union wires, the Southwestern Telephone wires and all railroad wires leading into Laredo were broken, and the conductor on the I. & G. N. train which reached Laredo after several hours' delay reported that over three miles of poles carrying Western Union and railway wires were down between Derby and Encinal, which will necessitate several days of work to re-establish communication.

Owing to the lack of wire communication, it was impossible to get the Associated Press report of the world's news today, and for the first time in nearly three years, or since October of 1913, we have failed to get the news from abroad.

The Storm in Laredo.

During last night the city of Laredo and surrounding country, and in fact all the intervening country between this city and Corpus Christi, were within the throes of a terrific windstorm and heavy rain, which came as the tail-end of the hurricane which was sweeping the Texas coast between Corpus Christi and Brownsville, and which hit the former place with disastrous results. A wind at high velocity set in here about dark last night and became more intense

as the night progressed, in fact it is estimated that at 9 o'clock last night the wind had reached that velocity where it was blowing in excess of sixty miles per hour from the northwest and a heavy rain was falling also.

During the early part of the storm there was no lighting, but towards morning an electrical display was seen to the westward, the wind at that hour having veered and was coming from the west northwest and finally shifted to the west southwest

After that various capers were performed by the elements of wind and water, and at intervals the velocity of the wind would rise to a high pitch and then subside, seemingly to give the rain a chance to come down in veritable torrents. At one time last night the wind veered around almost due south and then as quickly changed almost to the north. Restless heads who decided to forego

(Continued on Page 12.)

STATEMENT OF THE LAREDO NATIONAL BANK

LAREDO, TEXAS.

At the Close of Business, June 30, 1916, as rendered to the Comptroller of the Currency CONDENSED.

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts.....\$ 733,513.43	Capital Stock.....\$ 200,000.00
Bank Building, Furniture and Fixtures.....46,484.86	Surplus Fund.....50,000.00
United States Bonds.....165,000.00	Undivided Profits, net.....96,213.33
Other Bonds and Securities.....2,072.00	Circulation.....150,000.00
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank.....7,500.00	Deposits.....840,484.43
Cash and Exchange.....882,127.47	
Total.....\$1,336,697.76	Total.....\$1,336,697.76
J. K. BERETTA, President.	SAM W. BROWN, Cashier.
B. M. ALEXANDER, Vice President.	P. W. BUTTRON, Asst. Cashier.



YOU WILL NOT GET "BIT" WHEN YOU BUY TOOLS AND HARDWARE FROM US. WE DO NO "SHARP" PRACTICE IN OUR STORE.

WE "HANDLE" EVERYTHING AN UP-TO-DATE HARDWARE STORE SHOULD CARRY AND "CHISEL" THE PRICE DOWN WHEN WE FIRST MARK OUR GOODS.

COME TO US FOR WHAT YOU NEED, BECAUSE OUR HARDWARE'S THE BEST; IT STANDS THE TEST.

A. DEUTZ & BROTHER



THE GENUINE THIN MODEL TIMEKEEPER THE GRUEN VERITHIN WATCH

Its thinness is in the construction of the movement in a unique arrangement of wheels that saves half of the space without reducing size or strength of parts; we have them in all sizes and prices. We also have a very large line of all other well known makes, such as Elgin, Waltham, Howard, Illinois, etc. Before contemplating buying a watch let us show you how we can save you money by selecting one from

Highest Perfection
in class marked
PRECISION
MADE

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THE JEWELER

FOR THIS WEEK!

We offer a 96 Piece
Decorated China Dinner Set
for
\$11.50

JOSEPH NETZER

Everything in Hardware

1311-1315 LINCOLN ST.

PHONE 127

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

The Reliable Playhouse, The Unique that affords
to its patrons security and comfort
BEST MUSIC, BEST FILM SERVICE

Kitty Gordon, the most magnificently gowned woman on the screen, in "HER MATERNAL RIGHT"
A society drama of startling sensationalism—World Films—in five reels. Also one reel of comedy.
Vaudeville—Billy Milne, The New Hampshire soldier boy, will sing new songs.
Sunday—Triangle Plays: Charles Ray in "THE DESERTER." The newest and most interesting military drama that should be seen by militiamen. Also the Famous Keystone comedy in two parts.

Admission: Adults 10c Children 5c Box Seats 15c

From Friday's Daily.

THE RED CROSS.

In many parts of the country now there are Red Cross rallies, picnics, bazaars and other activities by which the people are induced to contribute for the work of this great organization. The total of the sums raised by these praiseworthy endeavors is a vast sum, and yet it does not cover all the needs of the Red Cross.

In peace times the calls on the Red Cross are merely in time of epidemics, of great calamities and when the people of another nation ask for our aid in handling situations which are too great for them to successfully handle alone.

But in wartime there are myriads of calls which are not even suspected by the average laymen. And since the great war in Europe began, there have been more calls than ever upon the American Red Cross.

Ambulance companies have been formed and equipped, field and base hospitals have been furnished with the full equipment as well as with the entire staff of surgeons and nurses, and millions of dollars' worth of supplies have been carefully prepared and forwarded.

Not only have the American people contributed enormously to the funds necessary for carrying on this great work, but many of our representative men and women have gone into the field to carry on the executive work of the organization while the professional workers were busy in the hospitals.

To carry on this work there is need for much sacrifice on the part of the people of the United States. No matter what one's sympathies in the struggle, all realize that suffering has no politics, no creed and no nationality and that every sufferer is entitled to the same care that we would want for our own in like case.

When the work was first suggested in Laredo, it was believed that we should only be called upon to prepare for what most people believe is the inevitable end of the Mexican situation—hostilities between the two countries. In such a case our own needs would be more imperative than those of others, and there would be less hesitancy in responding to the demand for funds.

The Laredo chapter was organized, and in a few short months has grown to wonderful proportions. With over 300 members the local chapter has gone ahead and accomplished much. It has relieved the soldiers of the regular army as well as the guardsmen, it has sent to the hospitals supplies of bed linen, towels, pajamas and the like, and it is still working on the supplies asked for.

The Jamaica given on Martin Plaza was an example of how the people of Laredo respond when a call is heard from suffering humanity. Of course there were many who were there for the one purpose of enjoying themselves, but they could have enjoyed themselves elsewhere without giving so much of their time and energy for this work. And those who feel assured that they got the worth of every cent they spent may still feel that they have done something for the great relief work of the American Red Cross.

The Jamaica proved that the Red Cross members are just as active and effective in Laredo as they are elsewhere. They made a success of the undertaking—both artistically and financially—and it is hoped that this success will stimulate them to renewed effort along the same general lines at a later period.

If anything was needed to stimulate the interest of the Laredo people in Red Cross work, it surely was given Wednesday night. The women who donated their time and labor as well as the materials for the refreshments at the Jamaica have done their share for the present. And at future entertainments they will have the hearty co-operation of those who were not participants in the present affair.

AVERTING EPIDEMICS.

The news that Mexican ports are quarantined against New York because of the prevalence of infantile paralysis in that city is somewhat of a joke. There have been no passengers for Mexican ports from New York or any other Northern city for some months past, the traffic turning the other way.

If this is in revenge for the strict sanitary regulations on our border, it will fail of its object, for the federal and state authorities are determined to relax none of their measures in tended to safeguard the United States against the introduction of dangerous diseases.

The latest epidemic reported from Mexico is one of dengue fever. It is not frequently fatal, but is a very distressing disease and often leaves the patient in a weakened condition. Formerly known in parts of the South as the "break-bone fever," it was first recognized in this country in 1827, and it became so common in certain sections as not to excite comment.

The state and federal health authorities are determined to prevent the introduction, so far as possible of all diseases which might spread and cause suffering among our people. To this end, the regulations will be strictly enforced, and should an epidemic of dengue manifest itself in the section immediately to the south of Laredo, a rigid quarantine will be enforced, requiring all suspected cases to remain isolated before being permitted to enter this state.

With the usual disregard of danger, the lower class Mexicans cannot understand the necessity for such action, and they have the fatalistic idea that "if God wills, all precautions are useless." Consequently it becomes necessary to take energetic steps to prevent the introduction among us of dangerous diseases.

We have been fortunate in our exemption from epidemics. Considering the habits and the customs of many of the immigrants who enter

across the international bridge, it is marvelous that we have not been decimated by disease. A great part of our immunity is due to the energetic work of our health authorities and the hearty co-operation on the part of our physicians. Added to this the healthy climate which we enjoy, and it is after all not so wonderful that we have escaped deadly contagions.

No effort should be spared to prevent the introduction of contagious disease. The belief on the part of most physicians that filth and flies cause the spread of the terrible scourge of infantile paralysis that is now ravaging New York city should incline our people to take more precautions than ever in the way of cleanliness.

Despite the opinion of some to the contrary, Laredo is not what might be called a dirty city. There are some people without even the most rudimentary idea of sanitation, but the majority of the residents of Laredo are careful to keep their surroundings clean.

With the precautions that are taken, both by the citizens and the health authorities, there should be little danger of disease obtaining a foothold in our midst. The inspections at the bridge are careful and should not fail in excluding fully-developed cases. It may be that some cases will succeed in passing the inspection, but as soon as they are discovered they will be isolated.

There should be a hearty co-operation on the part of the Mexican authorities in preventing the crossing of infected persons into our territory. As a rule, the Mexican doctors are very careful as regards the possibility of infection, and in the past they have aided in preventing the infected persons from coming to this side.

All suspicious cases of sickness of any nature whatsoever should be immediately reported to the health authorities, as by this precaution the spread of the disease may be prevented. A person may not be stricken with a contagious or infectious disease, but the average layman has no means of assuring himself on this point, and it is safer to have the doctors examine all suspected cases.

The Detroit robbers who stole \$32,000 from a pay car are alleged to have hidden it in a rooming house and finally to have escaped with it. We don't know whether this is a boast of the Detroit police or an indication that they got their share for keeping mum.

The New York street car strike is about to break out again. It is probable that the men are incited to breaking their agreement by the knowledge of the strike which threatens to sweep the country, but at any rate, they should have kept to their word.

Another gulf storm is reported as starting in the Yucatan channel and heading a little north of west. It is principally wind, and while it does much damage, there is no controlling it any more than there is of stopping "free speech" in a Mexican demonstration.

BENEFIT TARGET PRACTICE TO THE STATE MILITIAMEN

MANY NOT ACCUSTOMED TO RIFLES BEING MADE EFFICIENT

First Missouri Returns From Target Range Today and the Third Missouri Goes There Tomorrow.

After putting in four days and a half at target practice on the government target range seven miles east of Laredo, the First Missouri Infantry regiment is returning to Camp Missouri this afternoon. Tomorrow morning the Third Missouri Infantry Regiment will go to the range and probably be absent from four to six days practicing the men up on marksmanship.

One of the men who was recently on the range states that the kind of practice that is being given the militiamen at this time is such that quickly makes of them good marksmen, the practice at shooting being at objects at close distance and then gradually ranging to various long distances, though the army rifle is best adapted to long range shooting for accuracy.

After the Third Missouri Infantry regiment returns from their round of practice on the target range the Second and Fourth Missouri regiments and the New Hampshire boys will be given similar practice. At this time the Second Maine regiment is practically separated, and doing duty along the river at points some distance from the city and it may be some time before the regiment again gets together, but as soon as they do it is the intention to let the boys from Maine enjoy the same benefits derived by the other militiamen from range target practice.

Even if the militiamen who are now here do not get an opportunity to do actual service in the field of a foreign country, the practice they get from work on the target range will be generally beneficial to them in other ways, as there is never any thing lost in being a good marksman and able to shoot accurately when necessity demands it.

MODIFIED THE INJUNCTION

City Attorney Injunction Suit Against City Council is Modified by Agreement Between Parties.

This morning the attorney in the injunction suit of A. Winslow vs. Mayor Robert McComb, the board of Aldermen and Health Officer Hall, pertaining to the establishment of a disinfectant plant near the river banks, entered an agreed order for a modification of the injunction.

The order was filed with the district clerk and later on the injunction as it now stands will come up before Judge Mullally.

ADDRESSED A SMALL CROWD AT ELKS' HALL LAST NIGHT

MRS. FRENCH SPOKE ON THE WORK OF FOREIGN RED CROSS.

Told of Patriotic Work Being Done in England and France, and Also of American Red Cross Work.

A mere handful of people, mostly ladies and numbering about thirty in all, assembled in the Elks Hall last night to hear the lecture by Mrs. Seth Barton French, the personal representative to the border hospitals of Secretary of War Baker, and herself a member of the American and French Red Cross Societies. Mrs. French and kindly condescended to deliver the lecture on "Red Cross Work Done by Americans Abroad," but the disappointingly small crowd present last night was not to have been expected.

However, the small attendance did not in the least affect Mrs. French or detract from the interest shown by those present in the words spoken by the gifted and able woman who recounted actual experiences on the battlefield and related incidents of interest in Red Cross work that transpired to the assuming of large proportions of the present European conflict. She told of the methods pursued in bringing the Red Cross units together in France and England, of the effective work which they afterwards accomplished and paid the heroic women and men who comprised the French and English Red Cross high compliments for loyalty to their countries and unswerving fealty to the Red Cross.

And in it all Americans, stirred from feelings of humanitarianism and sympathy for the stricken people involved in the European conflict, have volunteered their services and not only helped with manual work, but likewise contributed financially to the relieving of suffering in the hospitals.

In the hospitals of France today there are women of the highest standing in England, aye in Europe—women from the chosen ranks of royalty who have left their opulent homes and luxurious surroundings, to minister to the wounded on the battlefields and in the hospitals. All these are doing a patriotic work of love for their country, and in her address last night Mrs. French referred to them in touching terms. She told of the work of the American Red Cross and to them paid the highest compliment for loyalty to country, fealty to purpose and performance of a work that is prompted by true patriotism.

"NATIONALS" GO TO MONTEREY For First Time in Several Years a Ball Team From American Side Will Cross the Rio Grande.

For the first time in several years a baseball team from American side of the Rio Grande will cross that stream and visit the interior of Mexico for a game with a team of Mexican players.

Tomorrow morning, it is announced, the "Nationals," a Mexican-American ball team of Laredo, having been furnished with transportation and a guarantee of all expenses incidental to their journey and stay in the metropolis of Northern Mexico, will leave for Monterey, where they will play a series of three games with the Monterey ball team on Sunday and Monday, returning to Laredo on Tuesday.

WAS ARRESTED FOR GAMBLING.

Found With the Goods in His Possession, Manuel Davila is Arrested for Conducting a Gambling Den.

Manuel Davila, lessee of the upper floor of the Benavides building at the corner of San Bernardo Avenue and Turquoise street, was arrested yesterday afternoon charged with the offense of conducting a gambling game in violation of the state law.

District Attorney Valls and an officer from the sheriff's department on yesterday afternoon visited the building in question and made an examination of the rooms on the second floor, and there they found a full-fledged gambling hall. There were various kinds of gaming tables there, roulette wheels, paraphernalia for monte, craps, etc. With this convincing proof before him, the district attorney ordered the arrest of Davila and he was taken into custody and placed behind the bars of the Webb county jail.

TAKE A PRIDE IN THEIR CAMPS.

Military Camps in Northern Portion City Are Pronounced Most Sanitary of All Along Texas Border.

Besides retaining the sanitary conditions about the military camps in the northern portion of the city, the militiamen are daily making their campsites more ideal and pleasant and improvements are the order of the day in the camps.

Besides having erected mess halls, Y. M. C. A. building, Knights of Columbus building, numerous headquarters and regimental tenthouses, etc., the grounds are being kept "sick and span" and all surroundings made to conform to this condition. Visitors to Laredo go out and view the militia camps and come away much impressed with their clean-looking appearance, the general surroundings, etc., and go away and commend Laredo for having the most ideal and sanitary military camps on the Texas border.

POPULAR EXCURSION TO SAN ANTONIO. Thousands of Troops Encamped, Texas League Baseball Game. Very low Excursion tickets via I. & G. N. on sale for trains arriving San Antonio Saturday P. M. and Sunday A. M. return limit Monday, August 21. For particulars, see I. & G. N. Ticket Agent.

FERTILIZER VALUE COTTON SEEDMEAL IS DETERMINED

FROM COMPOSITION SHOWN BY FEED CONTROL TAGS.

Grades Are Choice, Prime, and Cottonseed Meal, in the Order Named.

The following communication, directed to the farmers of this district has just been received from Prof. Fred. W. Mally, U. S. Farm Demonstrator for Webb County:

In view of the fact that cottonseed meal is being considered so extensively, both as feed and fertilizer, in this county this season, it is well to submit a few points which should be carefully considered in determining to what extent values are being received, according to the prices quoted.

Under the law establishing a division of feed control, each sack of cottonseed meal must have attached a tag showing the composition of that brand of meal. The Feed Control Board has established three standard grades of cottonseed meal. In order that buyers be not misled in the use of the trade connection what these grades are, they are known as Cottonseed Meal, Prime Cottonseed Meal, and Choice Cottonseed Meal.

Cottonseed meal is defined as being composed of the decorticated kernels of cotton seed, free from excess of hulls and other foreign materials. It must contain not less than 43 per cent of protein, 7 per cent of fat (not less than 50% of protein and fat combined) and not more than 9 per cent of crude fiber.

Prime Cottonseed meal is defined like the former, except it must be finely ground, of sweet odor, and reasonably bright in color. It must contain not less than 44% protein, 7% of fat, and not more than 9% crude fiber. Choice cottonseed meal is defined the same as Prime cottonseed meal, except that it must contain not less than 48% protein, not less than 7% fat, and not more than 9% of crude fiber. Each buyer should take pains to investigate and know exactly what grade is being bought—the analysis shown, and estimate the price; then ascertain whether the price asked for the product is relatively in accordance with the composition shown on the tag.

Any cotton seed meal which does not show at least 6.88 nitrogen is not permitted to be sold as a feed stuff or under a feed control tag, but must be sold as fertilizer. 6.88 nitrogen is equivalent to 8.33 of ammonia.

A buyer is often misled by the quotations being accompanied by a memorandum of the per cent of ammonia. If the quotation is based on the ammonia shown, multiply the per cent of ammonia by the decimal 8.25 and the product will express the actual nitrogen. If the per cent of nitrogen is given divide by the decimal 8.25, or multiply by 1.215, and the result will declare the equivalent in ammonia.

If the meal is quoted and accompanied merely by a feed control tag showing its composition, then multiply the per cent of protein shown by the decimal .16—and the product indicates the amount of the nitrogen. No account is taken of any other item in a feed control tag except the protein contents, when considered from a fertilizer standpoint.

Sometimes confusion arises from the reading of the term "Nitrogen-free Extract." This does not express any nitrogen at all, but merely indicates the proportions of starch, sugar, dextrine and similar substances. These substances are mostly carbohydrates. The "nitrogen-free" extract of such feeds, as corn cobs, wheat bran, cottonseed meal, kafir, etc., is composed largely of sugars and starches which are readily digestible, and hence have great value in the feeding of an animal. Hence this food group indicated by the "nitrogen-free" extracts is one factor to consider, along with the actual fat and protein contents, in determining the value of a food stuff for feeding animals. None but the protein contents, however, enters into consideration in determining the value of that feed stuff as a fertilizer.

These few points are simple and easily understood, and yet there are those who permit themselves to be misled in judging of the value of any feed stuff, when it is proposed to fix a price based on its value as a fertilizer. These data are submitted in the hope that everyone may become familiar with the facts, and hence enable them to act intelligently in all these matters.

FRED. W. MALLY.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Number of Deeds Have Been Filed for Record With the County Clerk During the Past Few Days.

The following real estate deals have been made during the past few days and deeds filed for record with the county clerk:

Annie V. Pace to Mrs. Andrea Garza de Duran, lot No. 6, in block No. 351, W. D. Consideration, \$200.

K. S. Hamilton to Bernardo de la Garza, west quarter of lot No. 7, block No. 136, all of lot No. 8, same block, and east quarter of lot No. 9, same block. Consideration, \$3,000.

Bernardo de la Garza to Miguel de la Garza, same as above. Consideration, \$50, love and affection.

W. R. Pace to Tomas G. Gonzales lot No. 8, in block No. 155, E. D. Consideration, \$159.65.

J. Maxey Pace to Isabel Kellert, lot No. 7, in replat of block No. 797, E. D. Consideration, \$100.

W. R. Pace to A. Winslow, lots Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, in block "L," W. D. Consideration, \$250.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 80c. per month.

BOTH SIDES CLAIM GREAT ADVANTAGES

BOTH FRENCH AND GERMANS CLAIM REPULSE OF ATTACKS, WHILE RUSSIANS GAIN.

By Associated Press.

Heavy attacks were made by the French last night on the Verdun front. After violent fighting at Fleury east of the Meuse, the French expelled the Germans from the part of the town which had been captured, says the Paris official statement. Several German counter attacks north-east of Maurepas were repulsed.

Attacks by the French last night on an extended front in the Verdun region were repulsed all along the line except at Fleury, where fighting is still in progress. Is the German version of the fighting. Another German statement says that the British launched an attack on the German lines north of the Somme and succeeded in driving back the German line for a short distance on a narrow front south of Martinpuich. Petrograd announces that Austro-German efforts to throw back the Russians in Galicia resulted in great losses and met with no success. The Russians pressed forward in several sectors.

Portuguese to Enter.

Lisbon, Portugal, Aug. 18.—Major Norman Mattos, the Portuguese minister of war, announced today that Portugal will soon enter the war, fighting on the side of the Entente allies. The Portuguese troops were called to the colors in March of this year.

Deutschland Arrived Safely.

Geneva, Switzerland, Aug. 18.—A private telegram received here today from Berlin by the Neue Zürcher Zeitung says that the German submarine Deutschland arrived safely at Bremen yesterday from the United States.

PACIFIC COAST FIRE CHIEFS.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 18.—Heads of fire departments in numerous cities of California, Oregon and Washington, are gathering in San Francisco today, preparing to depart in a body for San Diego to attend the twenty-fourth annual convention of the Pacific Coast Association of Fire Chiefs. The delegation to the southern city will be headed by Thomas R. Murphy, chief of the San Francisco fire department and president of the Pacific Coast organization. The San Diego convention will be called to order next Monday morning and will continue in session through the entire week. Prior to the opening of the convention the delegates will spend two days in Los Angeles as guests of the fire department and citizens of that city.

CATHOLICS ARRIVE IN NEW YORK.

New York, Aug. 18.—Today witnessed the arrival of the advance guard of the 20,000 delegates and visitors who are expected here from all over the country for the annual convention of the American Federation of Catholic Societies and the meetings of its numerous affiliated organizations. "Catholic Week," as the period of the convention has been designated, will begin Sunday and continue until Thursday of next week. Several preliminary meetings are to be held, however, before the opening of the convention proper. The Catholic Press Association began its annual session today, as did also the committee on social propaganda of the German Roman Catholic Central Verein.

TOO MUCH RESPONSIBILITY.

Little James, aged 6, had been taught to pray each night for all his relatives and friends, and consequently the list had grown quite large. So one night, when it came time for the customary prayers, he refused to say them.

"Well, well, James," said his mother, "why don't you say them? All good little boys say their prayers." "Yes, but I'm too tired."

"Oh, that's no excuse. Come, now; that's a good boy."

"Well," rejoined James, "I guess I'll have to. But, anyhow, I'm not going to pray for everybody. I'm going to cut a lot of 'em out. Some of 'em will have to save themselves."—Tom Higbee Clarion.

ANOTHER SOLDIER DROWNS

Private Boole of Co. H, Lost His Life in Rio Grande at Dolores While Bathing Yesterday Afternoon.

Advices received at Camp Maine this morning were to the effect that Private Boole of Co. H, Second Maine Infantry Regiment, stationed at Dolores, lost his life by drowning in the Rio Grande there yesterday afternoon at about 4 o'clock while in bathing with a party of comrades. Details of the sad affair have not yet been received here, but it was stated that up to this forenoon the body had not yet been recovered from its watery grave. This is the second Maine boy to lose his life by drowning, the other being a member of the detachment stationed at San Ignacio, who lost his life in the Rio Grande about a month ago.

CORPUS HAS HEAVY WIND FROM THE GULF

BROWNSVILLE NOT ALARMED THOUGH LOWEST BAROMETRIC READING ON THE COAST.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Aug. 18.—A tropical storm is expected to reach the United States somewhere along the Texas coast and hurricane warnings were issued by the weather bureau today for Corpus Christi and Brownsville and storm warnings for the remainder of the Texas coast. The disturbance is approaching the mouth of the Rio Grande, but the center is still some distance off shore.

Brownsville Not Worried.

Brownsville, Texas, Aug. 18.—Brownsville had the lowest barometric reading on the gulf coast at 7 o'clock today—28.70. A 20-mile wind is blowing from the north. Little apprehension is felt at the approaching tropical storm.

Heavy Wind at Corpus.

Corpus Christi, Texas, Aug. 18.—With a tropical storm approaching the South Texas coast, the barometer read 29.04 at noon, with a 45-mile wind. This was a drop from 29.72 early in the morning.

CULBERSON WON'T COME.

By Associated Press.

Waxahachie, Texas, Aug. 18.—Senator Culberson, who is a candidate for renomination in the senatorial primary August 26, won't be able to address the voters of Texas "as long as congress is in session." This information was contained in a message here answering an invitation to speak.

ARMY BILL VOTED BY THE PRESIDENT

IT CONTAINED OBJECTIONABLE CLAUSES WHICH HAY PROMISES TO HAVE ELIMINATED.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Aug. 18.—President Wilson today vetoed the army appropriation bill because of exemptions from discipline for retired officers, forced into it by house conferees led by Representative Hay, over the opposition of the war department. A new bill would necessarily delay adjournment. Representative Hay said he would reintroduce the bill in the house immediately with the features to which the president objected eliminated.

Mr. Hay followed his announcement by introducing the bill, minus not only the section to which the president objected, but with the whole revision of the articles of war eliminated. This threatened to complicate the situation.

FRANCIS JOSEPH'S BIRTHDAY.

Berne Aug. 18.—A despatch from Vienna says that the eighty-sixth birthday anniversary of Emperor Francis Joseph is being made the occasion today for patriotic observances in the capital and throughout Austria and Hungary. Te Deums are being celebrated in all the churches throughout the dual monarchy. The Emperor receive innumerable telegrams of congratulation including cordial messages from Emperor William and Czar Ferdinand of Bulgaria. In accordance with the desire of his Majesty the most of the funds collected to celebrate his birthday anniversary will be employed for the relief of the war sufferers.

IRRESISTIBLE.

It was in the war of 1990, and the Amazons were ranged in battle. The lady colonel was rallying her troops, among whom panic seemed likely to spread.

"Women," she cried, waving her parasol, "will you give way to manly fears?"

For a moment they pulled themselves together, yet still hesitated to advance. Then their leader made one last effort:

"Women, listen! Are you going to show the white feather in a season when feathers are not being worn?"

The appeal was successful. "Never!" cried the Amazons, as they dashed forward to meet the enemy.—London Answers.

BAND CONCERT LAST EVENING

Second Maine Regiment Band Furnished the Music Instead of the Ninth Infantry Regimental Band.

There was a band concert on Jarvis Plaza last evening, but instead of the Ninth Infantry Band furnishing the music the program was rendered by the Second Maine Band. The change of bands was the result of an agreement made between the two directors yesterday afternoon as a consequence of the fact that the Ninth Infantry Band furnished music free of charge for the "Jamaica" the night before.

There was a good sized crowd assembled on the plaza for the concert last night and the music was much enjoyed by all. The Maine Band has been giving concerts regularly every Saturday night on Jarvis Plaza, but there will be no concert by them there tomorrow night.

DISPUTANTS NOW GET NEAR DECISION

MANAGERS OPPOSE GRANTING OF EIGHT HOUR DAY UNLESS DECIDED BY ARBITRATION.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Aug. 18.—While 640 representatives of the railway employees were assembled in secret session today to vote on the acceptance of President Wilson's plan for averting the nation-wide strike, the railroad presidents and managers held a final conference before going to the White House at 2 o'clock this afternoon. There were indications that the employees would vote to accept Mr. Wilson's proposal of an eight-hour day and the settlement of side issues by a special commission. Hope for a settlement was endangered by evidences that the railroad presidents, backing up the managers, were not inclined to grant the eight-hour day unless it was decided by arbitration. Shortly after the vote on the president's proposition was begun, it was expected that more than an hour would be required to take the vote and count it.

HANGING AT TAMPA.

Tampa, Fla., Aug. 18.—Sheriff W. C. Spencer early this morning completed final preparations for the execution of Charles Haines, a negro, who was convicted and sentenced to death for the murder of Marshal Joe S. Walter of Port Tampa City. Haines was to have paid the death penalty in June, but a stay of execution was secured pending submission of his case to the pardon board, which body refused to interfere in his behalf.

BIG REGATTA FOR NEWARK BAY.

Bayonne, N. J., Aug. 18.—The biggest thing in the shape of a rowing regatta that has been seen hereabouts in a long time is scheduled to take place on Newark Bay tomorrow under the auspices of the boat clubs of Bayonne and vicinity. Entries have been received from clubs in Boston, Philadelphia, New York, Washington, Springfield and a number of other cities. The events will include:

Junior single gig, junior double gig, junior four barge, junior four gig, junior eight shell, intermediate double gig, intermediate quadruple shell, association senior single shell, senior double shell, senior four barge and senior eight shell.

A DANGEROUS QUESTION.

"In court-martial trials in our army," says an officer on duty in this state, "the attorneys are selected from the officers at the post without reference to their legal training or their ability to handle a case."

"A young surgeon, whose ignorance of law was complete, found himself appointed counsel for the defense at his new post, and when he entered the court his only legal knowledge was that he had a right to 'object' to the tactics of the other side. When therefore, one of his witnesses was placed under cross-examination, the lawyer-surgeon sprang to his feet and shouted lustily: 'I object.'"

"On what grounds?" demanded the prosecuting attorney.

"On what grounds?" repeated the surgeon. "On very good grounds. Why, if my witness tells the truth when he answers that question it will ruin my case!"—Case and Comment.

THE UNCOMMONLY INSPIRED COMPOSITOR.

In our account of the Winterman-Hull wedding in last week's issue our reporter intended to state that "after a brief wedding trip the newly-married couple would make their home at the old manse," but through a typographical error which escaped the proofreader and which we regret exceedingly, "old manse" was made to read "old man's."—From the Weed-sport (N. Y.) Sentinel.

WILSON AND COTTON.

According to Republican candidat Hughes, right now we ought to be taking pot shots at Mexicans and at war with Germany. For one, we are perfectly satisfied to let well enough alone, and vote solidly for a continuation of the Wilson regime, and meantime, take 12% or better for our cotton.—San Marcos Times.

AND LITTLE SHREWDNESS.

Men who read Mr. Hughes' speeches steadily are apt to conclude that there was more shrewdness than virtue in the impressive silence that he maintained during the pre-convention season.—Galveston News.

NOTICE.

To all persons holding claims against John H. Davis:

Notice is hereby given that I have been duly appointed and have qualified as Receiver of all the properties owned or claimed by John H. Davis in Texas, and all persons holding claims against him are hereby notified to present same by intervention in the cause on or before January 1st, 1917, for classification and payment in course of administration.

S. M. BARLOW, Receiver.

ARE TAKING PRECAUTIONS TO GUARD GENERAL HEALTH

MEXICO AND UNITED STATES ADOPT RETALIATORY MEASURE

Mexico Does Not Want Infantile Paralysis; United States Does Not Want Mexico's Typhus and Dengue

Reciprocal or retaliation is the order of the day now between Mexico and the United States, but in each instance each country is taking precautionary measures that tend to guard the welfare and health of their respective people. Mexico has quarantined against the United States, and in turn the United States, or rather its health department, requires all incoming Mexicans to show health and disinfectant certificates before they can enter the United States through any of the respective ports along the border.

According to information of an official nature conveyed to the state and federal health departments here, a proclamation has been issued by the national health authorities of Mexico and duly promulgated quarantining Tampico, Vera Cruz, Puerto Mexico and other Mexican seaports against passengers from New York on account of the infantile paralysis epidemic that apparently prevails. All Americans entering Mexico through other ports along the border must show that they are not from places infected with infantile paralysis before they will be allowed to enter Mexico. These are just precautionary measures.

On the other hand, the health authorities of the United States and Texas stationed in Laredo are requiring that all persons and others in a filthy condition or showing general appearance of uncleanness will not be allowed to enter this country unless they show health certificates or disinfectant certificates, and even then they must be subjected to a thorough "scouring" before allowed to bring their filth into the United States. This danger is all eliminated through the process of the gasoline bath, which kills all bacteria, microbes or what not which might cling to the flesh of the new comers and eventually disseminate disease in this country.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

- 1786—Death of Frederick the Great, most famous of Prussian monarchs and great-grandfather of Kaiser Wilhelm II.
- 1859—Blondin began his performance of crossing Niagara Falls on tight rope.
- 1863—Congress of German sovereigns, from which the King of Prussia abstained, met at Frankfurt for the purpose of re-establishing the Germanic Confederation.
- 1896—Gold discovered in the Klondike.
- 1902—Boer Generals Botha, De Wet and Delarey received by King Edward on royal yacht at Cowes.
- 1905—Norwegian referendum for dissolution of union with Sweden gives result of 365,200 votes for, and 184 against.
- 1910—French Aviator John B. Moisant flew from Paris to Deal on the English coast.
- 1911—British railway strike called out 100,000 men and tied up communication throughout all England.
- 1912—Harry K. Thaw, slayer of Stanford White, escaped from Matteawan with the help of five men and two swift automobiles, and took refuge at Coaticook, Canada, where he was captured and eventually turned to the U. S. authorities after some international legal dispute.
- 1915—Leo Frank taken from Georgia prison farm by mob and hanged near Marietta.
- 1914—THE WAR: Belgian government transferred from Brussels to Antwerp. Montenegrins continue to advance into Bosnia and Herzegovina. Austrian advance checked in Poland and Serbia.
- 1915—THE WAR: Germans took fortress of Kexno. Greek cabinet resigned in war issue and Venizelos was invited to form new ministry. Zeppelins raided British east coast, killing ten civilians.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Texas Mexican.
Leaves for Corpus Christi at 8:20 a. m.
Arrives from Corpus Christi at 3:55 p. m. Standard time.

International & Great Northern.
Through fast train for St. Louis leaves at 12:45 and arrives at 3:30 p. m.

I. & G. N. Night Train.
Leaves at 8 p. m. and arrives at 7:15 a. m.

Rio Grande & Eagle Pass.
Train No. 1 leaves Laredo daily except Sunday at 8 a. m. Arrives at Minera at 10:30 a. m.
Train No. 2 leaves Minera daily except Sunday at 1:15 p. m. Arrives at Laredo at 3:30 p. m.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

THE LECTURE THIS EVENING

Mrs. French Will Speak at Elks Hall For the Benefit of the Laredo Chapter of the Red Cross.

This evening at the Elks Hall, under the auspices of the Laredo Chapter of the American Red Cross, and for the special benefit of the members of the local society and other Americans interested in the laudable work being done, Mrs. Seth Barton French, the personal representative of the secretary of war, who spoke at the "Jamaica" last night, will speak on "Red Cross Work Done by Americans Abroad," a subject on which she is thoroughly conversant because of the fact that she herself is an active member of the French Red Cross.

Mrs. French is a very entertaining talker and handles her subjects in a most masterly manner. Tonight she will tell of the work of Americans with the Red Cross on the field and in the hospitals of Europe and will explain the Red Cross work in a most comprehensive and concise manner. There will be no admission to Elks Hall this evening and the public is invited to attend. The speaking will begin at 8:15 o'clock.

POPULAR EXCURSION TO SAN ANTONIO. Thousands of Troops Encamped, Texas League Baseball Game, Very Low Excursion tickets via I. & G. N. on sale for trains arriving San Antonio Saturday P. M. and Sunday A. M., return limit Monday, August 21. For particulars, see I. & G. N. Ticket Agent.

Leave for Kerrville Tonight. Vice-President and General Manager S. W. DeWolf and wife, traveling in a private car, will leave Laredo tonight for Kerrville, where Mr. DeWolf goes in hopes that the change of mountain air will benefit his impaired health. At San Antonio they will be joined by Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Hicks. Reaching Kerrville the private car will be sidetracked and the party will remain in it several weeks.

Notice to the Public. This is to give notice that I have leased the fishing and hunting privilege on my San Ramon ranch to the San Ramon Sporting Club, therefore from this date on the place is closed to the public and no person will be allowed to fish or hunt thereon without a card properly signed by the representative of this Club.

JOSE MA. RAMON,
Laredo, Texas, August 17, 1916.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

County of Webb.
By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the District Court of Webb County, Texas, on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1916, in Cause Number 3453, wherein R. C. Gregg is plaintiff and Ross Shride and wife Zada Shride are defendants, and to me directed and delivered, I have seized and levied upon, as under Execution, and will proceed to sell at public auction for cash, in front of the Court house door of said Webb County, Texas, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., on the first Tuesday, the fifth day of September, A. D. 1916, the following described lands and property, located, situated and being in Webb County, Texas, viz:

The North Half of Survey 31, in Block 2, Patent 322, containing 320 acres; which Survey No. 31 is partially described as beginning at the S. W. Corner of Survey No. 32, Script No. 454, this County, for the Northwest corner of this Survey; Thence East 1900.8 varas to a stake, for the Northeast Corner of this Survey; Thence South 1900.8 varas to a stake, for the Southeast Corner of this Survey; Thence West 1900.8 varas to a post, for the Southwest Corner of this Survey, and thence North 1900.8 varas to the place of beginning; to satisfy a judgment in favor of the Plaintiff and against the defendants, in the sum of \$3,275.00, with interest thereon and costs.

Given under my hand, at Laredo, Texas, this 5th day of August, A. D. 1916.

ANTONIO SALINAS,
Sheriff, Webb County, Texas.
By M. G. BENAVIDES, Deputy.

NOTICE.

STATE OF TEXAS.

County of Webb.
I, S. N. Johnson, a Manufacturer and Dealer in Carbonated Goods, Mineral Waters, Soda Water, Ginger Ale, and other carbonated beverages, having my principal place of business and office in said County and State, do hereby file under the provisions of Art. 703, Revised Statutes of Texas, with the County Clerk of Webb County, the following description of the names, marks, and devices stamped, engraved, etched, blown in, or impressed upon my seven (7) and eight (8) ounce bottles, and which I use as a brand mark or trade mark to designate my ownership of the bottles as well as the contents thereof. On each bottle appears on side of same "S. N. Johnson Bottling Works Laredo, Tex.", also on side of bottle "This Bottle is Never Sold," on bottom of bottle the letter "J."

Signed this 29th day of July, A. D. 1916.
(Signed) S. N. JOHNSON,
STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Webb.
I, J. A. Rodriguez, County Clerk, Webb County, Texas, do hereby certify that the foregoing description of S. N. Johnson of his trade mark and brand upon bottles was filed and recorded in the County Clerk's office of Webb County on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1916.
(Seal) J. A. RODRIGUEZ,
County Clerk, Webb Co., Texas.
By C. R. MOLINA, Deputy.
7-31-21t.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor . . . Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Thursday.
The Ladies Prayer Service of the Methodist Church will meet with Mrs. J. A. Applewhite at four o'clock in the afternoon.

The Ladies Aid of the Baptist Church will hold its regular Missionary meeting at the church at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Mrs. John Tucker Halsell will be at Home for Mrs. Seth Barton French from half after four o'clock to half after five o'clock in the afternoon.

Prayer Meeting at the Christian Church in the evening.
Mrs. Seth Barton French will give a lecture at Elks Hall at half after eight o'clock in the evening.

Friday.
Mrs. Hugh Cluck and Miss Edna Brown will be hostesses to the Girl's Splash Club at half after nine o'clock in the morning.

The Women's Missionary Society will meet at the Methodist church at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Regular meeting of the Daughters of Rebekah at Odd Fellows Hall at eight o'clock in the evening.

Tonight.

Bend low, O dusky Night!
And give my spirit rest!
Hold me to your deep breast,
And put old cares to flight.
Give back the lost delight
That once my soul possessed,
When peace was loveliest.
Bend low, O dusky Night.

The promise, dusky Night,
The folk across the way
Will no piano play
And put all sleep to flight.
Their racket is a fright;
That there will not hold sway
Some amateur Calve
To warble all the night.
—Brooklyn Daily Eagle.

General Mention.
The Ladies Aid Society of the Christian Church did not meet yesterday afternoon as announced, on account of the Jamaica.

Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Dewolf are spending a while in Kerrville.

Miss Lillian Westbrook expects to leave for Corpus Christi tomorrow morning, to be the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Robert McCulloch, for several weeks.

Dr. and Mrs. H. C. Hall and family have returned home after spending the summer in different parts of the state.

Greetings have been received from Mrs. Belle Dilgarde, who is summering in California. She writes of contemplating making her home in the West, having become interested in the sugar beet industry as well as "doing" the Mother's Club.—San Antonio Express.

Miss Laney Pearl White of Pearsall has arrived in Laredo, and has taken a position with the telephone company.

Greetings have been received from Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Mann and family from Reagan Wells, Texas. They are having a most delightful vacation, and enjoying themselves to the fullest extent.

Mrs. Foy Gillespie, who formerly resided here, is leaving Weatherford today for Laredo, and will arrive Saturday to remain indefinitely.

There will be prayer-meeting at the Christian church this evening, as the meeting was postponed last night on account of the Jamaica.

From all accounts the Jamaica given last night on the Martin Plaza was a great success.

Announcements.
There will be a meeting of Red Cross Sewing Circle A at the home of Mrs. J. H. Davis, chairman, Friday morning at nine o'clock. All members having finished work will please bring it in.

Prayer Service.
The Ladies of the Methodist Church will meet at the home of Mrs. John Applewhite this afternoon at four o'clock. Mrs. J. H. Thompson will be the leader for the service. All those attending are requested to bring Scripture references on the subject for the afternoon "Consecration."

Entertainments.
One of the most brilliant affairs of the summer was the Jamaica that was given last evening on Martin Plaza for the benefit of the Laredo Chapter of Red Cross. The ladies with Mrs. C. B. Kenedy as chairman, and assisted by a galaxy of pretty girls, made the entertainment a perfect success. This was a novel attraction for a great number of the visitors, as many of them were of the National Guard. The lovely music furnished by the Ninth Infantry Band added to the pleasure of the evening. The receipts of the gates attested to

PERSONALS

J. B. Hazelrigg of San Antonio arrived in the city yesterday on a short business trip.

A. E. Cassels of Brenham arrived in the city yesterday and expects to make his home here. Mr. Cassels is a cousin of Walter A. Craig.

BENDER—D. Huggins, San Antonio; J. B. Robbin, Dallas; G. P. Pfeffner, E. R. Goodwin, San Antonio; V. A. Anderson, Baltimore, Md.; Kahn, Mr. Engleman, Corpus Christi; W. D. Syers, San Antonio; H. Freundlich, Houston; E. D. DuRose Stanley, Copeland, San Antonio; W. A. Lowbe, Houston; Bliss Stallup, Jefferson; A. J. Epple, Waco; Dr. Earl Stafford and wife, San Antonio; A. E. Weir, Ft. Smith; D. Louis, San Antonio; C. S. Stay, Houston; Edward Neil, Dallas.

WOMEN IN THE NEWS.

Florence E. Baumberger, a Columbia University master of arts who has specialized in the Teachers' College, has been made an instructor in the pedagogical department of Johns Hopkins University, the first woman to win a teaching place on the Johns Hopkins faculty. She will give instruction in elementary education and supervision and will conduct investigations in the field.

Shadow Lawn, the stately Presidential summer mansion in New Jersey, has lost some of the gravity of its lofty halls and sweeping lawns with the coming of little Miss Ellen McAdoo, the President's granddaughter, and her tiny, little Miss Martin, child of Secretary McAdoo's daughter, who are at present guests of the President and Mrs. Wilson.

The only woman commercial editor in Canada lives in Winnipeg. She is Miss Cora E. Hind, yet young in years, who began her newspaper career as a "country correspondent" but today occupies an important editorial chair on one of the largest dailies in the Dominion, the Winnipeg Free Press. Miss Hind is the only woman who has ever crossed the pit floor of the Winnipeg Stock Exchange. She knows as much about markets as any New York plunger, her knowledge having been won by hard work and deep concentration on a subject generally foreign and distasteful to the feminine mind.

Mrs. Arthur M. Dodge, president of the National Association Opposed to Woman's Suffrage, is a native of Hartford and a resident of New York. She studied at Vassar, is a widow, has been for a score of years identified with the movement of conservative women who do not wish the old order to pass. She is editor of the Woman's Protest, an anti-suffrage publication. Mrs. Dodge, aside from her anti-suffrage activities, has done considerable sociological work in New York City. She has been president of the Federation of Day Nurseries and of the Needlework Guild of New York, working in many of her efforts for the betterment of working women side by side and along the same lines as some of the most passionate militants in the suffragist camp. Her party, says Mrs. Dodge, is the true feminist party and the anti-suffrage opposition the real movement for the welfare of woman, her suffrage sisters being mistaken in their efforts and not true feminists. She has been bitter in her denunciation of the favorable stand taken by Mr. Hughes on suffrage. Mr. Hughes stands for suffrage, she says, with the Machiavellian design of eliminating the feminist party and is like the woman who marries a man to reform him. In satisfying a discontented minority of American women, she esteems, he has arrayed himself against a resentful majority.

GOODS ROADS CONGRESS IN TEXAS.

San Antonio, Texas, Aug. 17.—San Antonio gave a hearty welcome today to the hundreds of good roads enthusiasts gathered here from all quarters of the State to attend the annual meeting of the Texas Good Roads Congress. The large attendance and an attractive program combine to give promise of the most profitable meeting since the inauguration of the good roads movement in the Lone Star State. During the three days' sessions the delegates will learn how to present a bond issue to the people so it will carry and will also have the benefit of a short course in "the right kind of roads to build."

CHICAGO JUDGE ACCUSED OF JOY RIDING.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 17.—Whether Judge Edward T. Wade of the Chicago municipal court was as sober as a judge when he was overhauled by a park policeman while returning from the Hawthorne races in his automobile, is one of several disputed points that is expected to be cleared up in court. Another point in dispute is whether Policeman James D. Murphy, the officer who made the arrest, was guilty of disorderly conduct, in taking the magistrate into custody. The case against Judge Wade, as well as the case against the policeman, came up for settlement today before Judge Harry C. Moran in the Speeders' Court.

Judge Wade was arrested by Policeman Murphy while the Judge was returning from the race track in the company of two women, one of whom is said to be the wife of a South Halsted Street saloonkeeper. The policeman charged the Judge with disorderly conduct, speeding, and with operating an automobile while intoxicated. The policeman declares, moreover, that when he stopped the Judge's machine and served him with a summons, the Judge told him who he was and tore up the summons. The policeman insists that he was courteous, but insists that Judge Wade should understand the law was made for judges as well as other citizens, and he had no choice in the matter.

Cure for Cholera Morbus.
"When our little boy, now seven years old, was a baby he was cured of cholera morbus by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Mrs. Sidney Simmons, Fair Haven, N. Y. "Since then other members of my family have used this valuable medicine for colic and bowel troubles with good satisfaction and I gladly endorse it as a remedy of exceptional merit." Obtainable everywhere.

the popularity of the affair. The crowd in attendance was most generous and the booths were all most liberally patronized. It would be hard to say which of the features presented was most popular as all were especially attractive to those in attendance. The gathering was very merry, and while everybody had a good time, it was very gratifying to note that there was an absence of anything that would have created any unpleasantness, and have prevented the entertainment from being the success it was. The chairman and ladies serving on the different committees wish to thank the public for their generosity and liberality.

Bankruptcy Sale.
Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of an Order of Sale to me issued and delivered by J. C. Scott, a Referee in Bankruptcy, I will sell on Saturday, August 26, 1916, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M., at the corner of Grant St. and Convent Ave., in Laredo, Webb County, Texas, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, free of all liens, all the goods, ware and merchandise, store fixtures, notes, accounts and claims belonging to N. Buitron, bankrupt.

Witness my hand this 17th day of August, 1916.
F. S. PRATT,
Trustee of N. Buitron, Bankrupt.

8-17-21t.

PARALYSIS SHOWS DECREASE TODAY

FEDERAL AUTHORITIES EXERCISED OVER NECESSITY OF TAKING STEPS TO COMBAT IT.

By Associated Press.
New York, Aug. 17.—The epidemic of infantile paralysis took a turn for the better today, the third consecutive day showing a decrease in deaths and new cases. Thirty-two children died and there were 121 new cases in the last 24 hours.

Public Health Conference.
Washington, Aug. 17.—Measures to prevent the further spread of infantile paralysis were discussed today in the conference called by the Public Health Service. Delegates from nearly all the states were present. Figures showed that there were more than 10,000 cases of infantile paralysis in the United States but that outside of the New York vicinity conditions were normal.

ONLY EIGHT DEATHS OF BORDER TROOPS

MARVELOUS HEALTH RECORD OF 140,000 SOLDIERS CAUSES DOCTORS TO REJOICE.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Aug. 17.—There were eight deaths from sickness among the regular and National Guard troops on the border during the week ending Aug. 12, it was disclosed in statistics made public today by the war department. Medical officers regard the death rate as exceptionally low, since it covers a force of 140,000.

STATE REUNION OF ELKS.

Honolulu, Wash., Aug. 17.—Gayly decorated in festoons of purple and white, this city today extended a royal welcome to the hundreds of Elks and their friends who have assembled here for the annual reunion of their State association. Today was devoted largely to the reception of the visitors. During the remainder of the week there will be a succession of festivities for the entertainment of the delegates.

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RAILWAY OFFICIALS CONFER WITH WILSON

IF RESULTS NOT SATISFACTORY THE PRESIDENT WILL CALL FINANCIERS WHO ARE IN CONTROL.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Aug. 17.—President Wilson today invited the presidents of the principal railroads of the country to come to Washington immediately to confer with him on the threatened strike. Pending their arrival he does not plan to see the committee of managers here with whom he has been meeting. The president's action in asking the railway presidents to confer with him is interpreted as meaning that the managers' committee refused to finally concede the eight-hour day, as the president's plan proposed, and that the question is now being taken up with the railway presidents. In case Mr. Wilson finds that the railway presidents cannot speak absolutely for their roads, he may invite to the White House the financiers who control them. Officials said today that the president wanted to deal with "the ultimate authority."

Presidents Accept Invitation.
New York, Aug. 17.—The railroad presidents of the country have accepted President Wilson's invitation to confer on the strike situation and many will leave here this afternoon for Washington. Another delegation leaves from Chicago.

Trouble Threatened Again.
New York, Aug. 17.—The conference today between Frank Hedley, general manager of the New York railways, and the committee of union leaders and employers failed to bring the differences which threaten a renewal of the street car strike any nearer a settlement today. Hedley told the men that only the president of the company had any authority to deal with grievances, whereupon the men demanded that the president meet them tomorrow.

Coal Miners Struck.
Shamokin, Pa., Aug. 17.—Thirteen thousand miners employed by three large coal concerns in this section went on strike today to compel all employers to become members of the union. It is estimated that at least 500 of the local miners are not affiliated with the organization.

ESCAPED WITH LOOT.

By Associated Press.
Detroit, Mich., Aug. 17.—The Detroit News today printed a statement by Jessie Nolle, a stenographer, declaring that the robbers who looted the paycar of the Burroughs Adding Machine Company of \$32,000 on August 4 hid the cash in a local rooming house and escaped with the loot Saturday. She said that she knew one of the alleged bandits.

TO COMBAT PARALYSIS EPIDEMIC.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 17.—Plans for an organized campaign to prevent a further spread of the infantile paralysis epidemic are to be mapped at a conference called to meet in this city today under the auspices of the Federal public health service. State and municipal health authorities in all sections of the country have been invited to cooperate in the campaign. Among those attending the conference are many eminent medical experts, including a number of prominent physicians of New York city who have made a special study of the disease.

FORTY YEARS SINCE FIRST NO-HIT GAME.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 17.—The first no-hit game, no player reaching first, in the history of the great American pastime was decided just 40 years ago today, and James Galvin of the St. Louis Reds was the pitcher who accomplished this feat, pitching in a game against the Case Club of Detroit. The contest took place at Iona, Mich., Aug. 17, 1876. This accomplishment of Galvin's was repeated in 1879 by J. L. Richmond of the Worcester National league club, pitching against Springfield. Again, on June 12, 1880, Richmond again accomplished the feat in a game against Cleveland, and in the same year, on June 17, John M. Ward, pitching for Providence, defeated Buffalo without allowing a batter to reach first base. No additions were made to these names of record-making pitchers until twenty-four years later, when on May 5, 1904, Denton T. (Cy) Young of the Boston American league team defeated the Philadelphia Athletics in a game in which not a player reached the first station. Addie Jos, pitching for Cleveland, defeated the White Sox in a game played on Oct. 2, 1908, without allowing a hit.

Constipation is the starting point for many serious diseases. To be healthy keep the bowels active and regular. HERBINE will remove all accumulations in the bowels and put the system in prime condition. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

Liver Trouble.
"I am bothered with liver trouble about twice a year," writes Joe Dingman, Webster City, Iowa. "I have pains in my side and back and an awful soreness in my stomach. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and tried them. By the time I had used half a bottle of them I was feeling fine and had no signs of pain." Obtainable everywhere.

The Best Laxative.
To keep the bowels regular the best laxative is outdoor exercise. Drink a full glass of water half an hour before breakfast and eat an abundance of fruit and vegetables, also establish a regular habit and be sure that your bowels move once each day. When a medicine is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are pleasant to take and mild and gentle in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

BULGARIANS CLAIM REPULSE OF ENEMY

GERMANS CLAIM ALLIES REPULSED ON WESTERN FRONT BUT LATTER CLAIM ADVANCES.

By Associated Press.
Heavy fighting on the Balkan front was reported in the Bulgarian statement received in London from Sofia. The allied forces delivered strong infantry attacks near Lake Doiran on the Graeco-Serbian frontier, but the statement says they were repulsed. A violent artillery duel is in progress north of Maurepas in the Somme region, says the Paris statement today. There were infantry attacks during the night. The British made another attack on the Somme front, says London, which records the pushing forward of the lines west of Guillemont. The German statement merely says that the French and British made heavy attacks on the Somme front yesterday but were beaten back by the Germans.

TROPICAL STORM REPORTED TODAY

STARTING IN YUCATAN CHANNEL IS MOVING TO LITTLE NORTH OF WEST TODAY.

By Associated Press.
Washington, Aug. 17.—A tropical disturbance was central this morning in the Yucatan channel and passing into the Gulf of Mexico, according to the weather bureau reports. It was of considerable intensity and moving a little north of west. A hurricane did extensive damage in Jamaica Tuesday, according to insular reports.

AMBASSADOR ELKUS DEPARTS FOR POST.

New York, Aug. 17.—Abram I. Elkus, the new United States ambassador to Turkey, is booked to sail on the Oscar II, today, en route to his new post. He will travel by way of Germany and Austria and expects to reach his destination about September 1. Immediately on his arrival at Constantinople the new Ambassador will probably lay before the Porte the American protest against the alleged Turkish atrocities upon Armenians, which are said to have been more severe of late than at any time since the beginning of the war.

CALIFORNIA BAR MEETING.

Del Monte, Cal., Aug. 17.—Many of the brightest legal lights of the Pacific Coast were assembled here today at the opening of the annual convention of the California Bar Association. The visiting lawyers and jurists were welcomed this morning by Judge J. A. Bardin, of the Monterey County superior court. The afternoon program provided for the address of the president, Eugene Doney of San Diego, and an address by Prof. A. M. Catheart, of Leland Stanford University, on "The Attitude of the Courts Toward Constitutional Acts." The sessions will continue over tomorrow and Saturday. Dean Roscoe Pound of the Harvard Law School is scheduled to deliver the annual address before the association and another prominent speaker will be Justice Harry

There are many who have adopted the German standard as the ideal one for preparedness. They say: Look at Germany; she is fighting the world and yet her preparedness has kept her from defeat, as well as giving her many victories in the early part of the war.

There is some misunderstanding on the part of those who advocate the German sort of preparedness, and who would be unwilling for this country to adopt the same methods and the same system.

Preparedness in Germany is not merely the training of the troops and the systematizing of supply depots; it is the absolute subordination of every industrial unit in the country to the military authority.

Every merchant ship in Germany is subject to the call of the German admiralty. This not only includes the subsidized vessels, built with government aid and partially manned and officered by German reservists, but every vessel from the little catboat up to the freight carrier of thousands of tons.

Every factory in Germany is subject to be commandeered by the government at short notice. This not only refers to the factories capable of making munitions of war, but the factories which produce clothing, yarns, fabrics and textiles, the tanneries, the shoe factories,—every thing, in fact, which turns a wheel within the limits of the empire.

Every railway in Germany, including the government owned and the private concerns, is subject to government call at any moment, and this not only in time of war, but during the great maneuvers of peace times. The employees who are not government officials are as much at the command of the nearest or the highest ranking military officer as if already sworn into the service.

Every provision store, meat market or produce stand is subject to seizure by the government officials "for the good of the empire," and even private stores of food, wines, liquors and anything that may be added to the creature comforts of the rank and file of the army may be seized without a moment's warning.

Any workman whose services are deemed necessary for "the good of the service" may be ordered to quit his regular employment and report to the nearest military depot for employment by the government, at a fixed minimum salary, with rations the same as those issued to the soldiers.

Do we want this sort of "preparedness" which has enabled Germany at great cost of life and treasure and of comfort to the civilian population to wage a fruitless war for two years or do we want a preparedness which shall not infringe upon the rights of the citizens of this country?

There is much patriotism among the Germans. One of them, long a resident in the United States, said: "We love the Kaiser; if we didn't, he would make us hard to catch!"

But this sort of forced patriotism is not the sort that Americans have been used to. We are opposed to conscription, to forced levies of either men or supplies, and we cherish our independence, both of thought and of action, too highly to submit to such dragooning, even though it be for "the good of the country."

Yet there will come a time, if we do not make the necessary preparation for defense when we shall be forced to adopt some such measures as have been adopted by the German militarists. Any people who, through indifference or dislike of military service, have failed to prepare for their own defense are subject to the will of the conqueror.

Preparedness includes not only the training of troops and the assembling of military supplies; it also means the co-operation of the necessary industrial, commercial and transportation facilities for the proper supply of the armies. And it seems to us that it can be so arranged that the civilian interests will not suffer as they do under the German military despotism.

MENACING THE COUNTRY.

Without entering into the merits of the dispute between the railroad brotherhoods and the railway managers, it seems to us that no worse time to settle questions of grave import could have been chosen by the railway employees.

A wonderful harvest is to be handled by the railroads of the country within a few weeks. There is already a suspicion that a shortage of rolling stock will be discovered in many parts of the country as soon as the grain begins to move.

The entire mobile army of the United States is stationed on the border, at some points remote from the railway connections, and at others close to the terminals. To keep this army supplied with food and equipment will require a great deal of close figuring on the part of the railroads in view of the other demands upon their facilities.

The menace of a war with a foreign nation has not entirely departed, and there are many who believe that the situation is more acute than it has been at any time during the past year.

The food supplies of the border, both for civilians and for soldiers, are stated to be only sufficient for another week, and unless every facility is used to bring the supplies up to requirements for months to come, the threat of a railroad strike which shall tie up the systems of the country is one that endangers the very life of the border people.

There is a great political campaign on, and the efforts of the spellbinders of each party will be directed toward placing the blame for existing conditions on their opponents.

But it may be that the time was most ill-chosen by the employees, and that they are holding a club over the heads of not only their employers but the entire country, at a time when the situation calls for the patri-

otic help of every citizen of this country.

The decision of President Wilson to do everything in his power to avert the threatened strike was to have been expected at any time, but particularly now, when he realizes the necessity of keeping well in hand every public utility, and to permit nothing to cripple the arm of the United States at such a critical period.

The men's grievances may be well founded. The managers may be justified in their attitude. Neither view is of any importance to the general public save as all are interested in the general welfare. But what the general public does demand—and has a right to demand—is that neither side force upon the entire country such a disaster as would be a general strike on all the railway systems.

There should be mutual concessions that would permit both sides to win their contention, and both should be willing to lose something for the sake of securing the desired advantages. Particularly should both sides remember that they are public servants, owing to the people a loyalty and a service that is not expected of employees in other lines.

The railroads have received grants of land, permission to use the public domain as well as private property for their right-of-way, and other valuable concessions from the people. The employees of the roads are doing service upon which the welfare of the public depends. The transportation of food and clothing, fuel and furniture and all the other things necessary in our complex system of civilization, depends no less upon the railway magnates than it does upon the employees. And the public has a right to demand especial service in time of especial need, not the withdrawal of all service because of personal or class grievances.

Without the support of the people the employees of the railroads could not hold their positions. Without the patronage of the public the railway owners could not reap their dividends. And the manifest duty of both sides to the present controversy is to settle their quarrels that the public will be forced to endure only the least possible damage.

Mr. Wilson is to be notified of his renomination on September 2, it is now announced. Why not wait until November 8 and make it unanimous?

Reports from the Austrian frontier indicate that "Italia Irredenta" will soon be restored to the bosom of her mother. When the mourning is removed from the Strassburg monument in Paris, as well, there will be a general "home-coming" festival that will outdo all previous ones.

Even with all the munitions which we are said to have made during the past year, we only used a million bales more of cotton than during the previous year. And from all we can hear, the belligerents use that much cotton in a single battle. Some discrepancy, that.

A great Italian dreadnaught is reported to have burned and blown up in a home harbor. Looks as if the dreadnaught is more susceptible to injuries from within than even our old wooden ships.

AMERICAN SOCCER TOUR BEGINS TODAY.

New York, Aug. 15.—Devotees of the game of soccer are waiting with keen interest to learn the results of the first game to be played by the All-American team today at Stockholm. The interest is increased by the fact that the Scandinavian tour of the American soccer players represents the only athletic invasion this year by an All-American team. The Americans will meet the pick of the Scandinavian players in a series of three games to be played in Stockholm, followed by one in Christiania and one in Gothenburg. The players in Scandinavia are noted for their brawn and stamina. To offset this the players representing this country have speed and are fast inside workers.

NOT THAT KIND.

Waiter—Soup, sir? Soup, sir?
Haughty gentleman ignores the waiter and slowly removes his gloves.
Waiter (impatiently)—Soup, sir?
Haughty gentleman (angrily)—Is it compulsory?
"No, sir; optional"—Life.

NOTABLE BIRTHDAYS TODAY.

AUGUST 16
Charles S. Mellen, famous Eastern railroad man, former president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford and who was the most notable witness in the suit brought against the road by the U. S. Government last year, is 66 years old today. Mr. Mellen was born in Lowell, Mass., and had a public school education. He began railway work as a clerk for the Northern New Haven in 1869, rising steadily through divers positions of trust with several of the great Eastern lines, to the presidency of the Northern Pacific, which he filled from 1899 to 1903, in which year he assumed that of the New York, New Haven and Hartford. This he filled till 1913, having meanwhile, in 1910, assumed additional responsibility as president of the Boston and Maine. Both offices were resigned simultaneously in 1913 by Mr. Mellen, who has retired from active business and lives quietly at his home at New Haven, Conn.

Such tobacco enjoyment

as you never thought could be is yours to command quick as you buy some Prince Albert and fire-up a pipe or a home-made cigarette!

Prince Albert gives you every tobacco satisfaction your smoke-appetite ever hankered for. That's because it's made by a patented process that cuts out bite and parch! Prince Albert has always been sold without coupons or premiums. We prefer to give quality!

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

has a flavor as different as it is delightful. You never tasted the like of it! And that isn't strange, either.

Buy Prince Albert everywhere tobacco is sold in tippy red bags, 5c; tidy red tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tin humidors—and that corking fine pound crystal-glass humidors with sponge-moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such clever trim—always!



On the reverse side of this tidy red tin you will read: "Process Patented July 30th, 1907," which has made three men smoke pipes where one smoked before!

Men who think they can't smoke a pipe or roll a cigarette can smoke and will smoke if they use Prince Albert. And smokers who have not yet given P. A. a try-out certainly have a big surprise and a lot of enjoyment coming their way as soon as they invest in a supply. Prince Albert tobacco will tell its own story!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

***** THIS DATE IN HISTORY *****

AUGUST 16

1721—First issue of the New England Courant, published by James Franklin, a brother of Benjamin; it lived for six years.

1777—Americans defeated British at Bonington, Vt.

1792—First theatre, called the New Exhibition Room, opened sub rosa in Boston, a state statute prohibiting theatrical performances; two months afterwards the sheriff appeared and arrested the actors on the stage.

1820—Lafayette, hero of the American Revolution, made marshal of France, the highest military honor in the gift of his country.

1861—President Lincoln forbade trading with the Confederate states.

1870—Battle of Vionville, Franco-Prussian War, with heavy losses on both sides.

1888—Destructive storms in Ontario and Quebec, with great loss of life and property.

1891—International Socialist Labor Congress opened at Brussels.

1911—General Leconte inaugurated as president of Haiti.

1915—Tropical storm on Texas coast, with hurricane and an immense sea wave, caused death of 200 people and loss of millions of property; Galveston saved from total destruction by its new sea-wall, one of the hugest engineering works in America.

1914—THE WAR: Russians advance in East Prussia. Austrian battleship and three ironclads sunk by French fleet in the Adriatic. French and English fleets bombard Cattaro, Dalmatian German ships fly over Paris. Six Japanese warships carrying troops sail for Kiao-Chau.

1915—THE WAR: German plan in Frise case accepted by the United States. Battle of Riga between the Russian and German fleets in the Baltic, reported as a naval victory by the Russians, denied by Berlin.

***** IS A BOOSTER FOR LAREDO *****

Ex-Chief Remy of San Marcos Fire Department Likes This City and Loses No Opportunity to Boost It.

W. E. Remy, ex-chief of the San Marcos Fire Department, and who has come to Laredo two years in succession with the San Marcos racing team to participate in the Washington Birthday Celebration firemen's races, is here today, and is with the W. S. Knott Co., manufacturers of supplies and equipment for fire departments.

Mr. Remy says Laredo always looks good to him and that when he heard recently that the troops were to be removed from here on account of unsanitary conditions, he refuted the charge and readily assured those to whom he was talking that Laredo was one of the most sanitary places in Texas.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

***** LETTER LIST. *****

Advertised list of letters remaining in the postoffice of Laredo, for the week ending August 14, 1916.

MEN.

Avila Epigenio, Alcestes Marcelino, Arias Camillo, Addington Gussie, Abrego Manuel, Arredondo Domingo, Alegria Manuel, Biggs T. C., Brosig Teodoro, Briam Barney, Blake Seth, Bloulien Frank, Bedolla Eligio, Barfield W. M., Cardenas Tomas, Castillo A. D., Careaga Alvaro, Clark N. H., Cardenas Espiridon, Cantu Eligio, Cantu Casimiro, Cortez Tomas, Cortez Eulogio, Cochran John, Castro Refugio, Castillo Nasario, Camarillo J. M., Dios Juan de, Durham Earl, Deonla Felix, De Parra Inez V., Denby E., Englehardt Herman, Enriquez S., Esquivel Anastacio, Eltan Fred, Flores J., Flores Albino, Farias Carl, Farias Rumbaldo, Foster Carl, Farias Filomeno, Falcon Pedro, Faulkner Dick, Guerrero Geromino, Gonzales Refugio, Garza Miguel, Garza Meliton, Gallardo Juan, Geisen Jesus, Gutierrez Pedro H., Gonzales Francisco, Garcia Rodolfo, Galvan Juan, Graham Chas. Jr., Holden J. R., Herrera Jose Ma., Hanson Joseph, Henry Louis, Hernandez Alberto, Hensley Bert, Hinojosa Dilegario, Hernandez Pedro, Hidalgo 620, Hoyos Amado, Hurst Chas., Hunt J. E., Hale J. W., Jimenez Cristino, Jorison L. G., Jones R. B., Kinney Roy, Little Louis, Leon Adolph, Lopez Jose, Lavorgna Jack A., Lamb Chas., McKee J. J., Maldonado Arturo, Martinez Victor, Moreno Refugio, Martinez Vidal, Martinez Antonio, Mares Refugio, Manrique Brigidio, Moran Hipolito, Manrique R. G., Martinez Carlos, Martinez Apollinar, Medrano Viviano, Mendez Santos, Medeiros Loyd, Montez Juan, Mora Jose, McKay Fred, Munoz Mariano, Mora Alfredo, Nieto Miguel, Norris Alonso, Olson Ramon, Onivero Vicente, Olson G. B., Bancroft Jule, Padia Cristobal, Paxton W., Presas Jesus, Peña Jesus, Quintanilla Luis, Quiroz Jesus, Quiroga Vicente, Polekson P. P., Post Jesse, Purcell P. E., Pagonia Francisco, Reanis Carl, Rangel Eusebio, Ramirez Lucas, Rochedo Antonio, Robertson G. L., Slaughter Albert, Saucedo Cruz, Solis Gabriel, Pispense S., San Eduardo 1012, Sanchez Agustin, Sanchez J. C., Sanchez Luz, Salas Jose, Yully M. J., Toro Florencio, Trujillo Mariano, Torrey A. H., Thomason John, Tilley Anjil, Thieles O. A., Tellez Norberto, Vazquez Manuel Villareal Jose, Yvera Crescencio, Zamora Guadalupe, Zapata Maximiliano, kapata Pedro.

***** VOICE OF TEXAS. *****

Neither Has a Clam.
A newspaper, like an individual, that has not enough backbone to express its convictions, has no enemies. Neither has it sufficient character to hold a friend.—Eagle Pass News-Guide.

***** Watch 'Em! *****

The committee are meeting Hughes with their paid bands but watch the boys come out to hear Woodrow Wilson when he starts his campaign. We believe he will receive such ovations as were never accorded any candidate in America. The people know that he has kept us out of war, he has upheld the dignity of America, and he has stood as the champion of the rights of humanity. The heart of the nation goes out to him for the most wonderful work which he has accomplished as president and during these critical times they do not want to change.—Cleburne Review.

***** Why Not Wash Them. *****

A gentleman who refused to divulge his name but whose heart pulsates with love of humanity, stepped into this sanction a few days ago and left a large, juicy and luscious watermelon whose sweetness still trickles down the faces of those with whom we shared the precious gift. We are gifted with numerous friends whom we appreciate but if this unknown benefactor will just reveal his identity, we assure him his name shall head all the rest.—Denison Herald.

***** Good and Lonely. *****

Junarez has discovered that to be good is to be lonely, and has decided to reopen the keno and other games in order to tempt the American tourist to cross the river and part with his coin. "Enough is a sufficiency," said the jefe de armas in discussing the effect of the wave of reform which struck the village with the occupation of General Gavia and the Carranza forces last winter.—El Paso Times.

***** A Hacking Cough Weakens The System. *****

Don't suffer with a hacking cough that has weakened your system—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, in use over 40 years, and benefiting all who use it, the soothing pine balsam with tar heal the irritated air passages—soothes the raw spots, loosens the mucous and prevents racking the body with coughing. Dr. King's New Discovery induces natural sleep and aids nature to cure you.

***** Look Good—Feel Good. *****

Not one can either feel good, nor look good while suffering from constipation. Get rid of that tired, draggy, lifeless feeling by a treatment of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Buy a box to-day, take one or two pills to-night. In the morning that stuffed, dull feeling is gone and you feel better at once. 25c. at your druggist.

***** Almost Anybody *****

can make a cup of coffee, but there are said to be not over a dozen restaurants in the United States where they make it right—SHORTY is one of the few. He has the secret—He makes it right. Try a cup at SHORTY'S.

***** For Neat and Accurate Job Work *****

ring up 43.

***** LADIES *****

Arispe Candelaria, Avila Martina, Arambula Domicia, Alvarado Dolores, Alvares Habana, Alvarado Margarita, Pags Juana E., Camona Juanita, Cepeda Juana, Chavez Juana, Campos Leonarda, Cravin Tressie, Carranza Otila, Castro Guadalupe, Dominguez Virginia, Fernandez Miss, Garza Mae de la, Granado Valentina, Hernandez M. M., Lozano Anita, Lopez Emilia, Gonzales Josefa, Gonzales Chona, Haynes J. H., Jones Frank, Juarez Cristina, Lewis Helen, Laguna Rosa, Martinez Benigna, Martinez Isaura, Martinez Josefa, Mata Natividad, Munoz Lazara, Martinez Dolores, Martinez Enriqueta, Martinez Antonia, Martinez Tomas, Mesa Carmen, Milled Nellie J., Montemayor Marti-na, Morales Cecilia, Ochoa Guillermo, Parra Inez R., Perez Rafaela, Perez Modesta, Palacios Florida, Sauz Concepcion, Rangel Genoveva, Ramos Elena, Rodriguez Maria, Rendon Tomasita, Rodriguez Francisca, Rodriguez Sara, Rosa Jovita de la, Rey-

"JAMAICA" IS INNOVATION TO THE MANY SOLDIER BOYS

NO DOUBT MANY OF THEM WILL BE "ARRESTED" TONIGHT.

Martin Plaza, With Its Numerous Decorated Booths and Pretty Girls, Will Prove Drawing Card.

To many the Mexican bazaar to be held on the Martin Plaza this evening for the benefit of the Laredo Chapter of the Red Cross will be an innovation. It will be what is called a "jamaica." Now, you do not pronounce that the same as you would the island of that name, but by sounding it "hy-miker" you will give it the name intended by the Mexicans. People who are residents of the border section or wherever there is a Mexican population in a municipality are acquainted with the constituent features of a "jamaica," and hence an explanation for their benefit would be superfluous, but there are thousands of guardsmen here, who are wondering what in the name of creation is on tapis tonight.

A "jamaica" is likened somewhat to a fair. There are numerous decorated booths erected about a plaza. Refreshment stands here and there are intermingled among the numerous booths, but the main attraction of a "jamaica" are the numerous beautiful "señoritas" (young ladies) acting the roles of policemen, judges, etc., and right then and there every porambulating hombre on the ground who can escape the discerning eyes of his girl or his wife steals away and gets arrested by some beautiful young lady wandering about in quest of "culprits." Around the plaza there will be feminine policemen (not suffragettes, either) and they will "arrest" any one they choose. He is then taken to "jail" (a booth presided over by a señorita) and there held a few minutes. From there he goes before a judge, (another señorita) and as he faces the "inexorable dignity" another fair young lady in the role of "attorney" appears and defends him. But the "culprit" is never acquitted without a "fine." The attorney gets a fine from you, the judge gets a fine from you.

If you are fined a dime by each and you have the change it costs you only 20 cents, but if you hand each a dollar from which to take out the sum you owe, it is a case of "goodnight, eagle." But, golly, there is lots of fun in being "arrested" and "jailed" and men actually wander right into the trap and pay their little fines and go away happy. And then, too, the "jamaica" tonight on Martin Plaza is for a most laudable purpose.

During the event this evening music will be furnished by the Ninth Infantry Band, a patriotic address will be made by Mrs. Seth Barton French, personal representative of Secretary of War Baker, and there will be levies of beautiful and bewitching young ladies acting the various official roles. Besides there will be refreshment stands, where you can take your mother-in-laws and other loved ones and "set em up" and thereby also help the good cause. An admission of five cents to the plaza will be charged—the main "charge" against you will be made before you make your exit therefrom.

OFFICE DEPARTMENT QUARTERMASTER, Fort Sam Houston, Texas. Sealed proposals will be received here until 11:00 a. m., August 31, 1916, for furnishing gasoline, forage and lidding required at Southern Department stations and camps, during the period beginning Oct. 1, 1916, and ending December 31, 1916. Information furnished upon application.

***** CONFERRED WITH GEN. MANN. *****

Treasurer-General of Carranza Government Visited Laredo Yesterday and Met Commander at Laredo.

Yesterday, while sojourning in this city, Niceforo Zambrano, the treasurer general of the de facto government of Mexico went out to brigade headquarters at Fort McIntosh and paid his respects to Brigadier General Mann. The two conferred on matters broached by Mr. Zambrano, but what these were the officers at the brigade headquarters are reticent about and queries only elicited the laconic reply, "it was only regarding existing conditions."

Yesterday morning Treasurer Zambrano is said to have paid \$44,000 due on a shipment of twenty-two passenger coaches for the Constitutional Lines of Mexico which arrived here a few days ago from the East and which were crossed to Nuevo Laredo yesterday after the money was paid. That was the real object of Zambrano's visit to Northern Mexico. He incidentally paid some indebtedness due by the Carranza government in Nuevo Laredo, and while there he decided that he would cross the boundary line and have a little chat with Brigadier General Mann.

***** Look Good—Feel Good. *****

Not one can either feel good, nor look good while suffering from constipation. Get rid of that tired, draggy, lifeless feeling by a treatment of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Buy a box to-day, take one or two pills to-night. In the morning that stuffed, dull feeling is gone and you feel better at once. 25c. at your druggist.

***** The Best Laxative. *****

To keep the bowels regular the best laxative is outdoor exercise. Drink a full glass of water half an hour before breakfast and eat an abundance of fruit and vegetables, also establish a regular habit and be sure that your bowels move once each day. When a medicine is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are pleasant to take and mild and gentle in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

LITTLE LOCALS

—Mrs. Seth Barton French will speak tomorrow night at Elks Hall on "Red Cross Work Done by Americans Abroad."

—Mannel Cruz is preparing to open a first-class dry goods store in the new Wilcox building on Lincoln street about September 1. Mr. Cruz will leave for the Eastern markets in a day or two to select his stock of goods, and in the meantime his quarters will be supplied with shelves, etc.

—First \$85.00 will buy a fine piano; original cost \$600. Laredo Furniture Exchange 1213 Hidalgo St. 8-5-tf.

—In behalf of Laredo Chapter Red Cross, Mrs. Seth Barton French will speak at Elks Hall tomorrow night. Admission free.

—There will be a band concert by the Ninth Infantry Band on Jarvis Plaza tomorrow night, when a fine program of selections will be rendered. This evening the Ninth Infantry Band will furnish the music during the "jamaica."

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office. 16-11-tf.

—The brigade review held at Fort McIntosh yesterday evening was an event that attracted much attention from those who saw the 2,000 men pass in review of Brigadier General Mann. But when that division review, with 10,000 men in line is pulled off some people's eyes will bulge from their sockets. And that review will be held within a short time, it is said.

—The public is invited to hear Mrs. Seth Barton French at Elks Hall tomorrow night. She will speak on the work done by Americans in the European war zone.

—For self starter work see Yearly at the Citizens Garage. 6-25-tf.

—The "Jamaica" given under the auspices of and for the benefit of the Red Cross on Martin Plaza this evening will draw an immense crowd. An admission of five cents will be charged to the plaza, and the fact that it is a mere nickel means that standing room will be as much at a premium as though it was gratis.

—The Laredo Retail Merchants' Association are arranging for a "get-together meeting" and smoker to be held on the evening of August 25. The "orators" for the occasion are being assigned subjects and eloquence, Rio Grande water and pepper sauce will flow abundantly on that eventful evening.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf (Adv.)

—All should hear Mrs. Seth Barton French tell of what Americans have accomplished in European relief work. At Elks Hall tomorrow night.

—Work on the two buildings being erected on the south side of the city hall is progressing fast and the walls of both structures are being reared. The mayor states that he has more demands for space in the new buildings than can be supplied. Those who get locations in the new buildings are indeed fortunate.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-tf. (Adv.)

—Born:—Sunday, August 13th, to Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cooper, a fine boy.

—The following marriage licenses have been issued by the county clerk since last report: Gregorio Peña and Elvira Cavazos, Chester O. Berry and Feliz Castillo, Jose Gallegos and Guadalupe Ramos.

—The importations through this port from Mexico yesterday consisted of sixteen carloads of calamine and one carload of bones.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-8-tf.

—A shipment consisting of sixteen carloads of sacked corn which arrived here yesterday afternoon from North Texas left Nuevo Laredo this morning for Monterey, where it will be used in relieving distress among the poor, who, it is said, will be supplied corn practically at cost.

***** Cure for Cholera Morbus. *****

"When our little boy, now seven years old, was a baby he was cured of cholera morbus by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Mrs. Sidney Simmons, Fair Haven, N. Y. "Since then other members of my family have used this valuable medicine for colic and bowel troubles with good satisfaction and I gladly endorse it as a remedy of exceptional merit." Obtainable everywhere.

***** APPLE SHIPPERS IN SESSION. *****

Niagara Falls, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Several hundred men who deal in apples, members of the International Apple Shippers' association, are attending the annual convention of the association, which met in this city today for a three-day session. Many sections of the United States and Canada are represented. The new standard barrel law and various matters relative to transportation, refrigeration, exportation, etc., are scheduled to receive the attention of the convention.

***** The Best Laxative. *****

To keep the bowels regular the best laxative is outdoor exercise. Drink a full glass of water half an hour before breakfast and eat an abundance of fruit and vegetables, also establish a regular habit and be sure that your bowels move once each day. When a medicine is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are pleasant to take and mild and gentle in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

SOLDIERS HEAR ADDRESS AND LISTEN WITH INTEREST

MRS. SETH BARTON FRENCH
TALKS TO THE MILITIAMEN.

Tells Them of Observations Made on
Fields of Battle in France and
Pays Tribute to Americans.

Last night at the Young Men's Christian Association building at Camp Missouri more than a thousand militiamen, both officers and enlisted men, assembled to hear the address which was delivered by an able and interesting speaker, Mrs. Seth Barton French, the personal representative of Secretary of War Baker, who is here to inspect the base and "border" hospitals and incidentally other matters.

In anticipation of the treat in store for them in hearing this gifted woman make one of her interesting talks, representatives of all the militia camps and also from Fort McIntosh and the Ninth Infantry Camp were present. Mrs. French took as her subject, "The Spirit of the Fighting Man as I Have Seen Him," and related incidents in connection with the European war and the great valor shown by the soldier on the sanguinary field of battle in France. She told of incidental scenes in great battles, of heroism on the field and how intrepid men had gone forth in battle to meet their foes. Her talk was one that held attention throughout and there was none of that ennui apparent that generally creeps in to show lack of interest after some talks have progressed so far.

Mrs. French paid a high and glowing tribute to the spirit of the American when his country called for his service and cited how readily men laid aside responsible and lucrative positions and hurried to the mobilization camp to be ready for service at the quickest possible time. Her complimentary and well deserved praise of the American volunteer was touching and most inspiring and in some eyes there were teardrops and hearts pulsated with pride that they were Americans.

Mrs. Kelly, field secretary of the National Patriotic Relief, was present on the platform but could not make her address on account of the fact that she had a very husky voice on account of one of those annoying summer colds due to the twin brother in summer of the "grip" in winter.

NOTICE.

To whom it may concern:—
Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing as EDUARDO CRUZ & BRO. was dissolved on the 8th inst., and that after said date the business will be continued by Eduardo Cruz who assumes all liabilities due by said firm and will conduct the business in his own name only.

EDUARDO CRUZ.
Laredo, Texas, August 11th, 1916. 8-11-16.

Stop It!

The United States board of mediation will have a splendid opportunity to prove its value if the railroad managers and employees are brought together under its adjudication. This matter of a strike of railway operatives is the most serious peril that has beset us since the question of secession from the Union was considered. The American people have not only their property but their very lives at stake, for the stopping of all transportation means starvation for many and ruin for more.—Houston Post.

Look Good—Feel Good.

Nt one can either feel good nor look good while suffering from constipation. Get rid of that tired, draggy, lifeless feeling by treatment of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Buy a box to-day, take one or two pills to-night. In the morning that stuffed, dull feeling is gone and you feel better at once. 25c. at your druggist.

A Neutral Teuton.

Word comes from Berlin that the Germans are preparing for another winter campaign but they believe that the war will be over by Christmas, or rather it will close with the defeat of the allied forces by the new and mighty drive being inaugurated by General Von Hindenburg. We are neutral—we don't care who whips the allies just so that peace is brought about.—Eagle Pass Guide.

OFFICE DEPARTMENT QUARTERMASTER, Fort Sam Houston, Texas. Sealed proposals will be received here until 11:00 a. m., August 16, 1916, for furnishing gasoline, forage and bedding required at Southern Department posts, during the period beginning Oct. 1, 1916, and ending June 30, 1917.

Information furnished upon application.

Almost Anybody
+ can make a cup of coffee, but
+ there are said to be not over a
+ dozen restaurants in the Unit-
+ ed States where they make it
+ right—SHORTY is one of the
+ few. He has the secret—He
+ makes it right. Try a cup at
+ SHORTY'S.
+ 8-9-16.

TIMES WANT ADS.
***** Money Makers *****

LITTLE LOCALS

—The bronze railing which has been delayed in reaching Laredo and has delayed the opening of the Laredo National Bank in its new and handsome home, has arrived and will be installed in place immediately.

—First \$85.00 will buy a fine piano; original cost \$600. Laredo Furniture Exchange 1213 Hidalgo St. 8-5-16.

—The following importations from Mexico passed through this port yesterday afternoon: Four carloads of lard, twelve carloads of calamine and four carloads of steel billets.

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office. 10-11-16.

—The Strand Theatre had capacity audiences last night to witness the picture offerings there, two of their feature pictures being shown. The soldier boys greatly enjoy the pictures offered by Laredo playhouses and each evening fill theatres.

—For self starter work see Yeary at the Citizens Garage. 6-26-16.

—There are daily movements of the troops in this military district to and from points along the river and in the nearby country. Not only is Laredo well protected by a cordon of militiamen, but all the outlying country in both directions along the river and the country to the northward are fully protected.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-6-16 (Adv.)

—Treasurer General Zambrano of the de facto government of Mexico arrived in Nuevo Laredo yesterday and today paid Laredo a visit. It is said he came to this side on a purely business trip and from here will go to Nuevo Laredo again and proceed southward to the Mexican capital.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 1-9-16. (Adv.)

—There will be a band concert on the Jarvis Plaza Thursday night, when the music will be furnished by the Ninth Infantry Band. Director Plozman is arranging an excellent program of selections for the occasion. On Saturday night it is said the Maine Band will play again, followed by the Second Missouri Band on Sunday evening.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-16

—Go to Martin Plaza tomorrow night and enjoy the "Jamaica" and incidentally help the Red Cross fund. And whilst you are at the "Jamaica" do not fail to hear the patriotic address by Mrs. Seth Barton French, who will speak on a subject dear to every heart—some patriotic theme.

ANNOUNCED THE SCHEDULE LAREDO DISTRICT LEAGUE

GAMES ARE ARRANGED FOR THE
ENSUING FIVE WEEKS HERE

Eight Teams of the League Will Have a "Go" With Each Other and Some Interesting Games Expected.

The following is the schedule of games to be played by the various teams composing the "Laredo District League" so far arranged by the schedule committee. The first game of the league season was played Sunday between the Ninth Infantry and Laredo teams and won by the latter, as announced in the Times yesterday, and the next game is on Saturday evening, as shown by the schedule, 10-11-16.

Saturday afternoon, August 19—Second Missouri vs. Fourth Missouri. Sunday, August 20—Morning, Laredo vs. Third Field Artillery; afternoon, Ninth Infantry vs. Second Missouri.

Saturday afternoon, August 26—New Hampshire vs. Third Field Artillery.

Sunday, August 27—Morning, Third Missouri vs. Laredo; afternoon, First Missouri vs. Fourth Missouri.

Thursday afternoon, August 31—Third Field Artillery vs. Fourth Missouri.

Saturday afternoon, Sept. 2—Laredo vs. Ninth Infantry.

Sunday, Sept. 3—Morning, First Missouri vs. New Hampshire; afternoon, Third Missouri and Second Missouri.

The above was the schedule arranged until September 3 by the schedule committee at the meeting held last night. The report of the schedule committee was made to the board of directors of the Laredo District League. Only one Thursday afternoon game has been arranged, but it is probable that future schedules will include Thursday, Saturday and Sunday games. The directors last night decided to enlarge the grand stand to accommodate several hundred more persons.

A Card of Thanks.

We take this method of returning our sincere thanks and appreciation to those kind friends who came to our assistance in our recent bereavement and who assisted at the funeral and contributed floral offerings. Such kindness will ever linger in fond remembrance.

A. R. Kahn and Family.

The Best Laxative.
To keep the bowels regular the best laxative is outdoor exercise. Drink a full glass of water half an hour before breakfast and eat an abundance of fruit and vegetables, also establish a regular habit and be sure that your bowels move once each day. When a medicine is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are pleasant to take and mild and gentle in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor . . . Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Tuesday.

Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will hold its regular meeting at the Masonic Hall at eight o'clock in the evening. Ladies Night at the Ninth Infantry Club.

Wednesday.

The Ladies Aid of the Christian Church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the home of Mrs. G. C. Hiatt at three o'clock in the afternoon. Jamaica on Martin Plaza at seven o'clock in the evening, for the benefit of the Red Cross.

General Mention.

Judge and Mrs. J. F. Mullally and daughter, Miss Anita, and son, Mr. Edgar Mullally and Miss Lucy Louden returned home yesterday afternoon from Corpus Christi, where they spent the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard P. von Blucher and two children, and nephew, Conrad von Blucher, arrived in Laredo yesterday afternoon in their big touring car from Corpus Christi and will remain here several days as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Jefferies.

Col. and Mrs. Alonzo Grey and daughters, Misses Olive and Alice Grey, motored up from San Antonio yesterday.

Miss Coulter of San Antonio arrived yesterday morning and is the guest of her brother, Lieutenant Coulter, of the Fourteenth Cavalry.

Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Giles left last night for San Antonio, after a pleasant visit to relatives.

Mrs. Zane and children are expected to arrive on Thursday and will be here for a time.

The boys of the Milmo Rifles, or Co. I, Second Texas Infantry, stationed at Fort Kingdome, wish to express their deep appreciation and thanks to the members of the Girls National Guard of Honor, for the box filled with all sorts of good things, that reached them recently. It was very gratifying to them to be remembered so substantially.

Mrs. O. H. Guinn and children left Saturday for San Antonio on a visit to relatives.

Mrs. Walter Moore returned yesterday from San Antonio, where she has been visiting for some time past.

Mrs. J. D. Merriman and daughters, Misses Gladys and Hazel Merriman, expect to leave in the morning for a two weeks' visit to relatives in Corpus Christi.

Entertainments.

The B. R. D. A. Club were most delightfully entertained, last evening with a moonlight party at the home of Mrs. L. A. Lafon on the Heights at seven o'clock. Music and games were the amusements of the evening. After several pleasant hours the hostess, served a delicious ice course and cake. All the members were present.

Dinner.
Col. and Mrs. R. A. Brown entertained very delightfully at dinner on Friday evening in honor of Mrs. Seth Barton French. Civers were laid for the honor guest, Mrs. Ola Bell, General Mann, Col. Heimer, and the host and hostess.

Box Party.

One of the most delightful affairs of the week was the box party and dancing given last evening by Edmund Wormser. The young people gathered at the hospitable home of Mrs. Fred Wormser early in the evening, and a pleasant hour was spent in dancing, after which they motored to the theater. At the conclusion of the photo-play, delicious refreshments were served at Horners Drugstore. The guests returned to the home of the host, and danced until about twelve o'clock. Those present were: Misses Olivia Schultz, Ollie Yates, Irene Moser, Mary Hall, Maxime Taylor, Christine Hill, Helen Richter, Marzelle Beene, Lurline Davis, Evelyn Moore, Ruth Simpson, Elizabeth Bunn, Courtney Slaughter, Anita Sharkey, Inez Hill, Vida Bunn, Rosalie Wormser; Messrs. Edward Mullally, Ernest Moser, Dave Applewhite, Ernest Biskamp, Edwin Wormser, Frank Cullinan, James Greer, Louis Becker, Paul Deutz, Pepe Lowry, Manes, Lester Stoner, Will Austin, Tom Austin, Edward Clark, William Merriman, August Wormser, chaperones—Mr. and Mrs. Max Yesner. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wormser. American Beauty roses were given to each girl and boy as souvenirs.

Announcements.

There will be no meeting of the Red Cross Class in First Aid until Saturday morning, on account of the members being on the different committees of the Jamaica, to take place on Wednesday night.

Red Cross Notes.

Red Cross Sewing Circle B met yesterday morning at the home of Mrs. G. C. Woodman, chairman, and a number of finished garments were turned over and cut-out work was given out to be taken home, to be made. The members of the different circles have been very busy this week with the "Jamaica" and they have not accomplished very much in the sewing line, but all the branches

PERSONALS

Judge M. D. Slator of Llano is in the city.

Joe D. Jennings arrived in the city this morning from Del Rio.

Mr. and Mrs. Enrique Manitauf of Mission, Texas, are guests at the Ross.

Luis Meza Morton arrived this morning from Houston.

Woodlief Thofas is in the city from his ranch for a short visit.

C. C. Biggio returned yesterday from a business trip to Galveston.

Melquiades Garcia, the Mexican consul, accompanied by his family, will leave tomorrow for Mexico City, where Mr. Garcia goes on a business visit.

ROSS:—Enrique Manitauf and wife, Mission; M. Revilla T., M. F. Baker, A. R. Mott, San Antonio; H. K. Tax, A. F. Sheffield, Laredo; F. Calzado, Brownsville; R. S. Gonzales, C. P. Tragow and family, Sld Rhode, San Antonio; A. Cuellar, Tampico; Jose Lozano and family, H. C. Half, S. Hoppel, San Antonio; A. J. Ayers, Hebberville; E. Garza and family, San Antonio.

BENDER:—H. W. Shiptrian, E. M. Lewis, San Antonio; A. A. Katten, New Orleans; Albert F. Brown, San Antonio; V. A. Hartmiller, St. Louis, Mo.; M. M. Smith, St. Louis, Mo.; L. F. Wilson, Chicago; L. B. Cornilins, San Antonio; A. M. Pellemburg, J. E. Thompson, Dallas; Geo. S. Gray, Corpus Christi; Capt. W. W. Werrell, U. S. A.; A. M. Long, El Paso; M. M. Grosman and wife, Dallas; L. Graham, F. D. Guerra and wife, Corpus Christi; Mrs. F. M. Kain, Rio Grande City; R. J. Wolfe, New Orleans; E. W. Simons, O. G. Strohach, San Antonio; U. Bates Reed, Houston; W. H. Lacy, Corpus Christi; A. W. Hurt, Nacogdoches; Javier Salcido, New York; S. J. Nurmolech, Ft. Worth.

FROM THE EDUCATOR'S NOTE-BOOK.

Not only the student bodies but the faculties of American universities and colleges have furnished a number of men willing to go the battle-line of Europe to "do their bit" for the side with which they sympathize. Of these American "intellectuals" an overwhelming majority has signified its sympathy with the Allied cause, though an occasional case of German origin or of German birth has called the master or student under the Teutonic colors. The University of Chicago has four professors with the belligerent armies, one in each, respectively, of the British, French, German and Italian armies. The last to depart, Dr. Norman Macleod Harris of the Department of Bacteriology, has been made a captain in the Canadian contingent of the British Army.

The great French military academy of St. Cyr, about which so much is heard these days, was founded by Napoleon, and has since his day been the great training school of the French military organization. One of Napoleon's chief military difficulties, with the constant renewal of staffs demanded by his destructive wars, was to obtain officers for his new armies, and it was with a view to overcoming this difficulty that he organized the great military college at Saint-Cyr-L'Ecole. He specially wanted to secure good cavalry leaders, and convinced that such dashing young officers might better be found among "good families," he issued the curious instruction that those who fulfilled requirements in this respect should be "examined with indulgence as regards knowledge of arithmetic and geometry." This clause seems all the more curious because Napoleon was trained at a military school of the French military organization. One of the French military difficulties, with the constant renewal of staffs demanded by his destructive wars, was to obtain officers for his new armies, and it was with a view to overcoming this difficulty that he organized the great military college at Saint-Cyr-L'Ecole. He specially wanted to secure good cavalry leaders, and convinced that such dashing young officers might better be found among "good families," he issued the curious instruction that those who fulfilled requirements in this respect should be "examined with indulgence as regards knowledge of arithmetic and geometry." This clause seems all the more curious because Napoleon was trained at a military school of the French military organization.

Aeroplane and wireless outfits are almost musty things of the past for the mechanical genius of Minneapolis youths, who are feverishly preparing to take part in the annual exhibition of work of the children's department of the Minneapolis city library, Sept. 12 to 18. The purpose of this interesting exhibition week is to show the work the children instinctively turn to as a result of their reading. Submarines and giant submarines are the thing most of the boys report they are working on at the present.

The war had already turned the attention of the youngsters to the undersea craft, and the coming of the Deutsche added fuel to the fire. As a result a number of models of U-boats are being submitted for entry in the exhibition. The war has also stimulated the imagination of the girls, though not to such an extent, and examples of Red Cross relief work are often found in the girls' entries.

will begin to work with redoubled vigor next week.

Heights Civic League.

The Heights Civic League have done some very nice things for the sick soldiers at the Post Hospital the past two weeks, in the way of furnishing them with flowers, books, games and writing materials. The small attentions were most appreciated by them.

Mrs. M. P. Cullinan has added much to the attractiveness of the Knights of Columbus Building, by placing fresh flowers there daily. The soldiers are very appreciative of the thoughtfulness and enjoy being the recipients of such lovely courtesies.

The Parish Guild of Christ Church appointed Mrs. G. C. Woodman chairman to purchase games, books and writing materials, and present them to the convalescent soldiers at the Post. She was assisted by Mrs. MacGregor and Mrs. W. N. Young, and the gifts were taken out to the hospital Wednesday of last week. The things were very much appreciated both by the inmates and the medical officers in charge.

ITALIANS NEAR TRIESTE AND AUSTRIAN FLEET HAS SAILED FOR PARTS UNKNOWN

Tolmino, Besieged by the Italians, in Flames and Capitulation Momentarily Expected—Allies Reported Gaining on Other Fronts and Only Repulse was That of the Attack on Bulgarian Positions.

GUARDSMEN ORDER IS REVOKED TODAY

FUNSTON RECOMMENDED OR-
DER WITHDRAWN BECAUSE
DELICATE RAILWAY
STRIKE SITUATION.

By Associated Press.

San Antonio, Texas, Aug. 15.—The order for 25,000 guardsmen to proceed to the border has been revoked, according to an announcement at Gen. Funston's headquarters today. The war department notified Gen. Funston that the troops would continue to be held in the state mobilization camps. It was understood that the delicacy of the railroad strike situation was the moving consideration. Gen. Funston recommended that the troops be not sent, as the consummation of the threatened railroad strike would seriously hamper the food supply on the border. This developed the fact that the estimates gave the civilian population of the border flour for only one week ahead and that the army has but little more.

WHEAT JUMPED 8 CENTS.

By Associated Press.

Chicago, Aug. 15.—Wheat jumped 8 cents on December options today on reports of crop damage.

EPIDEMIC INCREASES.

By Associated Press.

New York, Aug. 15.—There were 29 deaths and 163 new cases in the epidemic of infantile paralysis during the past 24 hours, a slight increase.

NEW HAMPSHIRE TOWN TO CELEBRATE.

Stratham, N. H., Aug. 15.—The town of Stratham has donned gala dress in anticipation of the big celebration to be held tomorrow in honor of its two hundredth birthday anniversary. The town is one of the oldest in this section, having been granted a petition for a township in 1716. The first meeting house was built the following year. The bell for the old church was hung in 1729, and an interesting anecdote of the town's name is that Lady Stratham of England gave it on condition that the new town be named after her, it later being called Stratham.

An interesting feature of tomorrow's celebration will be a parade which will pass along the same route that over which marched the men of Stratham on the morning of April 29, 1775, to join the American troops after they learned that the British were on a march from Boston to Lexington. The Stratham patriots arrived too late for the conflict at Lexington, but they served in the battle of Bunker Hill.

WOMAN ACCUSED AS BANK ROB- BER.

Leavenworth, Kas., Aug. 15.—A quartette of alleged bank robbers, including a woman who is believed to have been the "brains" of the gang, were arraigned in court here today for a preliminary hearing on charges of having been concerned in the recent robbery of banks at Jarbalo and Linwood, Kas. The woman in the case is Beulah Evans, wife of Frank Evans, one of the alleged members of the band. The others are Barney Sallaw and Frank Mulkey. The latter alleged to have been the owner and driver of the motor car used by the band in their operations. The four were captured near Kansas City. The three men, according to the Kansas City police, confessed to their part in the bank robberies. The woman held her tongue until she learned that the men were talking freely, when she too is alleged to have revealed most interesting information concerning the operations of the gang. In addition to the bank robbery charges, the four may be held to answer to a charge of murder in connection with the killing of a motorcycle patrolman who was slain while endeavoring to overtake the fleeing automobile after the robbery at Linwood.

GRAIN GROWERS WOULD FIX PRICES.

Fargo, N. D., Aug. 15.—If plans to be discussed here today at a conference of the Society of Equity are successfully carried out, the grain growers of the Northwest will have an important say in the fixing of wheat prices in future. The growers purpose to prevent if possible a repetition of last year's experience, when grain manipulators succeeded in passing the price of grain as low as 89 cents in the Minneapolis market. The grain growers' division of the Society of Equity embrace in its membership thousands of the leading producers throughout the Northwest. Their plan of procedure will be to ascertain the crop acreage, the yield per acre, the actual cost of production of grain of all kinds, the cost of marketing the crop, and on this basis to figure out what the price should be to allow a reasonable profit.

NOTES OF INTEREST.

The Paris police has a corps of divers for work in the Seine River. Thomas Edison made the speech of his life in 1915.

Pickled radishes are a great relish in Japan.

Oil and salt wells in China more than 2,000 feet deep have been dug by hand through solid rock with the most primitive implements.

Argentina is employing camels for agricultural purposes in regions unsuited for horses or oxen.

Governor Cantu of Lower California, Mexico, lives in San Diego, just over the border.

By Associated Press.

Geneva, Switzerland, Aug. 15.—The Italian advance guard is within 13 miles of Trieste and the greater part of the Austrian fleet has sailed for an unknown destination, according to a telegram from Buchs, Switzerland.

Tolmino About to Fall.

Paris, Aug. 15.—The city of Tolmino, which is being besieged by the Italians, is in flames and its capitulation is expected momentarily, according to a despatch from Buchs, Switzerland.

Italian Warship Destroyed.

Paris, Aug. 15.—The Italian dreadnaught Leonardo da Vinci caught fire and blew up in Taranto harbor, Italy, and 200 of the crew were drowned, says a despatch to the Petit Journal. The date of the disaster was not given. The ship was of 2,000 burden, 575 feet long and one of the largest ships in the Italian navy.

War Summary.

The French captured trenches on a 300-yard front near Fleury on the right bank of the Meuse in the Verdun sector last night, says the Paris statement today. On the Carso plateau east of Gorizia the Austrians suffered further reverses at the hands of the Italians, the Rome official statement says. Austrian trenches were captured.

Nearly all of the remaining trenches northwest of Pozieres on the Somme front in which the Germans gained a foothold Sunday have been retaken, London announced today. The Russians are crossing to the western bank of the Zlotopila river and advancing along the upper Stripa, continuing their rapid advance against the Austrians in Galicia, Petrograd claims. Berlin announces that Austro-German troops under Gen. von Bothmer are offering determined resistance to the Russian advance along the upper Stripa and have repulsed strong attacks in the Seborow-Konichy sector. Italian troops have entered the suburbs of Tolmino, which is under continuous shell fire, according to a despatch from Turin to Paris. The Austrians are evacuating the city.

Another small engagement on the Balkan front, of which there have been several recently, was fought south of Lake Doiran, northeast of Saloniki in which the enemy who attacked the Bulgarian advanced posts was repulsed, says the Berlin statement.

Brigade Review Tonight.
At 6:30 this evening on Fort McIntosh parade ground there will be a brigade parade of the Missouri troops, who will pass in review before Brig. Gen. Clark, commanding the brigade. The public are invited to witness this parade, which will be an imposing spectacle.

MEETING OF MICHIGAN MEDICS.

Houghton, Mich., Aug. 15.—With all signs pointing to one of the most successful as well as the largest meeting in its history, the Michigan State Medical society convened here today for a three days' session. Many of the leading physicians, surgeons and medical instructors of the State are on the program for papers and addresses.

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RAILROADS CONCEDE EIGHT HOUR DEMAND

WANT BROTHERHOODS TO PUT
NO HEAVY BURDENS
ON THE RAILROAD
COMPANIES.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Aug. 15.—After the committee of railroad managers had another conference with President Wilson this morning, it became known that a proposal was under consideration by which the railroads would accept the principle of the eight-hour day, leaving the working out of its application to the interstate commerce commission or some body formed for the purpose. The railroads are understood to be ready to concede the principle of the eight-hour day providing the employees make concessions not to put too heavy burdens on the railroads.

COTTON USED LAST YEAR.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Aug. 15.—Cotton used in the United States during the year ending July 31 aggregated 6,359,972 bales, compared with 5,597,362 bales last year, the census bureau announced today.

WORK ON NAVAL BILL.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Aug. 15.—After a two hours' debate, the house proceeded to vote on the building program and the personnel increase in the naval bill

THE LAREDO TIMES

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From Monday's Daily.

THE ILLITERATE VOTE.

Every time the question of making a literacy test part of the requirements for the admission of immigrants comes up, there is some politician sure to come up at the same time with the statement that Lincoln's mother couldn't read or write, and that there are many thousands of our noble citizens who are laboring under the same disadvantage, and that for his part, "rather than disfranchise a single one of these American citizens," etc., etc.

Even should there be a literacy qualification for the right to vote—and it is the earnest belief of many people that there should be—there would be no reason for disfranchising those who have already voted. The young men of today have not the slightest excuse for being illiterate, even though their parents and grandfathers had not the school privileges that are so common today, and the immigrants who come to this country are of little value to us if they cannot read or write.

As soon as the present conflict in Europe will permit, we shall be confronted with a new problem in immigration, that of finding room for millions of the downtrodden peasantry of the Old World. It is to our interest to pick and choose when we admit those people. We already have a restriction against those who are criminals, cripples, mentally incompetent or liable to become a public burden through other causes. And the man who is not able to read and write, even his own language, much less the new one which he will be forced to learn in order to make a living has a worse handicap than that of being crippled or poor.

There has not been a single reason advanced for the defeat of the literacy test which will hold water. To state that merely because some people have risen to positions of ease despite their illiteracy is to set at naught our own educational system. If one argues that education is of minor importance in gaining a living or in becoming useful to the community or state, that why do we go to the trouble and expense of building schoolhouses and hiring teachers?

We already have too many millions of the incompetent, ignorant day laborers in this country; men who are led by the nose for the greater advantage of the scheming crook and padrone; men who do not know what to say when asked their names or their nationality, and who are so ignorant that they are led by the first confidence man who comes along.

There is little room for the man who has no education, while the man who has fitted himself for the industrial or commercial struggle is fast forging to the front. Every ignorant immigrant is a menace to the industrial life of the country, and it is from the ranks of the illiterate that the scheming gang leaders receive recruits.

The various political conventions roundly protest against the introduction of this unwelcome topic, for the leaders know that a great percentage of the controllable vote comes from the illiterate class, and they do not want to destroy their source of supply.

When the election fraud cases come into the courts, it is found that the majority of those who sold their votes to the crooked politicians are of the illiterate class.

When the courts deal with crimes of violence, they find that the majority of the criminals are illiterate, and almost every crime, save that of forgery, is committed in the main by those who cannot read or write.

This does not mean to say that all illiterate people are possessed of criminal instincts, but those who have never learned to read or write are laboring under a great disadvantage which they confess in their eagerness to give their children an education. And the fact that they consider it a disadvantage is the best argument against perpetuating illiteracy through the admission of more of the wilfully ignorant class from Europe.

HOPE TO RESTORE ORDER.

The statement that the hope of the administration is to restore order on the border that the officers and men of the various National Guard regiments may soon be withdrawn will strike many as being rather contradictory.

The presence of the soldiers on the border has tended to restore order, as all who live here can testify. But the order that they are responsible for is only due to their presence, and not to any moral effect which their mobilization has effected.

As soon as the troops are withdrawn, the lawless Mexican will again begin their raids and they will no doubt accept the withdrawal of the forces as a confession that we are not willing to enforce our demands, but are merely making a bluff.

Not until the Mexican bandits have been so completely defeated (or wiped out) as to convince them that it is dangerous to meddle with us will there be any certainty of peace on the border. All that is now holding them back is the presence of a sufficiently large force to prevent their incursions.

At the same time, the Guardsmen are naturally chafing under the conditions which tie them for an indefinite period to border duty. They want to either cross the border and settle the whole difficulty or else return home.

It is estimated that with the new forces ordered to the border we shall have 175,000 men doing actual border duty, which force includes Pershing's expeditionary forces within the territorial limits of Mexico.

It is a sad commentary on conditions in our neighboring republic that practically the entire mobile force of the American army must be concentrated on the border to prevent murderous incursions of a comparatively small number of Mexicans.

The claim of the Carranza faction that the de facto government is perfectly able to handle the situation is proof that the Carrancistas are not willing to guard the border. If the Carranza forces are as strong as we are asked to believe, they are surely derelict in their duty toward a friendly nation.

The trouble is that the bulk of the Carranza forces are actively employed in putting down uprisings in various parts of the country, in levying and collecting forced loans, in terrorizing the hostile population in districts where the fear of Carranza needs daily impulse, and in guarding the various centers against the incursions of the very bandits whose destruction is the aim of our punitive expedition and whom the Carrancistas have prevented us from destroying.

The garrisons in the border towns are weak in numbers because of the faith of the de facto government in our desire and our ability to prevent incursions into Mexico from our territory. They are poorly armed and poorly disciplined. They feel a complete confidence in our government as to the prevention of filibustering expeditions, and a contempt for our childish faith in their promises of active cooperation.

It may be accepted as a settled fact that the withdrawal of the troops from the border would result in a return of the old raids and murders and robberies. The presence of the troops has had a salutary effect, it is true, but it has not changed the hearts of the raiders. They are merely following the maxim, "If you cannot be good, be careful."

Eventually there will be intervention. It probably will not come through any act on the part of the United States government. It most likely will not come through any act of the United States soldiers. But conditions are such that there can be no satisfactory settlement of the present difficulties in any other way. And the Mexicans who are disposed toward war are chafing just as much at the delay as are the American forces on the border. And they are immeasurably less restrained.

The celebrated Shreveport rate case is settled in favor of the Louisiana city, and no more will we hear of it. No. Pauline, it had nothing to do with rates on liquor shipped into that prohibition town.

The fact that the present congress has appropriated ten times as much for the army as for agriculture need not discourage the farmers. The latter can raise what they eat, while the soldiers can't support themselves.

Twenty-five thousand more troops sent to the border is proof that the Mexican question is being settled.

HERO OF THE WEST FRONT



An official photograph showing one of the heroes of the British trenches bringing in the wounded from one of the trenches. This man, who brought in 20 men in the manner in which he is seen carrying the one from the trenches, was under fire during the entire time of his merciful work.

Serious.

"They may make up again, but I doubt it."
"Why so?"
"They've just exchanged the female 'short and ugly' words."
"And what are they?"
"Frump and 'cat.'"

Artesian MFG. AND BOTTLING CO.
Waco Tex. U.S.A.

**Good at the Cafes
Good in the Home
or in the Hospital**

**We give special attention
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The Worlds Best Ginger-Ale.

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NOTABLE BIRTHDAYS TODAY.

AUGUST 14

Bion J. Arnold, famous engineer and street railway expert, lately called by the Massachusetts Public Service Commission to solve its street railway problem, is 55 years old today. Mr. Arnold is a native of Michigan and was educated at Cornell. His brilliant professional service, the early part of which was performed in the Middle West, has made him a national figure. In the great tasks of the city of Chicago, in adjusting its methods of constructing railway terminals, and handling traction problems, in the electrification of the St. Clair tunnel under the Detroit River, and in the transformation of the New York Central railroad terminal in New York City, he has played a large part. The Wisconsin State Railway Commission, the city of Chicago, the public service commission of the first district of New York, and many cities of the United States and Canada have called him in as an adviser when large sums were to be spent on public improvements.

Liver Trouble.

"I am bothered with liver trouble about twice a year," writes Joe Dingman, Webster City, Iowa. "I have pains in my side and back and an awful soreness in my stomach. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and tried them. By the time I had used half a bottle of them I was feeling fine and had no signs of pain." Obtainable everywhere.

Just as Willard's victory is proof that his grandmother was a white hope.

Not to be outdone by the upstart Americans, the Roumanians are now having powder factory explosions, in one of which one hundred and fifteen people were killed. We don't know whether this is an allied victory or a triumph for the Teutons—yet.

For Neat and Accurate Job Work ring up 48.

VOICE OF TEXAS.

A Game Editor.

I'll bet a year's subscription to the Harpoon against a silver dollar that Woodrow Wilson is our next president. Send me the dollar and I will start the Harpoon to your address. If Wilson is defeated, I will return your dollar and complete the year's subscription. Only Republicans, who are going to vote against Wilson will be accepted on this wager. If you are game, come across. You can't possibly lose, for the paper is worth twice the money.—Harpoon.

Poorly Paid Employment.

An inmate of the Kansas penitentiary, who ought to be a prisoner in a statistical bureau, has satisfied himself by diligent inquiry and study that the thief clears, on an average, \$18, which is \$6 a year for the three years he will, on an average, spend in the penitentiary.—Beaumont Journal.

The thief doesn't clear even as much as the imprisoned statistician estimates. The lawyers' fees and the extra expense necessitated in flight, or in the way of hush money, consume all that the most industrious thief can lay his hands on. Did you ever hear of a thief who went to prison with money in his pockets? Even the embezzlers, the men who tap the cash boxes over which they preside, rarely have a dollar left after they have met their extraordinary expenses. The yeomen die poor, usually in prison; the big robbers, like those who last week grabbed \$33,000 in Detroit, have to spend their ill-gotten gains in devious ways to avoid suspicion until finally they are apprehended. A criminal career is a fool's career. The lawless man hasn't much sense. Being a fool is one of the reasons why he thinks he can steal and "get away with it." If, young man, you are inclined to be a thief, ask yourself candidly if you think you are right bright. If you decide that you have tolerably good sense, and can prove it, you won't steal.—KODAK News.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

AUGUST 14

1775—Boston's celebrated Tree of Liberty, planted in 1666, consecrated by hanging from it the effigies of British legislators responsible for the Stamp Act and by affixing a commemorative tablet. The tree was cut down by the British in 1785.

1814—Prince Christian of Norway resigned his pretensions to the crown of Norway after severe defeats of his armies by the Swedes, and his resignation was followed by the union of Norway and Sweden.

1846—General Kearney took possession of the town of Vegas, New Mexico, and prepared to march on Santa Fe.

1861—President Jefferson Davis, of the Confederacy gave all residents of the confederate states forty days to acknowledge the sovereignty of the new government or leave its territory.

1870—French defeated by the Prussians at Courcelles, near Metz.

1887—Prince Ferdinand of Saxe-Coburg formally declared ruler of Bulgaria.

1904—Russian squadron defeated by the Japanese at Vladivostok.

1910—International Exposition at Brussels badly damaged by fire.

1914—THE WAR: Germans begin the use of poisonous gases to overcome the heroic defense of the Belgians at Liege. French invade German Lorraine. British land force of 60,000 in France.

1915—THE WAR: British transport Royal Edward sunk by German submarine in the Aegean Sea, nearly 1000 troops and crew being reported lost.

Constipation is the starting point for many serious diseases. To be healthy keep the bowels active and regular. HERBINE will remove all accumulations in the bowels and put the system in prime condition. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

LAREDO TAKES FIRST GAME FROM THE NINTH INFANTRY

INITIAL GAME OF NEW LEAGUE PLAYED SUNDAY AFTERNOON

Nearly Two Thousand Enthusiastic Fans Were on Hand to Witness Opening Game of the New League

Before a crowd of enthusiastic baseball fans estimated at from 1,500 to 1,800 militiamen, regular soldiers and citizens, the season of the "Laredo District League," composed of seven military teams and one civilian team, and which was organized last week, was formally opened, with the "Laredos" and the Ninth Infantry as the opposing teams.

The game was full of pep and ginger from the time play was called, and the many brilliant features with which it was replete elicited interest from everybody present who thoroughly understood the national game. Every player on both sides was on his mettle and put forth his best efforts to hold down the score of his opponents and annex runs for his team. This kind of interest intilled into the contest from the offset was maintained until the final batter was out at the end of the ninth inning.

Jones for the Laredos pitched a good game and received excellent support, and though he was found for six hits, one of them a three-bagger, he was at himself in the pinches, and with his team mates playing close to him the Laredo boys were not in danger at any time. Bates for the Ninth Infantry was there with the goods also, and but for the crucial seventh, when the Laredo boys found him for 4 runs and the pyrotechnics were at their height, the game would have been much closer. The Ninth Infantry annexed their only run in the second inning, when Ungry, the soldiers' slugger and hit-getter, brought a runner home. After that Jones tightened down and held the soldiers safe. Laredo took the lead on the scoreboard from the outset, when one run was scored, and again they brought home a runner in the second, fourth and sixth innings and four of them in the seventh. The eighth and ninth innings on both sides were devoid of run getting and a swift and gingery game was played.

The following is the official score of the game:

	A	B	R	H	O	A	E
9th Infantry	4	0	0	1	0	0	
Kendrick, rf	3	0	1	3	2	0	
Dowd, 3b	3	0	0	1	0	1	
Bell, ss	1	0	0	1	0	0	
Rowman, ss	1	0	0	1	0	0	
Smith, 1b	4	0	1	1	0	0	
Ungry, c	4	1	3	9	4	0	
Dougherty, 2b	4	0	0	0	3	0	
Minkler, cf	3	0	1	1	0	0	
Swanz, lf	3	0	0	0	4	0	
Bates, p	3	0	0	0	4	0	
Total	32	1	6	27	13	1	

	A	B	R	H	O	A	E
Laredo	4	1	0	1	1	0	
Haplin, 3b	2	0	1	3	0	0	
Pierce, cf	2	0	1	3	0	0	
Richter, cf	4	2	1	1	0	0	
Crumpler, rf	4	2	1	1	0	0	
Gonzales, c, 2b	4	0	2	3	1	0	
Walte, c	2	1	1	3	1	0	
Tomas, 2b	2	1	0	1	2	0	
Cullinan, ss	3	1	1	0	3	1	
Burbank, lf	4	1	1	2	0	0	
Sames, 1b	3	0	1	9	0	0	
Jones, p	3	0	1	2	3	1	
Total	33	8	10	27	11	2	

Summary: 2 base hit, Walte, Ungry; stolen bases, Kendrick 1, Ungry 2; Pierce, cf. bases on balls off Bates 2, Jones 2; struck out by Bates 7, Jones 5. Umpires Mormas and Mendola.

The second game of the League will be played on Thursday afternoon, but the teams which will play have not yet been announced. Following the Thursday game there will be another on Saturday, with a double-header next Sunday afternoon.

Sallow complexion comes from bilious impurities in the blood and the fault lies with the liver and bowels;—they are torpid. The medicine that gives results in such cases is HERBINE. It is a fine liver stimulant and bowel regulator. Price 50c. Sold by all druggists.

OFFICE DEPARTMENT QUARTERMASTER, Fort Sam Houston, Texas. Sealed proposals will be received here until 11:00 a. m., August 15, 1916, for furnishing gasoline, forage and bedding required at Southern Department posts, during the period beginning Oct. 1, 1916, and ending June 30, 1917.

Information furnished upon application.

A SAFE TEST.

For those who are in need of a remedy for kidney troubles and backache, it is a good plan to try Doan's Kidney Pills. They are strongly recommended by Laredo people.

J. C. Stein, barber, 1520 Lincoln St., Laredo, says: "Some time ago I came down with a severe backache. It hurt me to stoop over and then straighten up. My kidneys acted too frequently and I was obliged to get up five or six times during the night. I had heard Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, so I started using them. Two boxes entirely removed the trouble and I have not been bothered since."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Stein had. Foster Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND. Indirect Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metal cases, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS. 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

LITTLE LOCALS

—The following marriage license has been issued by the county clerk since last report: Francisco Cornejo and Francisca Villareal.

—First \$85.00 will buy a fine piano; original cost \$600. Laredo Furniture Exchange 1213 Hidalgo St. 8-5-tf.

—There is nothing in a name." Mrs. Seth Barton French is a member of the French Red Cross, which she helped organize in the French metropolis, is a sympathizer of the French in the present European war, but in nationality she is not French, but a thorough American woman loyal to the grand old United States.

—Teacher of English, Spanish, and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times office. 10-11-tf.

—Yesterday and today eight more additional members of the Blalock colony which had been "hid out" in the mountains of Chama, Mexico, arrived in Laredo and are being looked after by United States Consul Garrett. They will remain here a while and then proceed to their former homes in North Texas. They bring the same stories of hardships and privations told by former arrivals.

—For self starter work see Yeary at the Citizens Garage. 6-25-tf.

—The concerts given on the Jarvis Plaza Saturday night by the Second Maine Band and on last night by the Second Missouri Band attracted large and appreciative crowds. Last night, however, was the largest crowd, as the plaza was literally jammed with the irresistible paraders, while the soldiers from the camps stood by and watched the antics with amusement.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf (Adv.)

—The benefit entertainment for the Red Cross to be given at the Ursuline Convent Auditorium on the evening of August 23 promises to attract the largest crowd ever gathered within the spacious auditorium. The program of entertainment will be varied and contain many interesting features, including vaudeville specialties by militiamen, etc.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 4-24-tf. (Adv.)

—The "Jamaica" or Mexican bazaar to be held on the Martin Plaza on Wednesday night as a benefit for the American Red Cross will prove a novelty to the thousands of militiamen here from Missouri, Maine, and New Hampshire, and no doubt a number of the soldiers will wander right into the path of the "policemen" just to get "arrested" and "fined."

—An inspiring sight to the eyes of a civilian was presented at the Y. M. C. A. at Camp Missouri last night when that spacious building was filled with soldiers and a service was being conducted by one of the regimental chaplains. The orderly manner in which the young men of the militia conduct themselves is an example that might well be emulated by others.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-tf.

—The office of Major Rockenback, the district quartermaster of the army, which is located in one of the little buildings on Victoria street, is one of the busiest places these days in Laredo. The quartermaster and his clerical force is kept busy from early morning until late afternoon. Adjoining Major Rockenback's offices are those of the paymaster.

If you sit in a cool draft when you are heated and get a stiff neck or lame back, you will be looking for something that will ease the pain. Fix your mind on BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT and don't be talked out of it because it is the best pain relieving liniment you can get anywhere. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists. x

Let Well Enough Alone.

According to Republican candidate Hughes, right now we ought to be taking pot shots at Mexicans and war with Germany. For one, we are perfectly satisfied to let well enough alone, and vote solidly for a continuation of the Wilson regime, and meantime, take 14 1/2 or better for our cotton.—San Marcos Times.

OLD I.W. HARPER WHISKEY

"Tall Oaks From Little Acorns Grow"

Fifty years ago I.W. HARPER was but little known outside the Old Kentucky State. Today its fame is world-wide. You find it everywhere.

SOLD HERE BY
MOSEY'S STORE
J. J. CZAR

Subscribe for THE TIMES—50 cts. per month.

LOOKING OVER HOSPITALS

IS MISSION OF MRS. FRENCH

MEMBER OF FRENCH RED CROSS AND ORGANIZED AMBULANCE

Gave Interview to Times Reporter This Morning in Which She Told About Mission to This Place.

Mrs. Seth Barton French, of New York, the personal representative of Secretary of War Baker, who arrived in Laredo several days ago on a mission of importance and is still in the city, is a very busy woman, but this morning the Times reporter found her temporarily at leisure at the Bender hotel and sought an interview, which was accorded in a most gracious manner.

Asked as to her mission here, Mrs. Barton said: "I come here as the representative of the secretary of war and the specific purpose for which I have been sent is to investigate into the conditions of base and border hospitals. At the time that the European war started I was in France and later was instrumental in the organization of the French Red Cross. I am a member of that order and have been doing active work in field hospitals, and when the threatened crisis between my country and Mexico seemed imminent I decided to ask for a leave of absence and come back to the United States and offer my services to my country if need be. I secured leave from the French government and upon arrival in the United States was asked by Secretary of War Baker to do the work that now brings me to the Texas border.

"I have no doubt but that if anything should happen wherein I could serve the United States the French government would very readily extend my leave. I have had over two years of actual experience in nursing in the French hospital corps and am acquainted with all the requirements and essentials of a field or base hospital, and it was for this reason that Secretary of War Baker asked me to come to the Texas border and personally observe and investigate conditions as they are found."

"But while you are here," put in the reporter, "will you not observe and personally investigate other matters that might be of interest to the war department?"

"Yes, incidentally," replied Mrs. French, "I will look over the entire situation here and discern things from the angle at which I observe them. Perhaps you are referring to the camp sites and general conditions surrounding the soldiers in Laredo. I am most favorably impressed with the ideal camping grounds and the sanitary surroundings of the camp, and all the soldier boys appear happy and contented here. Mrs. Alice McKay Kelly, who is here on a mission different from that which brought me, and myself delivered two addresses to the militiamen at Camp Missouri in the Y. M. C. A. building and will talk there again this evening beginning at 8 o'clock. My subject tonight will be 'The Spirit of the Soldier and Fighting Man as I Have Known Him!'"

Mrs. French is a most interesting talker and has a way that impresses one with her sincerity and real patriotic motives. After the organization of the French Red Cross in Paris she organized the American Ambulance Corps at Neuilly, and that department of the French army is today doing a most laudable work on the fields of battle. Mrs. French said this morning that the Mexican situation is a most interesting one to her and she lets no opportunity slip by where she can be personally enlightened on conditions.

"You people here in Laredo understand the situation," she said, "and before I leave I am going to learn a whole lot of good, reliable and valuable information from the army officers and citizens here." Mrs. French will be here several days yet and will go from Laredo to San Antonio and thence to the camps in the Brownsville country.

SUNDAY AT MILITIA CAMPS

One Regiment Hiked to Target Range and Others Spent Day in Various Ways, Mostly in the City.

An uneventful Sunday was passed by the Missouri and New Hampshire national guardsmen in their camps here. There was a variation of ways in which the militia boys whiled away the time—some coming to the city and spending the day, others going to the nearby country to shoot jack rabbits and others putting in their time in various ways.

At 8 o'clock in the morning the First Missouri regiment was gotten under way and started their hike for the target range, while many others spent the morning partly at divine worship or perambulating about the city. In the afternoon Jarvis Plaza was the lounging place for about a thousand soldiers and last night—well, they swarmed like flies on the plaza for the band concert, while the moving picture shows were also crowded to their utmost capacities with militiamen. The soldiers also find a way to "kill time" on Sundays.

Why Endure Summer Colds?
It isn't necessary to have a stuffed head, running nose. To cough your head off as it were. All you need do is to use Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. The soothing and healing balsams open the clogged air passages and in a short time you get relief and start on the road to recovery. Your nose stops running, you cough less and you know you are getting better. Get a bottle, use as directed. Keep what is left as a cough and cold insurance.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

HAVING TARGET PRACTICE FOR NATIONAL GUARDSMEN

MISSOURI NOTIONAL GUARD ON THE TARGET RANGE.

Will Spend Four Days on the Range and Then Back Here, When Place be Taken by More Soldiers.

Target practice and endurance hikes are now the order of the day with the militia regiments stationed in the northern part of Laredo, and it is said that from now henceforward the boys from Missouri and New Hampshire will be given plenty of "shooting" and plenty of "drilling." Long hikes have been customary for the past few weeks and each morning one or the other of the regiments takes a long hike, while the others take a shorter one. The long hikes are from ten to fifteen miles, while the "short hikes" are of about six miles.

Yesterday morning at 8 o'clock, the First Missouri Infantry Regiment, Donnelly commanding, accompanied by their wagon trains, left Camp Missouri bound for the government target range seven miles east of the city, there to remain until Friday morning, when they will hike back to their camp here. Target practice will be conducted under the supervision of officers of the regular army detailed for that purpose. Some of the militia boys are very inefficient when it comes to handling army rifles or other firearms, it is said, and hence the necessity of acquainting them with the mechanism of the weapons and how to attain good marksmanship.

The First Missouri Regiment will put in four full days of target practice and immediately upon their return another of the Missouri regiments, probably the Second, will take their places. The regulars have been putting in time at target practice up to last Friday and have now practically completed their work in that line for the year and the rest of the time will be devoted to "rounding in" the militia men and making them adepts with the rifles now used by the United States army.

However, all the militia boys are said to be looking forward with great pleasure to the opportunity to be given them to make marksmanship records, for while there are some unacquainted with the rifle, there are others who are said to have good records as efficient marksmen.

Hello Bill!

Regular meeting tonight of Laredo Lodge No. 1018 B. P. O. E. Don't fail to attend, as business of importance will be transacted.

G. R. WEBER, Secretary.

CHALLENGE IS ACCEPTED.

Ti The Times: I am the claimant of the lightweight wrestling championship of Texas and will accept the challenge of Mr. Hoffman or anyone in the world for straight matches at 135 pounds; handicaps over that weight.

M. R. RAYMOND.

HAVE SECURED DISCHARGES

About One Hundred of the Missouri Guardsmen Have Taken Advantage of the Dependant Act.

According to reliable information given the Times, quite a number of the Missouri guardsmen, including a number of miners who have families dependant on them for a living, and who can not be supported on the allowance of \$15 per month made them as privates, have secured their discharges from the service and gone back to their home towns to resume their former vocations.

It is said that quite a few others are expecting to go home, as they have made application for discharge to the adjutant of the Southern Department and expect to take their departure as soon as favorable action is had.

LIEUTS. ENTER REULGARS

Quite a Number of the Missouri, New Hampshire and Maine Guardsmen Take Advantage of Opportunity.

It is reported that of the seventy-four second lieutenants stationed here with the Missouri, Maine and New Hampshire regiments and units fully fifty have made application for transfer to the regular army in accordance with the offer made second lieutenants of militia organizations to enter the regular service.

Many of the officers of the militia are wealthy men and engaged in business in their home towns, but there are others who would prefer to accept the offer made by the war department to induct second lieutenants into the regular army and allow them to retain their commission as such. It is said a number of first sergeants and other sergeants will stand examinations for second lieutenants.

The Best Laxative.

To keep the bowels regular the best laxative is outdoor exercise. Drink a full glass of water half an hour before breakfast and eat an abundance of fruit and vegetables, also establish a regular habit and be sure that your bowels move once each day. When a medicine is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are pleasant to take and mild and gentle in effect. Obtainable everywhere.

An Apology.

Inadvertently there was omitted from the church notices in Saturday's issue the notice of the Christian Science services, held yesterday at 1010 Juarez avenue. It is a regrettable oversight, which will be prevented in the future. The notice also should have read: Reading room same address open week days from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt Editor Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Monday.
Red Cross Sewing Circle met with Mrs. G. C. Woodman at ten o'clock in the morning.
Tuesday.
Miriam Chapter No. 86, O. E. S., will hold its regular meeting at the Masonic Hall at eight o'clock in the evening.
Ladies Night at the Ninth Infantry Club.

Just a little lad but nine years old. O-h, he has the valor of a Viking bold!

Here's a "toast acrostic" written to his name.
Now drink it down (in water, "honor, wealth and fame."

Look at the example he sets before the men.
O-h, it takes a rustler and a hustler to win.

Many more have striven, but failed beside the way.

A business or a city can't be builded in a day.
"X-celsior! X-celsior! The victor oft must say.

Just a little lad but nine years old. Reaching things maturity falls often to unfold.

—Selected.

General Mention.

Mr. and Mrs. Enrique Benavides and Misses Francisca and Ofelia Garcia returned home yesterday from Corpus Christi, where they spent several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Johnston left on Saturday for San Antonio to spend two weeks with relatives.

Mrs. M. T. Cogley left yesterday for Corpus Christi to join Mrs. S. M. Barlow and children.

Mr. Amador Garcia went to the ranch this morning.

Mr. T. A. Austin of Laredo is a guest at the St. Anthony.—San Antonio Express.

Mr. and Mrs. Mathews of Minera entertained on Saturday evening with a dance, and a breakfast yesterday morning, in honor of their daughter, Miss Hannah Mathews. Those who enjoyed the delightful hospitality from Laredo were: Mr. and Mrs. Graham, Misses Helen and Margaret MacGregor, and Furney Muller.

Mr. J. O. Buez and son Ernst returned home yesterday.

Mrs. A. Poggenpohn went to San Antonio yesterday for a two day's stay.

Mr. M. A. Sundsky of San Antonio spent the day in Laredo yesterday, and returned last night.

Lieutenant Montgomery of the Coast Artillery at Fort McIntosh will leave on Saturday for the Philippine Islands.

Club Notes.

The I. F. G. T. Club held its regular weekly meeting on Saturday afternoon, at the home of Mrs. Oliver Ulmer. After a pleasant social hour the hostess served delicious ice cream and cake to the members present.

The Christian Endeavor Society held its regular weekly meeting at

PERSONALS

A. J. Ayers of Hebronville is a visitor in the city.

J. M. Garcia and family returned yesterday from a short visit to their ranch at Torrecillas.

BENDER:—Mrs. Etta H. McDonnell, Libana, Mo.; Russell Houston, Hebronville; D. P. Connel, E. G. English, Mexico; Geo. S. Ribb, Monterey; Mr. Syms, San Antonio; Mrs. Fortine, Houston; R. W. Morning, Tampico; Frank Jones, H. U. Shuptrian, St. Louis, Mo.; E. M. Lewis, San Antonio; P. A. Lincolnham, Marshall; A. A. Katten, New Orleans; Albert G. Brown, V. A. Hartmiller, M. M. Smith, St. Louis, Mo.; L. B. Cornelius, San Antonio; L. F. Wilson, Chicago; A. M. Relemburg, Dallas.

A Hacking Cough Weakens The System.

Don't suffer with a hacking cough that has weakened your system—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, in use over 40 years, and benefiting all who use it, the soothing pine balsam with tar heal the irritated air passages—soothe the raw spots, loosen the mucus and prevents racking the body with coughing. Dr. King's New Discovery induces natural sleep and aids nature to cure you.

the Christian church last evening. The leader was Mr. Chamberlain and the subject of the lesson was "True Beauty." There were a number of interesting talks, by the different members. Those present were: Mr. and Mrs. Potts, Mr. and Mrs. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Yost, Mr. and Mrs. Ritter, Misses Meyer, Beaman, Cline, Potts, and Messrs. Baird, Chamberlain, Kirksey, Crosby, Collins, Halskov, Simpson, Abshear and George Potts.

Red Cross Notes.

The arrangements for the entertainment to be given on the 16th by the society matrons assisted by scores of pretty girls, dressed in fancy costumes, promises to be one of the most brilliant affairs of the summer. The Martin Plaza will be the place. The time will be seven o'clock, and the admission will be five cents. There will be many booths where refreshments of different kinds will be served at nominal prices. There will be music galore, and as it will be moonlight, it is to be hoped that everybody, both army and civilians, will turn out and help this cause.

Dancing-party.

Miss Willie Belle Brennan and Clyde Brennan entertained a large number of their friends on Saturday evening—most delightfully with a lawn dance. After a pleasant time spent in dancing, delicious fruit punch, cake and ice cream were served. Those present were: Misses Elsie Werner, Eva Scratchley, Polly Yates, Irene Leyendecker, Meriel Lake, Evelyn Ryan, Laura Taylor, Clifton Hill, Lalla Rookh Hill, Margaret Lutz, Ruth Netzer, Phillis Bunn, Cornelia Woodul, Katherine Brennan, Josephine Brewster, Bessie Barnett, Margaret Millar, Virginia Penn, Esther Penn, Cornelia Cline, and Masters Philip Moore, James Moore, Frank Davis, August Wormser, Clarence Jefferies, John Maher, Willie Lake, Lawrence DaCamara, Ted G'Sell, Carl Borgmann, Dave Slaughter, Sam Johnston, Jack Bell, James Richter, Horace Greenstreet, Arthur Werner, Hilson Cline, Victor Sauvignot and Hugh Yates.

To Continue Parliament.

London, Aug. 14.—Premier Asquith today introduced a bill in the house of commons to extend the life of the present parliament until May.

Spanish-Austrian Conference.

Paris, Aug. 14.—Count Romanones, the Spanish premier, had a long conference Saturday with the Austrian ambassador, says a Havas despatch from San Sebastian. The conference was resumed Sunday and continued longer than the previous day.

NATIONAL ROQUE TOURNAMENT

Norwich, Conn., Aug. 14.—Roque players who have figured in previous tournaments, and many others with aspirations to win national honors, have gathered here to take part in the annual championship tournament of the National Roque Association. Several special events have been added to the program this year and the tournament promises to be one of more than usual interest to devotees of the sport.

THEN THE TIGER LEFT.

General Thomas H. Barry said on the reviewing stand during Chicago's preparedness parade:

"A parade 130,000 strong! A glorious spectacle! A spectacle meaning that we shall really prepare."

"A nation unprepared must bluff and isn't every nation that can bluff like the Chinese jackass."

"The Chinese tell a story, you know, about a tiger that was led by a monkey to a field where a fat jackass was grazing."

"The tiger, who had never seen a jackass before, licked his chops, but the jackass looked up languidly at the monkey and said:

"Friend monkey, heretofore you have always brought me two tigers. How is it that you bring me only one today?"

"The bluff was so excellent that the tiger made off as fast as he could go."—Washington Star.

NOTICE.

To whom it may concern:—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing as EDUARDO CRUZ & BRO. was dissolved on the 8th inst., and that after said date the business will be continued by Eduardo Cruz who assumes all liabilities due by said firm and will conduct the business in his own name only.

EDUARDO CRUZ.
Laredo, Texas, August 11th, 1916.
8-11-16

NATION-WIDE RAILROAD STRIKE IS NOW UP TO PRESIDENT WILSON TO SETTLE

Failure of Negotiations between the Managers and the Brotherhood Leaders Caused the Case to be Laid Before the President, and the Result is Expected to be Gratifying to Both Sides.

FRENCH CAPTURED ENEMY'S TRENCHES

ITALIANS CONTINUED PRESSING AUSTRIANS BACK AND TOOK EIGHT HUNDRED MEN.

By Associated Press.

French troops captured some trenches on the left of the Fay-Bent court road in the Somme sector last night, says a war office announcement from Paris. There is brisk cannonading near Maupas. German attacks in the vicinity of Hill No. 304 and Fleury in the Verdun sector were repulsed. Italian troops continued yesterday pressing the Austrians back of the Carso plateau and east of Hill No. 212 pierced another strong line of hostile entrenchments. Eight hundred prisoners were captured by the Italians, the Rome statement says. Along the Galician front the Russian sweep continues unchecked, Petrograd states. The Austrians are being pursued by Russians who reached the northern bank of the Dniester before Mariampol. Attacking the British positions near Pozieres on the Somme front last night, the Germans gained a foothold temporarily in a portion of the trenches taken from them yesterday, the London war office admits today.

An Austro-Hungarian naval aeroplane squadron in the night of August 9 carried out a successful air raid on a hostile battery at the mouth of the Isonzo, according to the Austrian admiralty statement, which adds that several exact hits were made and that the machines returned safely.

Aid for Starving Syrians.

Washington, Aug. 14.—New representations to Turkey in behalf of the starving Syrians will be taken to Constantinople by Abraham I. Elkus, the new American minister to Turkey, who received final instructions today before his departure.

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EDUARDO CRUZ.
Laredo, Texas, August 11th, 1916.
8-11-16

By Associated Press.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Railroad managers and brotherhood leaders, deadlocked in negotiations which threaten a nation-wide railroad strike, today laid the case before President Wilson. The brotherhoods committee saw the president at 10 o'clock and remained for two hours' conference. When they left the president announced that he would seek a common ground on which both sides could meet. A. B. Garretson of the conductors was spokesman for the brotherhood committees. He outlined the demands for an eight-hour day and time and a half for overtime and said the demands were fair. Mr. Wilson addressed the men, pointing out the disaster that would follow upon the strike, and insisted that an agreement be reached. It was said following the conference that no indication could be given of the progress of negotiations until the president saw the managers.

The president, according to those attending the conference, showed a familiarity with the situation that surprised the men. "The president was most sympathetic," said one of the leaders, "and his surprising knowledge of the situation and of our position may result in an understanding." The president, it was said, submitted no counter proposition to the men, but held out for adjustment, by legislation if necessary. Another leader characterized the conference as "most encouraging."

EPIDEMIC TAKES NEW TURN.

By Associated Press.
New York, Aug. 14.—The infantile paralysis epidemic took a turn for the better today, 35 new cases being reported and 31 deaths.

LITTLE DAMAGE CAUSED.

By Associated Press.
Atlanta, Georgia, August 14.—Water let loose from Lake Toxaway when the dam broke last night and swept down the valley did not cause much damage and no casualties have been reported. The torrent was weakened by every outlet from the valley and by this morning the water had spent much of its force.

HARNESS RACING AT HALF-CENTURY MARK.

New York, Aug. 14.—With more than a thousand trotting meetings scheduled throughout the country for the present season it is difficult for those not acquainted with the facts to realize that the beginning of trotting meetings dates back only half a century. It is a matter of record, however, that the first big harness meeting ever held in the United States or elsewhere was opened at Buffalo just fifty years ago today. The meeting caused a great stir among the followers of trotting all over the country, especially when it was announced that \$12,000 in purses would be distributed. Up to that time practically all the best horses met only in match races or in special contests arranged for particular starters. "Premiums" of \$100 or a little more were sometimes offered for "trials of speed" at agricultural fairs, but these were usually limited to one day and brought together only local or third rate horses. The success of the Buffalo meeting resulted in a great boom in harness racing and led to the organization of the sport in all sections.

DONE.

The clock had chimed one. From the dark lower hall came sounds which might have been made by a cautiously departing visitor, then silence.

From the head of the stairs a sleepy voice asked, with motherly solicitude:

"Did you land that boob tonight, Sally?"

For a moment there was again silence, broken only by a little gasp, then spoke a voice strangely tinged with dawning doubt:

"She did!" it said.—New York Tribune.

ARRIETA NOW HAS VILLISTAS IN A NET

WILL ATTACK AS SOON AS REINFORCEMENTS ARRIVE, HE REPORTS TO GENERAL TREVIÑO.

By Associated Press.

Chihuahua, Mex., Aug. 14.—General Domingo Arrieta and his columns are surrounding a band of 100 Villistas at Las Adargas, Chihuahua, and will attack when reinforcements have caught up, according to his report to General Treviño today.

CIVILIANS' CRUISE A BIG AFFAIR

Washington, D. C., Aug. 14.—Several thousand strong and sturdy young Americans will embark tomorrow on a fleet of Uncle Sam's warships, preparatory to spending four weeks in learning the fundamentals of naval science and thereby fitting themselves for service in the event of war. Officials of the Navy Department believe that the importance of these practice cruises can scarcely be overestimated, since they will mark the initial step in the elaborate program mapped out by the Administration to build up an adequate and efficient naval reserve. In the line of "preparedness," the practice cruises of the civilian sailors are expected to do for the navy what the civilian military training camps at Plattsburg and elsewhere are already accomplishing for the army.

Numerous ports on the Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific coasts have been designated as the points of embarkation for the civilian recruits from all sections of the country. The warships leaving the Atlantic and Gulf ports, carry the recruits of the Navy's section of country east of the Rockies, will rendezvous at Gardiners' Bay, off Long Island. The far western recruits will depart from Seattle and other Pacific coast ports on battleships and cruisers that will rendezvous at San Diego and later proceed to Magdalena Bay.

The first week of the cruise will be occupied largely in the trip to the training grounds. The second week will be spent in war games off the coast. Target practice will take up the third week and the last week will include local defense work. Motorboat maneuvers also will be included in the last few days of the cruise.

The civilian recruits will be given substantially the same training as midshipmen from the Naval Academy during their training periods. They will sleep in hammocks; canvas bags will be their substitutes for the chiffoniers at home; they will help clean ship, polish brasswork, assist in the engine room and generally go through the rigorous duties of any Jack Tar.

From daybreak until 9 p. m. a regular program of duties awaits the civilians, with almost every minute filled. Before breakfast two and a half hours work will be the daily program of the citizen sailors. They will be drilled and instructed in the 3 and 5-inch guns of the ships, in signalling, boating of all kinds, fire control, torpedo defense, Quarter-master's duties, marine and electrical machinery, including radio work. Emergency drills, such as fire quarters, collision, "man overboard," and general quarters are also scheduled.

Mixed with the work, however, will be much recreation and instruction. When conditions permit, the men will be allowed to go swimming twice daily, and hold rowing and sailing races, and inter-ship baseball games. Lectures and private instruction will be given daily by navy officers, in addition to the practical experience afforded.

At the end of the cruise each volunteer will be given a certificate specifying the duties he performed, efficiency display and the naval rating he is best qualified to fill. Volunteers also will announce the intention whether they will volunteer for naval service in case of war within the next four years.

Another Big Gas Well.

Dr. M. P. Cullinan, president of the Borden Gas Company of this city returned Saturday night from their field in Zapata county and he brought the glad tidings that the Company had brought in another big gas well on the 9th inst. The new well is situated on the J. D. Jennings land and is known as Jennings No. 3. Dr. Cullinan is much elated over this strike and says that with it and other prospects it looks like they now have an abundance of gas for all purposes.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

From Tuesday's Daily.

THE PRICE HOGS.

Every few days one reads of some combine that has raised the price of a public necessity by "cornering" the visible supply and refusing to sell at reasonable prices. Sometimes the pirates succeed in forcing the public to pay their exorbitant and unreasonable prices, but in many cases the people refuse to be bled and buy something "just as good."

A late example was the corner in navy beans. After the combine had secured control of the greatest part of the old crop of beans, it was announced that the price would be 25 cents a quart instead of three quarts for a quarter, the price that has obtained for many years.

One reason the combine wished to keep control of the market was the expectation that the government would need enormous quantities of beans for the regular army and the mobilizing guardsmen, so they held out for the prices.

As a result, a great part of the people who formerly ate beans have decided that it is cheaper to eat green vegetables, and as the market for the latter, even in the North, will last until early in October, the men composing the bean corner have taken alarm for fear that the new crop may not be so easy to corner, and have greatly reduced their prices.

Human hogishness is responsible for a great part of the high cost of living. With a slight advance in the cost of wheat, the bakers' combine is now threatening to double the price of bread. The alleged shortage of cattle and the late dry season has led to an enormous increase in the price of meat. A rumor is sufficient for those controlling the supplies of food to raise the price to an almost prohibitive point.

Housewives in these days are learning that if it is possible for the dealers to enter into unlawful combines to increase the prices of food supplies, it is also possible for the consumers to enter into a lawful league for the purpose of reducing the prices by refusing to buy until the articles are sold more cheaply.

There is nothing to warrant the enormous increases in prices of food supplies since the European war started. Nothing but greed dictates the rise in prices, and even those who have not the remotest chance of selling their goods to the European nations use the fictitious demand for food supplies to excuse their uncalled for advances in prices.

In countries like Germany where the imperial decree can establish a maximum price for necessities the people have not suffered from the food corners as have the Americans. There are times when one would almost wish for a benevolent despotism which would permit such decrees to be issued here.

Naturally the burden of the increased prices falls heaviest upon the poor. There are many who are unable to pay the prices for meat, for bread and for other daily necessities which now obtain. This means the cutting down of the daily amount consumed, and the result is that many thousands of families throughout the country are not properly nourished.

One of the crying needs in legislation is such control of the necessities of life that no man or combination of men will be able to get rich by robbing the poor of their few dollars. We talk of the wonderful work accomplished in breaking up the trusts, and point with pride to the record of our courts and our prosecutors in that direction. Yet what has been accomplished in the way of aiding the poor to live better and more cheaply?

The dissolution of the Standard Oil, the harvester trust, the tobacco trust, and the many others who have been forced to adopt new subterfuges to cover their combines, has not helped the poor man in any way. He pays more for his actual necessities than ever. And the men who gamble with the food of a nation are still sneering at the activities of the federal authorities, who so far have been unable to punish the greatest malefactors of the age—the men who rob the poor of their food in order that they may enjoy lives of luxury.

A REPUBLICAN ROORBACK.

We learn from Candidate Hughes that there never was a worse administration in the history of the country than the present, and that the greatest mistake of President Wilson was his impossible Mexican policy. The entire country is called to witness that Mr. Hughes would have handled the affair in a different manner, but there is nothing to show that there would have been any difference results from his different policy.

But it is evident that not all of the followers of Mr. Hughes agree with him on all points. Raymond Robins, who left the Democratic party to follow Roosevelt and who has later followed Roosevelt into the ranks of the Republican party, has the following to say with regard to Wilson's Mexican policy:

"The most skillful, the most courageous, the greatest statesmanship of the last two years in this world was the manner in which Wilson averted war between this country and Mexico. The reason that the blood of American men—sons of our times—is not today reddening the hot sands of Mexico, to serve the interests of a few corporation magnates and speculators, is due more to the courage and constancy of Woodrow Wilson than to any other factor in American life. I would count myself poor and small indeed if I were not able to recognize wisdom, courage and public service, even if it had been shown by the chief of an opposing party."

This tribute from a man who is a political opponent of Mr. Wilson, and one who is a follower of Mr. Hughes, indicates that not all Republicans believe as does their candidate.

According to a Chicago paper, The Public, which carries as headline the words: "A national journal of Fundamental Democracy": "Before Mr. Hughes was nominated and while still on the supreme bench, people complained because he said nothing to indicate his opinions on statecraft; now that he has spoken somewhat at length, the same complaint is repeated!"

And this is the trouble with Mr. Hughes' campaign: He depends upon picking the flaws in his opponent's armor, but he does not succeed in finding any weapon which will pierce those vulnerable points. It is as if one were to discover the heel of Achilles and have no knife with which to cut the tendon.

Mr. Wilson has made mistakes in his Mexican policy, says Mr. Hughes. Very well, how would you go about it to correct those mistakes, sir? By what process of reasoning do you discover a mistake without being able to propose the policy which shall remedy those mistakes?

The present Mexican difficulty is a legacy from the Republican administration which preceded that of Mr. Wilson. The very man who failed to settle the matter in the days remaining of his administration is now one of the foremost in charging errors against the man he left with his hands tied.

The American people would be grateful to anyone who should furnish a solution of the baffling problem. Mr. Wilson himself would eagerly embrace any plan or policy which would give promise of re-establishing the relations with Mexico which we had before a Republican administration gave tacit consent and concealed aid to a revolution which lighted the fires of discontent and anarchy in that troubled country.

We do not believe that anyone has yet discovered a way out of the difficulties. No one who knows the Mexican people is optimistic enough to believe that they will become self-governing and worthy of a place in the sun simply because our government is willing to recognize one of their factional leaders. But who has a better solution to offer? Not the Republican party, with its record of greed and graft, its sordidness when the people are wronged and its indifference to the rights of the weak as against the oppression of the strong.

A Mexican general has a hundred Villistas surrounded and will attack them as soon as reinforcements arrive. Sounds like a pack of hounds having a squirrel treed and waiting for the old man to come up with an axe.

The Spanish premier and the Austrian ambassador had a long conference which lasted two days. Just what it was about is not known, but it is believed that the Austrian ambassador wanted to borrow a peseta.

The Austrians must be giving out as we notice that after capturing 15,000 prisoners in taking Gorizia the Italians only took 800 the day after. Perhaps a squad or two more will finish up the resistance in that section.

President Wilson is said to have displayed a "surprising knowledge" of the railroad situation when he conferred with the brotherhood leaders. Any man who is a candidate for public office can display a "surprising knowledge" on almost any topic during his campaign. Some of them even know something about running a newspaper.

WILL SPEAK AT "JAMAICA"

Mrs. French Cancels Engagement at Camp Missouri to Deliver Address for Red Cross Tomorrow Night.

Mrs. Seth Barton French, representative of Secretary of War Baker here in the inspection of hospitals, last night, following the address made to soldiers at the Y. M. C. A. building at Camp Missouri, promised to sing there tomorrow evening, but requests the Times to state that she will, at the request of the committee of the Laredo Red Cross Chapter having the event in charge, deliver a patriotic address to the multitude of people who will be gathered on the Martin Plaza at the "Jamaica" tomorrow evening.

Besides being a gifted speaker, a facile writer and a woman of many attainments, Mrs. French is also a cultured vocalist and last night the soldier boys favored her with a few patriotic anthems which they sang, and she promised to reciprocate by singing for them tomorrow night, but she has necessarily cancelled the engagement to address the citizenship generally on Martin Plaza tomorrow night. Mrs. French has not announced her subject for the talk, but all can rest assured that it will be a treat and a most interesting talk.

Relief in Pulmonary Or Throat Troubles

depends largely on the sufferer's ability to upbuild a weakened system, and thus hasten a return of normal body functions. In this effort much depends on fresh air—night and day—and rest and good food. The patient should refrain from work that overtaxes, and all sanitary precautions should be taken. These commonsense measures do not always achieve the desired results unless aided by proper medication.

It is here that Eckman's Alternative has evidenced its worth, for in many cases it has effected lasting benefit. And often such troubles seem to yield to it.

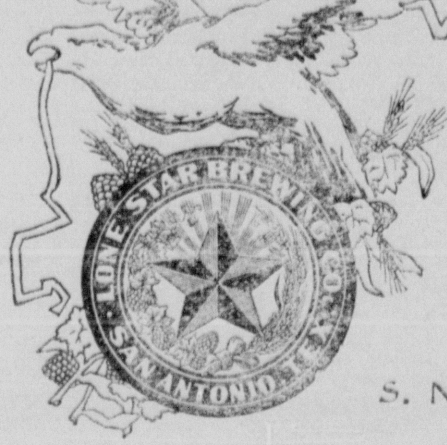
In no case is its use attended with possible harm, since it contains no poisonous or habit-forming drugs. At your druggist's.

Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia.

ALAMO

THE BEST BEER BREWED

It's rich distinctive flavor and perfection make Alamo Beer the favorite everywhere.



Get the best Beer brewed by always asking for Alamo. Order a case for your home.

S. N. JOHNSON,

Local Distributor

NOTABLE BIRTHDAYS TODAY.

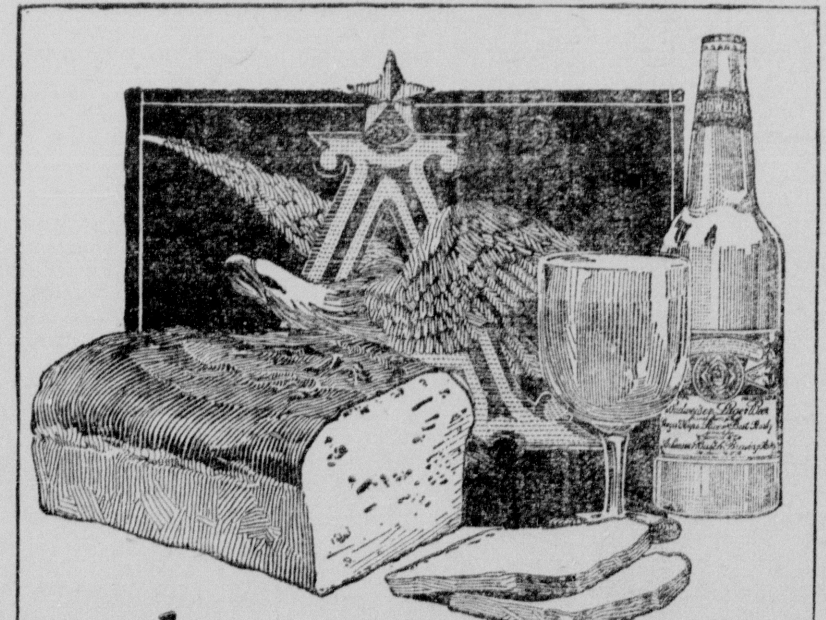
AUGUST 14

Ethel Barrymore, famous theatrical star, and one of the most beloved women on the modern stage, is 37 years old today. Miss Barrymore's success has not been limited to the American stage, and she enjoys great popularity in Great Britain. She was born in Philadelphia, of a family notable on both sides for theatrical genius. Her father was Maurice Barrymore, a famous Irish actor of the day, and her mother Georgia Drew, a sister of John Drew and herself a noted actress. She made her debut just twenty years ago, in John Drew's company, and her beauty, grace and vivacity won her immediate success. She soon appeared in leading roles with Henry Irving, the great English tragedian, and in 1900 first began to appear as a star. She has starred in a number of notable productions, gaining a larger and larger circle of admirers with each. Like other notable stage folk, she has of late years been lured by the movies. In private life, Miss Barrymore is Mrs. Russell G. Colt, wife of a millionaire manufacturer, and has three children to whom she is utterly devoted.

Liver Trouble.

"I am bothered with liver trouble about twice a year," writes Joe Dingman, Webster City, Iowa. "I have pains in my side and back and an awful soreness in my stomach. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and tried them. By the time I had used half a bottle of them I was feeling fine and had no signs of pain." Obtainable everywhere.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.



Budweiser Is Liquid Bread—Nothing More—Nothing Less

IT COMES only from the blended and ripened juices of the best Northern Barley and the finest tonic Saazer Hops. Americans who have globe-trotted the world say, "BUDWEISER'S Quality, Purity, Mildness and exclusive Saazer Hop Flavor are always the same—no matter whether you drink it in Hong Kong or in its home town—always the same uniform BUDWEISER—always in a class by itself."

ANHEUSER-BUSCH • ST. LOUIS, U.S.A.

Visitors to St. Louis are courteously invited to inspect our plant—COVERS 142 ACRES.

Budweiser

Means Moderation

S. N. Johnson Distributors Laredo, Texas

The express charges on the cheapest beer are just as high as on the best

VOICE OF TEXAS.

G. Robinson, Casuit.

Because Duval County Democrats voted unanimously, The Galveston-Dallas News assumes that theirs was a fraudulent vote. Do not the Democrats at Washington occasionally vote unanimously? Is that an evidence of fraud? Do not the stockholders of the A. H. Belo Corporation meet together once a year and vote unanimously? Does that spell fraud? Duval County has the same rights as Dallas County. If the citizens of Duval see fit to vote one way, isn't it their business? There can be but one answer to this question, and yet The Galveston-Dallas News says that the Houston convention should exclude Duval County's vote. Who has appointed The Galveston-Dallas News to pass on the democracy of the citizens of Duval County? There being no contesting delegation from Duval County, and the vote being regular, the Houston convention would stultify its democracy in following the advice of The Galveston-Dallas News. —Vaco Times-Herald.

Editor Robinson appears to have sent his usually cool philosophy away on a summer vacation. The News' denunciation of the Duval County practice was not aimed against democracy, but against dishonesty. This newspaper is as unalterably opposed to the unanimity of the election returns from democratic Duval County as to the equally unanimous returns from the republican county of Zapata. Seeing corruption in both counties, combined with a sinister disregard of political ethics and a callous cynicism. The News was moved to denounce the methods of Duval County whereby a total of more than eight hundred votes were cast and counted according to the dictation of a central authority which permitted not even one vote to be misplaced. What has democratic unity in a congressional committee

THIS DATE IN HISTORY

AUGUST 14

- 1769—Birth of Napoleon at Ajaccio, Corsica. Died at St. Helena in 1821.
- 1794—James Monroe received with great pomp by the French Convention as minister from the United States, the assembly hall being hung with both the French and the American colors.
- 1814—Americans defeated the English at Fort Erie.
- 1850—California admitted as a state into the American Union.
- 1869—Rejoining at Suez to celebrate the meeting of the waters of the Red Sea and the Mediterranean.
- 1893—Behring Sea Arbitration Award published, denying the U. S. exclusive rights on seal fisheries, and establishing rules for sealing in Behring waters.
- 1906—King Edward of England visited his nephew the Kaiser at Friedrichshof.
- 1908—Dr. Charcot's Antarctic Expedition sailed from Havre, France.
- 1910—The Sixth International Esperanto Convention met at Washington, D. C.
- 1911—A windstorm at Charleston, S. C., destroyed a million dollars in property.
- 1912—A monument to the Pilgrim Fathers was dedicated at Southampton, England.
- 1914—The Mexican Constitutionalist Army entered Mexico City without opposition, and Gen. Venustiano Carranza assumed the powers of provisional president as representative of the Constitutionalist.
- 1914—THE WAR: Japanese ultimatum to Germany, allowing eight days for reply, to deliver Kiaochow, Germany's stronghold in China, to Japan to be held in trust for China till the end of the war.
- 1915—THE WAR: Russian and the Bug and outer forts of Novo Georgievsk, Italians launch great offensive along the Isonzo front. Naval battle begun in the Gulf of Riga.

COACHES WERE CROSSED OVER.

Shipment of Second-Hand Coaches Purchased From Line Goes to the Mexican Side of the River.

A shipment consisting of twenty-two passenger coaches, most of them second-hand coaches formerly used by the Lackawanna Lines, which arrived here several days ago for the Constitutionalist Lines of Mexico, were taken to the Mexican side of the river this morning.

The coaches have been held here the past few days pending the signing of certain papers and the payment of a certain amount of money. Much more rolling stock for the Mexican railways is reported en route to this city.

Just the Thing for Diarrhoea.

"About two years ago I had a severe attack of diarrhoea which lasted over a week," writes W. C. Jones, Bufford, N. D. "I became so weak that I could not stand upright. A druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The first dose relieved me and within two days I was as well as ever." Many druggists recommend this remedy because they know that it is reliable. Obtainable everywhere.

room, or a unity of directors in A. H. Belo & Co. to do with an election in Duval or Zapata County, where a free election and a fair count are obviously held in contempt? If the Times Herald wishes to defend the sort of thing that is going on in some of the border counties The News has no objection. If that is the sort of thing one likes, one likes that sort of thing. But would the Times-Herald support in McLennan County the intolerable condition that is well known to obtain in Duval County and Zapata County? If so, then heaven help the Times-Herald and pity Editor Robinson.—Galveston News.

Watch THE TIMES everyday for opportunities. 50c. per month.

SOLDIERS' SONG FAVORITE

SUNG LIBERALLY IN LAREDO

"DON'T BITE THE HAND THAT'S FEEDING YOU" IS SONG.

Like "Boys" of Civil War, the Spanish-American War, the European War, Soldiers Have a Song Hit.

Over a half century ago when North and South marched forth to meet each other on the sanguinary field of battle the soldier hosts had their battle songs or meses—the Northland had its "Yankee Doodle" and the Southland the stirring strains of "Dixie." When the Spanish-American war was declared and mobilization camps to defend their country's flag the popular air among the troops was "There'll Be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight." And when the great European war began and the allies sent forth their hosts to meet the Teutonic foes they chose as their favorite selection a composition that up to that time was almost unknown. "It's a Long, Long Way to Tipperary," which has since become the most popular air of the day.

But today when the American militiamen from the North, South, East and West are on the Texas border keeping their eye on wily old Mexico, there is a slow, sentimental and patriotic selection dominating as the favorite tune, and that is the song, "Don't Bite the Hand That's Feeding You." Last night at the Royal Theatre Private Billy Milne of the New Hampshire regiment sang the selection again by request and when the chorus was reached there was a refrain of voices that was musical and beautiful—about 200 comrades of Milne joined in the chorus, and this was too much for some ladies who were present and knew the words of the song, and they, too, joined the grand refrain of voices and beautiful soprano notes mingled with those of alto, tenor, baritone and bass, intermingled with numerous falsettos—but as regards the latter, their intentions were good and they did their best. The song was repeated twice last night.

Up in the camps as the subtle moonlight casts its shimmering rays upon the tented city of the soldier boys, quartettes, quintettes and sextettes of militiamen gather at night and join in the singing of the song and it generally ends with some expression like, "and believe me, that song is right, too."

A Hacking Cough Weakens The System.

Don't suffer with a hacking cough that has weakened your system—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, in use over 40 years, and benefiting all who use it, the soothing pine balsam with tar heal the irritated air passages—soothes the raw spots, loosens the mucous and prevents racking the body with coughing. Dr. King's New Discovery induces natural sleep and aids nature to cure you.

PAYING OFF THE SOLDIERS

It is Estimated That Fully \$265,000 Are Being Paid to Regulars and Guardsmen Stationed Here.

This is what might be properly termed "pay week" with the United States regular soldiers and guardsmen stationed in Laredo, approximately 10,000 in all, and it is estimated that when all the officers and men shall have been paid at least \$265,000 will have been distributed in Laredo.

The paying off of the men began yesterday and will continue today and probably all of tomorrow.

Why Endure Summer Colds?

It isn't necessary to have a stuffed head, running nose. To cough your head off as it were. All you need do is to use Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. The soothing and healing balsams open the clogged air passages and in a short time you get relief and start on the road to recovery. Your nose stops running, you cough less and you know you are getting better. Get a bottle, use as directed. Keep what is left as a cough and cold insurance.

FAMILY AVOIDS SERIOUS SICKNESS

By Being Constantly Supplied With Thedford's Black-Draught.

McDuff, Va.—"I suffered for several years," says Mrs. J. B. Whittaker, of this place, "with sick headache, and stomach trouble."

Ten years ago a friend told me to try Thedford's Black-Draught, which I did, and I found it to be the best family medicine for young and old.

I keep Black-Draught on hand all the time now, and when my children feel a little bad, they ask me for a dose, and it does them more good than any medicine they ever tried.

We never have a long spell of sickness in our family, since we commenced using Black-Draught.

Thedford's Black-Draught is purely vegetable, and has been found to regulate weak stomachs, aid digestion, relieve indigestion, colic, wind, nausea, headache, sick stomach, and similar symptoms.

It has been in constant use for more than 70 years, and has benefited more than a million people.

Your druggist sells and recommends Black-Draught. Price only 25c. Get a package to-day.

Subscribe for THE TIMES—50 cts. per month.

A. Ritter & Co.

Blacksmith and Machine Shop

Horse shoeing
A Specialty

Corner Farragut St. and
Convent Ave.

LAREDO ICE FACTORY

P. M. SAUVIGNET, Prop.

Pure Crystal Ice
and Distilled Water

Delivered to any part
of the city.

TELEPHONE 252

BELL-ANS

Absolutely Removes
Indigestion. One package
proves it. 25c at all druggists.

CRAZY MINERAL WATER

A natural mineral water is such a positive eliminant that it is worth a trial in all diseases where elimination is not thorough. Try it in constipation, rheumatism, Bright's diseases, diabetes, acid dyspepsias, etc. Ask for booklet.

L. VILLEGAS & CO., AGENTS
LAREDO, TEXAS

Watch this space

A. SAFT

Choice Meat

First stall south side of city market

REFRIGERATED
BEEF
RECEIVED DAILY
NARCISO ALANIS
PHONE 661

John O. Buenz Lumber Co.

DEALERS IN
LUMBER, SHINGLES, DOORS,
BLINDS, LATHS, ETC.

Builders' Hardware and all kinds of
Roofing, also, Planing Mill
in connection.

ALBERTO PUENTES

Motorcycle and Bicycle Shop
1104 Matamoros St. Laredo, Texas
Bicycles and Supplies
ALL WORK GUARANTEED

KILL THE COUGH
AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH DR. KING'S
NEW DISCOVERY

FOR COUGHS (PRICE 50¢ & \$1.00
TRIAL BOTTLE FREE)

AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES

GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY
OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Cure for Cholera Morbus.
"When our little boy, now seven years old, was a baby he was cured of cholera morbus by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Mrs. Sidney Simmons, Fair Haven, N. Y. "Since then other members of my family have used this valuable medicine for colic and bowel troubles with good satisfaction and I gladly endorse it as a remedy of exceptional merit." Obtainable everywhere.

THE FIRST BRIGADE REVIEW HELD IN LAREDO YESTERDAY

SECOND AND FOURTH MISSOURI
REGIMENTS PARTICIPATED.

Brigadier General Clark and His
Command, Lacking First Missouri,
Pass in Review of General Mann.

Laredo had its first brigade review yesterday afternoon—in fact this is the first time in the history of Laredo and Fort McIntosh that enough men to constitute a brigade have been stationed here. And even yesterday the brigade that passed in review of Brigadier General Mann was not complete, because of the fact that one of the regiments is absent from the city, and therefore could not participate, so only two regiments formed the brigade.

The "Third Separate Brigade," composed of the First, Second and Fourth Missouri Infantry Regiments, Brigadier General Harvey C. Clark, commanding, was the brigade reviewed yesterday evening, only the First Missouri regiment was not there, being at target practice on the target range seven miles east of Laredo, where they will remain until Friday. The two regiments left their camps at Camp Missouri promptly at 5 o'clock last evening, headed by Brigadier General H. C. Clark and his staff, though they were preceded by an advance guard. Behind General Clark and staff came the Second Missouri Regimental Band followed by the Second Regiment, and machine gun company. Following this came the regimental officers of the Fourth Missouri Regiment, then the regimental band, and the regiment and its hospital corps. As the Fourth Regiment rounded off from Santa Maria Avenue on to Victoria street in its march to Fort McIntosh the Fourth Regiment band was playing "Dixie," and the step of the boys was brisk and unusually animated—for the stirring tune of "Dixie" has an irresistible and stimulating effect when it falls on the ears of Southern boys.

Arriving at the parade grounds at Fort McIntosh the review took place, with Brigadier General Mann as the reviewing officer, while his staff was also with him and Brigadier General Clark saw his troops as they passed. The inspiring sight of a long line of men marching in review of two brigadier generals was witnessed by many Laredo citizens who had gone out there in automobiles. It is said that another brigade review will be held within a short time.

MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL.

Many Matters of Routine Business
Transacted, Although Nothing
of Importance.

The meeting of the city council last night disposed of many matters of routine business, and the only thing which appeared to be of importance was the complaint that the steel water tower of the Laredo Water Company at the corner of Water street and Salinas Avenue was reported by M. Mas to be in a dangerous condition and was ordered to be investigated.

H. B. Emery resigned as automobile commissioner and Wm. Reeves was appointed as his successor.

The sum of \$500 was appropriated from the general fund for the purchase of a motor hose truck.

The public school trustees were given permission to use the market hall as a high school until the completion of the school building authorized to be constructed.

The closing of a street in the eastern division for the purpose of fencing in the ball park was recommended, the city to reserve the right to reopen the street when the public needs shall demand it.

WILL SPEAK TOMORROW NIGHT

Mrs. Edith French Will Deliver
an Address at Elks Hall Tomorrow
Night in Behalf Red Cross.

Taking for her subject a matter with which she herself is well acquainted through two years of practical experience on battlefield and field hospital in Europe, Mrs. Edith French, representative of Secretary of War Baker, who is in Laredo on business connected with the hospitals here, will deliver an address on the subject, "Red Cross Work Done by Americans Abroad," for the benefit of the Laredo Chapter of the Red Cross at Elks Hall tomorrow evening beginning at 8:15 o'clock.

Those who have heard Mrs. French talk at the Y. M. C. A. at Camp Missouri, and who will hear her speak at the "jamaica" on Martin Plaza this evening will most certainly exert their utmost efforts to be present at Elks Hall tomorrow morning. The gifted woman in her addresses handles her subjects in a masterly manner and instills into her theme points of interest that hold the audience from the time she utters her first word until the close of the address.

Being an active member of the French Red Cross, and in the field hospital at the time she secured a leave of absence and came back to this country, Mrs. French is in a position to give the Laredo Chapter of the Red Cross some valuable information on the real workings of this great organization.

Civil Service Examination.
A civil service examination for the position of clerk-carrier in the Laredo postoffice will be held in this city on September 9th, as per announcement of the District Secretary at New Orleans. Intending applicants may obtain information regarding the examination at the Custom House in Laredo.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor . . . Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Wednesday.

The Ladies Aid of the Christian Church will hold its regular weekly meeting at the home of Mrs. G. C. Hiatt at three o'clock in the afternoon. *
Jamaica on Martin Plaza at seven o'clock in the evening, for the benefit of the Red Cross.

Patriotic address at Martin Plaza tonight by Mrs. Seth Barton French.

Thursday.

Baptist Ladies Aid will hold their regular missionary meeting at the Baptist Church at four o'clock in the afternoon. *
Mrs. John Tucker Halsell will be at Home for Mrs. Seth Barton French from half after four o'clock to half after five o'clock in the afternoon.

Mrs. Seth Barton French will give a lecture at Elks Hall at half after eight o'clock in the evening.

The choir meeting of the Christian church will be held Thursday evening instead of Wednesday evening because of the Jamaica for the benefit of the Red Cross.

In Love With Your Work.

In love with your work—
And it goes so well,
You can hurry it off
Ere the world can tell;
It's a swing and a bound,
And a leap and a run—
In love with your work,
And the world is fun.

It only goes hard
When it's work that you hate,
In the shop or the yard,
Or early or late—
But the work that you love,
How it ripples through,
With a song on your lips,
And a smile there, too.

Oh, in love with your work,
And it goes so well,
Like the fun of the world,
And its dream and its spell!
For its love in the heart
For the things we are meant
That crown with its beauty
The master's intent.

—Folger M. Kinsey.

Mrs. Sam Withoff and children left the early part of the week for a visit to relatives in Bustamante.

Judge Mullally, accompanied by his son Edward and brother, Mr. J. B. Leyendecker, and son John Leyendecker, motored up from Corpus Christi yesterday.

Miss Elizabeth Merriman, who has been spending the summer in Mesilla Park, New Mexico, is en route home, but will stay a few days in El Paso, a week in Waco, the guest of relatives, and a week in San Antonio, before arriving in Laredo.

Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Embree of Dallas and Mrs. A. E. Brown and baby of Beville are the guests of their mother and sister, Mrs. J. M. Sallee, and Miss M. Sallee, for a few days.

Mrs. C. H. Bell and Mrs. J. P. Ince have returned from a pleasant stay at Marlin Springs.

Lieutenant Walter Nye, Co. I, Second Texas Infantry, has been transferred to the regular army and assigned to the 26th Infantry, with station at Harlingen, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Cogley returned home yesterday from Corpus Christi in their private car, and were accompanied by their daughter, Mrs. S. M. Parlow, and children Rosita and Margaret Alice Parlow, and Mr. and Mrs. Albert Martin.

Mr. and Mrs. Burnett motored home yesterday from Corpus Christi, after a pleasant two weeks' stay.

Mrs. R. P. Woodard returned home yesterday from Corpus Christi in her auto, and was accompanied by her little daughter Katherine and Mr. Herbert Clark.

Mrs. W. B. McArthur returned yesterday afternoon from Corpus Christi, where she has been for the past several weeks.

S. J. Sorrell returned yesterday from Corpus Christi, after a pleasant stay.

The Milmo Rifles, or Co. I, Second Texas Infantry, who are at present stationed at Fort Ringgold, expect to move to Harlingen this week.

Mrs. J. W. Littlefield of San Antonio is spending a few days in Laredo en route to Tampico, where she will join her husband, who has oil interests there.

Mrs. J. C. McKay of San Antonio, has arrived in Laredo to join her husband, who is an employee of the I. & G. N. R. R.

Mrs. Mabel Hanna Davis, after a short visit to Mrs. R. A. Brown at Fort McIntosh, returned to San Antonio on the noon train.

Announcements.
Mrs. Seth Barton French will give a lecture at Elks Hall Thursday evening.

PERSONALS

Albert Pickard, a prominent merchant of Monterey, is a visitor in the city.

Albert Strawn, Esq., is in the city with a view of locating. Mr. Strawn has been practicing law in Cotulla for the past few years and is here to make arrangements to move to Laredo and practice his profession here.

Mrs. William B. Arthur returned home yesterday from Corpus Christi where she spent a few weeks.

Mike N. Falvela, brother of the Times reporter, arrived here yesterday from Corpus Christi and will locate in Laredo, establishing a business here within a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. L. V. Jambers and Mr. Geo. Tillman left yesterday for San Antonio. Mrs. Jambers will visit Mrs. L. C. Bronson in San Antonio, while Mr. Jambers and Mr. Tillman go to Medina Lake for a few days fishing trip.

BENDER—Albert Strawn, Cotulla; H. A. Apple, San Antonio; C. Maulding, Will McClen, Hebbronville; Albert Blair, Mexico; Albert Picard, Monterey; A. R. Kassibel, D. K. Newsum, J. E. O'Neil, San Antonio; W. S. Suescke, Paul Kreubully, Monterey; J. K. Fletcher, New York; D. Huggins, San Antonio; J. B. Robbin, Dallas; H. P. Pfeiffer, Lester Marks, E. R. Goodman, San Antonio; W. D. Anderson, Baltimore, Md.

MRS. KELLY LEFT TODAY.

Field Secretary of National Patriotic Relief Spent Past Week Investigating Militia Camps at Laredo.

Mrs. Alice McKay Kelly, field secretary of the National Patriotic Relief, an association of wealthy women of New York who are looking after the interests of families of soldiers who have come to the Texas border, who has been here the past week, left for San Antonio today on her way to Eagle Pass.

Mrs. Kelly is a very pleasant and entertaining woman and while here delivered several interesting talks to the soldier boys at the Y. M. C. A. building at Camp Missouri and was given several ovations. Mrs. Kelly will visit every militia camp on the Texas border before returning to New York.

ing at half after eight o'clock. The subject of her lecture will be "Red Cross Work Done by Americans Abroad."

Entertainments.

The officers and ladies of Fort McIntosh entertained most delightfully last evening with a dance at the Ninth Infantry Club. The music was furnished by the Ninth Infantry Band and the guests were given lovely programs with the Ninth Infantry emblem outside, embossed in gold, carrying twenty straight dances. Delicious ices and cakes were served during the evening. Among those present were Col. and Mrs. R. A. Brown, Col. and Mrs. Alonzo Gray, Major and Mrs. Bell, Captain and Mrs. Sirmeyer, Captain and Mrs. Hearn, Captain and Mrs. Read, Lieutenant and Mrs. Stephens, Lieut. and Mrs. Moore, Lieut. and Mrs. Coulter, Lieut. and Mrs. Young, Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Cluck, Mesdames Ryan, King, Seth Barton French, E. Lobdell, S. D. Jackson, Misses Myrtle Mackin, Ruth Moore, Courtney Slaughter, Helen, Margaret, and Kathryn MacGregor, Olive and Alice Gray, Louise Muller, Clarisse Ryan, Catherine Coulter, Lilian Westbrook, Colonels Allen, Donley, Penn, Majors Grant and Heavey, Captains Bailey, Wing, Pendleton, Smith, Loch, Welbourne, Crissie, Lieutenants Montgomery, Woodruff, Wogan, Larrabee, Jones, Garrison, Wingate, Hopson, Gill, Leavenworth, Messrs. Tom Austin, Seymour Denike and others.

TIMES WANT ADS.

Money Makers

SPEAKING OF THE ROBINS.

Brooklyn entered the National league in 1890 and brought home the pennant the first year.

After winning the pennant in the year of its National league debut Brooklyn repeated the trick in 1899 and 1900.

Only once during the 26 years that Brooklyn has been in the National league has the team finished in the cellar. This was in 1905.

Since 1912 the Brooklyn team has bettered its position in the pennant race each year. The team finished seventh in 1912, sixth in 1913, fifth in 1914 and third in 1915.

In the short space of two years Manager Wilbert Robinson of the Robins has won a place among the most successful pilots in the big show.

While the Robins have been leading the National league in batting they have been a second division team in fielding.

Three veteran pitchers, Marquard, Coombs and Cheney, have been doing excellent work for Brooklyn after all three had been released by other teams.

George Cutshaw, whose work around cushion has proved a sensation, came to Brooklyn in 1912 from the Oakland team of the Pacific Coast league.

McCarthy and Daubert of the Brooklyn team are included among the ten 200 hitters in the National league, while Daubert and Cutshaw are among the first half-dozen base stealers.

Zach Wheat is the oldest player on the Brooklyn team in point of service. Wheat joined the team in August, 1909. Jake Daubert is the next oldest, having joined the team in the Spring of 1910.

Wilbert Robinson, the Robins' boss, is the third member of a famous old trio of Baltimore Orioles who later became great baseball managers. The other two were McGraw of the Giants and Jennings of the Detroit Tigers.

Ed Pfeffer, the Robins' star pitcher and leading heaver of the National league, is 27 years old and a native of Champaign, Ill. He won 25 games and lost 12 in 1914, the year in which he joined the Robins. Last year his count stood 19 won and 14 lost.

One of the noticeable features in Brooklyn's dash to the front has been the fast work displayed by the many veteran pastimers now on the team. Players who have been wearing big league spangles for years, including Mowrey, Meyers, Combs, Marquard and Cheney, are now going like two-year-olds.

First known as the Trolley Dodgers, the nickname of the Brooklyn team was changed to the Superbas when Ned Hanlon became pilot. The name owed its origin to "Hanlon's Superbas" at that time a popular spectacular production on the stage "Robins," the present nickname of the team, was given in honor of Manager Wilbert Robinson.

Losing the first two games of the present season put the Robins in the cellar, where they remained until April 19, when they beat the Giants and moved up a notch. They held down seventh place until April 23 and then started to climb in earnest. April 23 found the team in second place and on May 1 they grabbed the top rung of the pennant ladder. They lost the lead the next day, but regained it one day later and have been burning up the league ever since.

LUTHERANS RALLY AT TOLEDO.

Toledo, O., Aug. 16.—What is believed to be the largest and most representative gathering ever held by communicants of the Lutheran church in America was opened in this city today and will be continued for an entire week. The biennial session of the Evangelical Lutheran synodical conference of North America has brought together ministerial and lay representatives of more than a million members of the denomination. In addition, there is being held the biennial convention of the Lutheran League of America, with a membership of 150,000 and representing 2,000,000 members of the Lutheran Church in the United States.

GERMANY TO DEFEND TRIESTE IS REPORT

ITALIANS ARE STILL ADVANCING

EAST OF GORIZIA AND

CAPTURED AUSTRIAN

TRENCHES.

By Associated Press.

Paris, Aug. 16.—It is reported that Germany is taking over the defenses of Trieste, sending troops especially organized for that purpose, says a despatch to Le Temps from Milan.

War Summary.

Aviolent bombardment was carried on last night on the Verdun front at Thiaumont, Fleury, Vaux and Chaplre, east of the Meuse. Along the greater part of the front the night passed quietly, the Paris official report today says. A squadron of French and Italian aeroplanes made a raid near Trieste today and are reported to have inflicted extensive damage. One French aeroplane was lost. Further advances for the Italians east of Gorizia in which Austrian trenches along the slopes of Monte Pecinka on the northern edge of the Carso plateau were taken were announced today by the Rome statement. The Russians captured a series of heights west of Vorkhha and Ardemyoy in the Carpathians. In the Delatyn region, the Petrograd statement says, the Austrians are retreating east. London says there was no change on the Somme front last night. The Germans are claiming successes against the Russians in the Carpathians, capturing Starawipozyna north of Capul. Berlin claims the Russian attacks are weak.

Russians Made Huge Haul.

Petrograd, Aug. 16.—Between June 4 and August 12 General Brusiloff's forces captured more than 358,000 Austro-Germans, the war office announced today.

New British Loan.

New York, Aug. 16.—Formal announcement was made today by J. P. Morgan and Company as syndicate managers of a new loan to Great Britain aggregating \$250,000,000 for two years at 55 per cent interest pledged against the loan are securities sold to value \$300,000,000, principally Canadian and Canadian Pacific Railway.

Germany Doesn't Care.

Berlin, Aug. 16.—In view of reports that Germany is apprehensive over the proposed sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States, Foreign Minister von Jagow made a statement today to the effect that the German government is not opposed to such a transfer.

German Submarines Coming.

London, Aug. 16.—Two new German submarines of large size will soon leave for the United States, according to a Hague despatch.

HOME OWNERS.

A little group of men who have dealt considerably in real estate in a number of cities got to comparing experiences the other day. They were discussing the question whether more or fewer people own their homes than formerly. It was the final consensus that there are fewer houses owned by the occupants than formerly.—San Btito Light.

The number of home owners is larger now than ever before, but probably there are fewer home owners than formerly in proportion to the total population. It costs considerable money to build a good house these days, and most folks are demanding good houses. Lumber, bricks, plumbing material and labor, not to mention painting and screening, come high and are steadily rising. Also taxes cut into the home owner's income, also insurance and repairs. On the other hand, house rent is low in comparison with the modern conveniences mostly available for prompt-paying tenants. Many argue that renting is cheaper than owning, if interest on the value of the home is taken into account. But the fact can not be successfully controverted that home-owning is a good investment. It is good in a money way and in a social way. The family in its own home feels better satisfied with itself and more in rapport with the spirit of the community. If it is not a home-owning community, the constant shifting of the population makes for isolated family life and social indifference. A transient population is never a very well satisfied population, and if satisfaction isn't the prime requisite of happiness then there is no such requisite. One great disadvantage under which a transient family or individual lives is that constant changing of base makes for objectless living. The man who is always moving from pillar to post soon gets rid of any but the most primitive objects in life. He misses the sentimental side, and whether he realizes it or not, the sentimental side is the better side.—Galveston News.

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The Unseen Telephone Plant

THE telephone you see before you is a very small part of the telephone system—just the tip end of it. Most of the telephone plant is located outside of the central office and the subscriber's premises.

Thousands of dollars in telephone plant is hidden under the city streets and strung out along country roads. When you talk over a telephone line, you have thousands of dollars' worth of equipment at your exclusive service.

The development and maintenance of the unseen telephone plant is a costly feature of telephone service.

When you telephone—smile



The Southwestern Telegraph
and Telephone Company

Lines to General Humidity.

Dear General:
Gwan! Gwan. Gwan away—
And don't come back another day.
—Boston Globe.

STRATEGY.

"Jack!"
"Yes."
"Can't you bring some fat friend home to dinner? I positively must have some heavyweight to sit on my trunk."—Life.

WILL REMAIN IN ARCTIC.

By Associated Press.

Nome, Alaska, Aug. 16.—Six members of Vilhjalmur Stefansson's Arctic expedition, who arrived here yesterday, said that Stefansson would remain in the Arctic to continue the work of exploring the newly discovered land and probably would not return to civilization very soon.

FRIGHTENED BURGLARS AWAY.

By Associated Press.

Rice, Texas, Aug. 16.—Burglars blew the safe of the postoffice here early today, but were frightened away before getting \$200 in the safe. A running battle between officers and bandits ensued.

REVENUE BILL REPORTED.

By Associated Press.

Washington, Aug. 16.—By a strict Democratic vote, the senate finance committee today favorably reported the revised revenue bill calculated to raise about \$205,000,000 annually.

IS SLIGHTLY DECREASING.

By Associated Press.

New York, Aug. 16.—One hundred and thirteen new cases and 34 deaths in the infantile paralysis epidemic were reported today, which is a slight decrease.

WISCONSIN MUNICIPAL LEAGUE.

Oshkosh, Wis., Aug. 16.—Mayors and other officials representing all of the leading cities of the State assembled in Oshkosh today for the opening of the annual convention of the league of Wisconsin Municipalities. The three-day program provides for addresses by several prominent speakers and the general discussion of a wide variety of municipal problems.

MAINE TOWN HAS CENTENNIAL.

Kingfield, Me., Aug. 16.—Kingfield, the home of Maine's first governor, William King, for whom the town was named, entered upon a three-day jubilee today in celebration of the centennial of its settlement. The town is lavishly decorated in honor of the occasion and visitors are here from all parts of the State. Historical exercises, family reunions and a wide variety of outdoor sports and festivities are to be included in the program.

MEMORIAL TO VERMONT'S HERO.

Rutland, Vt., Aug. 16.—Bennington Day, the anniversary of the Revolutionary battle of Bennington, was celebrated in Rutland today with the dedication of a bronze statue called the "Green Mountain Boy." The statue is the work of Raymond Averill Porter and is a likeness in heroic size of Ethan Allen, one of the Vermont heroes of the Revolution.

OPPOSE MANN ON LIQUOR ISSUE

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 16.—Congressman James R. Mann, the Republican minority leader in the national house of representatives, is facing serious opposition for renomination in his home district which comprises the South Side of Chicago. An unusually strong combination of church workers and other foes of the liquor traffic are seeking to bring about his defeat. He is charged by those advocating the Hubson constitutional amendment, forbidding the sale of liquor, with taking a leading part in defeating the measure. The Anti-Saloon League of America has thrown its resources into a campaign to prevent Mr. Mann's renomination at the primary next month and is taking steps to arouse interest in the contest.

NEGRO BUSINESS MEN MEET.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 16.—Negro business men from every part of the country are in Kansas City to attend the annual convention of the National Negro Business League, which will hold forth here during the remainder of this week. The league was organized in Boston some fifteen years ago by the late Booker T. Washington, who remained at its head until his death. The object of the organization is to inform the world of the progress the negro is making in business and to stimulate local business enterprises and to encourage the organization of local business for the purpose of furthering commercial growth.

FORMER HARVARD STUDENT IN TOILS.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 16.—Charles W. Simms, Jr., a former Harvard student, was arraigned in the Newton police court today for a preliminary hearing on a charge of theft. The young man is accused of having stolen diamonds and jewelry valued at more than \$1,200 from the home of William E. Litchfield in Newton. Simms was a friend of Mr. Litchfield's daughter and had been a frequent caller at the house. He is alleged to have made a complete confession and to have aided in the recovery of the stolen jewelry from pawnshops. In view of these facts the friends of the young man have joined in an effort to secure leniency in his case.

DIFFERENT PLACE.

Judge—Was your father under the influence of liquor when your mother hit him?
Small Boy—No, sir; I was under the kitchen table.—Exchange.

EXPLAINING THE BAD FEELING.

Albert Stroud believes that considerable feeling must have grown up between the Germans and the English in the last two years. Mr. Stroud bases his opinion on the fact that Germany has changed the English name of "gold" to "locherballspiel."—Kansas City Star.

Just the Thing for Diarrhoea.

"About two years ago I had a severe attack of diarrhoea which lasted over a week," writes W. C. Jones, Bufford, N. D. "It became so weak that I could not stand upright. A druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The first dose relieved me and within two days I was as well as ever." Many druggists recommend this remedy because they know that it is reliable. Obtainable everywhere.

MISTAKEN SYMPATHY.

Led by a desire to aid the unfortunate, a number of Americans—and, by the way, they are the sort of Americans who are opposing the movement for national preparedness—have formed the "Mexican-American League," a society whose intent is to give to the American people the following information:

"The sources of the Mexican revolution, the purposes which have guided it, the nature and causes of the disorders and crimes which have been incidentally associated with it, and the efforts of the de facto government to reduce disorder and to prevent atrocities."

It is a useless labor, for the reason that the people composing the Mexican-American League are visionary idealists on the part of the Americans, and on the part of the Mexicans are wilful prevaricators, devoted to the attempt of "pulling the wool over the eyes" of the American people.

The sources of the Mexican revolution are not far to seek. The first revolution was organized by Francisco Madero, a disappointed candidate for the presidency, who lifted the banner of revolt with the financial aid of Americans and other foreigners and who succeeded in driving the president, Porfirio Diaz, into exile with the tacit consent of the then existing United States government.

The purpose which guided that revolution was that of all preceding and succeeding revolutions in that, as well as the other Latin-American countries—the itch for office and the desire to rule.

The nature and causes of the disorders and crimes which are inseparably associated with the various revolutions—for not all of the revolts have had the same ostensible ideals and principles—are easily discernible.

Each party in power in Mexico has assassinated its opponents, and the common soldiers have followed the example of those higher up and slaughtered on their own hook, some of them from motives of private revenge and others for the mere lust of blood.

"Incidentally associated with the revolution," says the propaganda of the new society, speaking of the crimes! It is not an incident when the members of a party countenance or engage in the violation of women, the cold-blooded murder of innocent men and children and the desecration of sacred edifices; and there is not a month in the calendar of the "revolution" during the past five years and more that these acts have not been committed by the Mexican revolutionists, from those high in office down to the lowest follower.

The efforts of the de facto government "to reduce disorder and to prevent atrocities" are well known to those who live on the border. Recently the first chief himself proclaimed amnesty to all former opponents of his party, in his desire to draw around him the better elements of the country in defense of the fatherland against what he believed to be the menace of a foreign invasion.

Many of them responded, showing more faith in his promises than he would have shown in theirs. As soon as the prospect of peace left him relieved of the fear of an invasion, he ordered the arrest and the summary execution of those who, trusting in his sworn promise, had come to the aid of the country against a potential foreign foe! This is an example of how the de facto government tries to "reduce disorder and to prevent atrocities!"

The fact that the greater part of the best blood of Mexico is now in a foreign land, awaiting with patience the outcome of the present "revolution," should convince everyone with a grain of common sense that the intellect, the brains and the heart of Mexico are not with the present de facto government.

That some Americans are willing to align themselves with such a movement is more creditable to their hearts than to their heads. And their Mexican associates are laughing in their sleeves at their American dupes, who believe that there is a single revolutionist who is not actuated by a desire for personal profit.

CHILD LABOR ADVOCATES.

Senators Penrose and Oliver of Pennsylvania voted against the federal child labor law, on the ground that a Pennsylvania statute recently enacted covered the question more effectively for that state than the proposed federal law.

The Houston Post has the following to say with regard to the Pennsylvania situation:

"It happens that in Pennsylvania are located the only available anthracite coal deposits in the United States, and thousands of boys have performed certain light and necessary tasks in these mines. The intolerable conditions which once obtained among these youthful mine laborers have been ameliorated by the new statute and no boy under 14 years of age may work in the mines at all. That the federal law will prove a great hardship to many of these boys and their families, there can be no doubt, for the federal law does not cover the conditions peculiar to the production of anthracite coal, which the Pennsylvania statute does."

It is disappointing to find a newspaper of the standing and the influence of the Post taking the side of these exploiters of baby brawn and muscle. Anyone who is at all familiar with the "light and necessary tasks" which these little boys—some of them but 8 or 9 years old—perform in the coal mines of Pennsylvania will realize that the statute enacted by the legislators of that state is in favor of the anthracite operators and not in favor of the children.

The boys are used as "breaker" boys, and are obliged to sit for hours in a cramped position picking out slate and other foreign substances as the coal passes down a chute from the breakers. They are used as door tenders, opening and closing doors in

the various roadways hundreds of feet deep in the earth, so as to prevent the gases which are always being given forth from forming into "pockets" and thus becoming dangerous. The various labors of the boys also include the children under 14 years of age who work at other "light and necessary tasks" in the mines.

There is not an anthracite mine in operation which does not pay good dividends. Many of them are owned by railroad companies who make the double profit of mining and transportation, and the only reason that boys under 14 years of age are employed is because they will work for 75c to a dollar a week, while the older boys demand more.

We hear the same sort of special pleading from other states devoted to other industries. In the cotton mill states we are told that the children under 14 years of age are employed at "light and necessary tasks" in the cotton mills, when every sociologist and physician who has investigated the cotton mills declares that the work is such as to stunt and permanently injure young children.

Messrs. Penrose and Oliver owe much to the anthracite operators in their state. Without the aid of the wealthy mine operators and railroad magnates it is doubtful if either of them could be elected to any office in the gift of the people. Naturally they are inclined to give service to value received.

The child labor law is not merely, as the Post says, "a question of the sensible and practical way of solving a problem successfully." It is a question of the conservation of one of our greatest natural resources. The children who are stunted and deformed by the labor which they perform before they have really begun to attain their growth are so much good material wasted.

Pennsylvania is not alone as an exploiter of child labor. There are other states which are as guilty of this act of inhumanity, and the only available argument is that "it will work a hardship on the children and their parents" to prevent these little ones from working ten or twelve hours a day!

The child labor laws are an evolution of our civilization, and they will eventually free the only slaves which our economic system has left.

As proof that the Teutons are winning in Galicia, the Russians report that they have captured in two months 358,000 Austro-Germans. This is probably more of von Bothmer's strategy, to make the Russians feed a large number of the enemy.

Germany says she has no objections to our purchasing the Danish West Indies. Can it be that Germany is to get a share of the twenty-five millions which we are to pay for these little ant heaps?

Vilhjalmur Stefansson has decided to remain in the Arctic regions indefinitely. Stefansson is undoubtedly disgusted with Europe and will not return until he is sure the great war is over.

The railroads suggest that if they concede the eight-hour day the employees ought to withdraw their demand for time and a half for overtime. But then, what would be the use of an eight-hour day?

JOHN MEET AT EATON.

Muncie, Ind., Aug. 17.—"Johns," hundreds of them, big and little, old and young, fat and lean, gathered for their annual picnic and outing today at Riverside Park, in the village of Eaton, on the banks of the Mississinewa river. Anybody whose name is John was welcome and at liberty to join the John's Association. Many sections of the country were represented. As has been customary for many years, a special invitation was extended to John D. Rockefeller to attend the reunion.

As usual, the little town of Eaton made it a holiday and most of the business houses were closed for the day. The festivities of the day were opened with a parade of members headed by a band from Muncie. In the afternoon several of the most prominent "Johns" delivered addresses. Prizes were to be awarded in athletic and aquatic contests, and to the longest, shortest, smallest, biggest, oldest, youngest, tallest, leanest and fattest Johns.

Archduke Karl Franz of Austria, heir to the Austrian throne, celebrated his 29th birthday today. The aged head of the Empire, Kaiser Franz Josef, will be 86 years old tomorrow, and the double anniversary comes at a time when neither the old monarch nor the young heir, with Russia and Italy triumphantly pressing their advance upon Austria, would be likely to rejoice. The archduke has lately been reported as heading one of the Teutonic armies which under the general high command of Hindenburg are trying to stem the Russian tide in Galicia. He had been before this engaged in the Austrian offensive against the Italians in the Tyrol, which for some weeks met with success but which has now crumpled before the victorious counter-offensive of the Italians who in the capture of Galicia last week dealt the dual monarchy a severe blow.

Archduke Karl Franz is described as unpretentious and very well-liked by the people. He attended a public school in Vienna, the first prince of the House of Hapsburg ever to sit on public school benches beside the sons of tradesmen and artisans. He is the grand-nephew of the old Emperor, and came in line for the throne with the assassination which precipitated the war in which he is now fighting, that of his uncle, Archduke Franz Ferdinand, then heir to the crown.

VOICE OF TEXAS.

A Real Benefactor.

Now if some recruiting officer would come to Seguin and induce a number of boys who have never learned the meaning of the words "obedience" and "work" to enlist in Uncle Sam's service, he would be a benefactor to the town. For the full meaning of those two important words would certainly be thoroughly impressed on the boys and assist them all the rest of their lives.—Seguin Enterprise.

Local Option Thus Far Has Prevailed
Local opinion seems to be the favorite method here in Texas for dealing with the liquor question.

The prohibition issue was acute in the campaign of 1910, Mr. Colquitt, a local optionist, being the successful aspirant.

Again in 1912 the issue between Statewide and local option was squarely joined between Colquitt and Ramsey, and Colquitt was the winner.

Then in 1914 the Statewide held a convention and conscripted Mr. Ball, who was defeated by Mr. Ferguson, a local optionist.

In the contest of this year we have the spectacle of a runoff primary election between two local optionists, or, putting it another way, the three local option candidates for the United States senate ran ahead of the three nationwide. 86,839 votes.—Waco Times-Herald.

It's Really Time.

Federal labor clearing houses will be established in every State. This is a forward step in widening the scope of the government's campaign against unemployment. Whether the entry of the national government into the local fields as an active participant in the work of bringing together the jobless man and the manless job will be successful there is no means of telling. This much we do know—it is the end of the useless employment bureaus which have for so long disgraced every city in the South. It is time for government of one kind or another take up this work, and if State and municipal government will not do it Federal government must.—Houston Post.

Recalling Ugly Facts.

All of the palm beach suit boys who are insisting that Culberson must be voted for in the "runoff" primary in order that Wilson may be vindicated, were not particularly anxious to have Culberson vindicated in 1896, when he was the democratic nominee for governor. Some of them, whose records we have, joined hands with the promoters of the republican-populist-bug combination that left nothing undone to achieve his defeat, as a matter of fact. Yet, it was quite as great a "political crime" to differ with him as it is to differ with Wilson on questions of party policy.—Beaumont Enterprise.

Just the Thing for Diarrhoea.

"About two years ago I had a severe attack of diarrhoea which lasted over a week," writes W. C. Jones, Buffalo, N. D. "I became so weak that I could not stand upright. A druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The first dose relieved me and within two days I was as well as ever." Many druggists recommend this remedy because they know that it is reliable. Obtainable everywhere.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Webb.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a certain Execution issued out of the Honorable District Court of Webb County, on the 2nd day of August, 1916, by the Clerk of the District Court of said Webb County, Texas, for the sum of One Thousand and Nine Hundred and Twenty-nine Dollars and Eighty-three cents (\$1,229.33) and costs of suit, under a judgment, in favor of Francisco Naranjo Jr. in a certain cause, in said Court, No. 3778 and styled Francisco Naranjo Jr. vs. O. A. Perron & Hazelrigg, placed in my hands for service, I, Antonio Salinas as Sheriff of Webb County, Texas, did on the 2nd day of August, 1916, levy on certain Real Estate, situated in Webb County, Texas, described as follows, to-wit:

Sur. No. 55, S. E. Cert. 8142, Original Grantee Prajedis Revocava, Abs. No. 2775, containing 640 acres, Sur. 57, S. E. Cert. 8144, Original Grantee Prajedis Revocava, Abs. No. 2776, containing 640 acres. Sur. No. 58, S. E. Cert. 8145, Original Grantee Prajedis Revocava, Abs. No. 2777, containing 640 acres.

The west half of Sur. No. 59, S. E. Cert. 8146, Original Grantee John D. Davis, Abs. No. 2714, 320 acres.

The west half of Sur. No. 60, S. E. Cert. No. 8147, Original Grantee John D. Davis, Abs. No. 2715, 320 acres.

Also Lots Four (4), Five (5), Six (6), Seven (7), Eight (8) and Nine (9), in Block No. Seventy-two (72), Eastern Division of the City of Laredo, Webb County, Texas, and levied upon as the property of O. A. Perron, and that on the first Tuesday in September, 1916, the same being the 5th day of said month, at the Court House door, of Webb County in the City of Laredo, Texas, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., by virtue of said levy and said Execution I will sell said above described Real Estate at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, as the property of said O. A. Perron.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the English language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preceding said day of sale, in the Laredo Daily Times, a newspaper published in Webb County.

Witness my hand, this 3rd day of August, 1916.

ANTONIO SALINAS,
Sheriff, Webb County, Texas,
By M. G. BENAVIDES, Deputy.

"JAMAICA" GRAND SUCCESS;
MARTIN PLAZA IS THRONED

RED CROSS EVENT PULLED OFF
PROVED MOST DELIGHTFUL

During the Evening the Great Crowd
Was Entertained With a Short Address Made by Mrs. S. B. French.

From the standpoint of attendance, and also from having all the characteristics and incidental novelties to many of the event staged by the members of the Laredo Red Cross Chapter on Martin Plaza last evening, possessed everything to make it a pronounced success in every way. Even the Spanish señorita with her "hoop" in the role of a cowgirl was much in evidence and cast her "larfat" over the head of all "culprits" who possessed enough to pay their way out of all after being arrested.

Martin Plaza was veritably thronged with people last night to enjoy the features of the "Jamaica," and the irresistible promenaders were in their glory, too, for at times the walks were congested by the milling crowd. Surrounding the plaza on all sides were the various booths, all characteristic features of what constitutes a real "Jamaica," and where the women and girls in costumes represented certain personalities, types of people or nations. All the booths were decorated with a lavish sprinkling of the art colors of Old Glory, and to all appearances the event resolved itself into the patriotic affair intended.

In the center of the plaza occupying the band stand was the Ninth Infantry Band, which dispensed music throughout the evening. Bordering the stands which surrounded the plaza on all sides were numerous automobiles parked, where the occupants observed the merry, jostling crowd from a point of vantage.

To the stranger in these parts the "Jamaica" was a novelty with many interesting features and they entered into the merriment and pleasures of the evening that perforce elicited a round of entertainment. Even the soldier boys visiting here from the different states were not neglected by the girls who wielded the enveloping hoop which made them prisoner, and many a militiaman, with smiles illumining his features, was led to the jail, the judge, the courtroom, and there was "defended" by a fair señorita who claimed to be a disciple of Blackstone—and he paid his fine of ten cents at each place and was happy to do so, for besides entering into the full pleasure of the evening, he was likewise contributing to a laudable cause—the Red Cross fund which was being used for his entertainment and in providing the essentials that are not provided by the government.

Besides the jail and its attendant adjuncts doing a good business, the various refreshment stands on the plaza did a good business for they were all liberally patronized and most of the time tables were at a premium. While at events of this kind there is generally much hilarity, this feature was eliminated last night, and instead the great, jostling crowd that congested the plaza at one time merely entered into the full merriment of the evening and conducted everything in a quiet, though joyous manner. The women and young women, assisted by the young men who had charge of the "Jamaica" exerted every effort to make the "Jamaica" the great success it proved, and to them go unstinted praise for undertaking and carrying to most successful culmination one of the grandest and most enjoyable "Jamaicas" ever staged in Laredo—those carried out by the Mexican people not being excepted.

One of the interesting and highly appreciated features of the evening's program was the patriotic address delivered from the grandstand during an intermission in the musical program by Mrs. Barton French, the personal representative of Secretary of War Baker, who in spending this week in Laredo looking into the conditions of the army hospitals here. Mrs. French spoke on a patriotic subject. Being an American and one of the organizers of the French Red Cross, which is doing a most laudable work in the hospitals and on the battlefields of France, the speaker was thoroughly qualified to speak from a point of personal experience and practical work among soldiers.

Mrs. French is one of the most gifted women orators in the country—in fact her manner of talking to a crowd is of that kind classed "heart-to-heart talks." She takes her subject at the very beginning and transcends on through the theme to its highest points, and in the interim she interjects into her talk all the pertinent and pertinent points that conduce to holding the attention of the audience. Last night her talk was a most excellent one and the members of the Red Cross and other Americans present were greatly enlightened by her timely and pertinent remarks.

Office Department Quartermaster, Fort Sam Houston, Texas. Sealed proposals will be received here until 11:00 a. m., August 31, 1916, for furnishing gasoline, forage and bedding required at Southern Department stations and camps, during the period beginning Oct. 1, 1916, and ending December 31, 1916.

Information furnished upon application.

A Hacking Cough Weakens The System.

Don't suffer with a hacking cough that has weakened your system—get a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, in use over 40 years, and benefiting all who use it, the soothing pine balsam with tar heal the irritated air passages—soothes the raw spots, loosens the mucous and prevents racking the body with coughing. Dr. King's New Discovery induces natural sleep and aids nature to cure you.

LITTLE LOCALS

—The double daily train service on the National Lines of Mexico was re-established today, according to information given the Times this morning. As previously, there are two trains in and two out of Nuevo Laredo daily now and passengers will not have to depend on the slow, one train a day. The leaving and departing times of the trains was not learned.

—First \$85.00 will buy a fine piano; original cost \$600. Laredo Furniture Exchange 1213 Hidalgo St. 8-5-tf.

—Notwithstanding the fact that Martin Plaza was crowded last night on account of the "Jamaica," there were other places also crowded—the picture shows and Jarvis Plaza, for instance. And then there were soldiers out joy-riding in big autos and enjoying the enchanting moonlight. And who says the soldier boys on the Texas border (especially Laredo) are not enjoying themselves?

—Teacher of English, Spanish and Gregg Shorthand, evening lessons only. Apply Will W. Gregg, Times of file. 10-11-tf.

—This afternoon beginning at 4 o'clock at the Caliche ball park on the Heights, a game of baseball between the Ninth Infantry and Laredo teams is being played. This is not one of the scheduled games of the Laredo District League, although both teams are members, but merely an "exhibition" game.

—For self starter work see Yeary at the Citizens Garage. 6-25-tf.

—As per schedule announced of the Laredo District League, there will be a ball game at Caliche Park Saturday afternoon between the Second and Fourth Missouri teams. On Sunday afternoon the Third Field Artillery and Laredo teams will play a game. Laredo is now at the top of the league with the only game played and won to its credit; they will have two games after Sunday.

—Will W. Gregg, Notary Public, at Times office. 6-5-tf (Adv.)

—The county clerk has issued a marriage license to Atanacio Perez and Miss Amalia Treviño.

—The following importations from Mexico passed through this port yesterday: Eleven carloads of calamine fire carloads of itxle and one carload of hides. On the other hand, the importations into Mexico at this time are quite heavy.

—Do you desire comfort? Use electric lights and fans. 6-24-tf (Adv.)

—The Ninth Infantry Band will give a concert on Jarvis Plaza this evening.

—If it is neat and accurate job printing that you want send your orders to The Times job department. Expert workmanship and the best of materials. 1-9-tf.

—Don't fail to hear the address by Mrs. Seth Barton French at Elk's Hall this evening beginning at 8 o'clock.

NOTICE.

To all persons holding claims against John H. Davis:

Notice is hereby given that I have been duly appointed and have qualified as Receiver of all the properties owned or claimed by John H. Davis in Texas, and all persons holding claims against him are hereby notified to present same by intervention in the cause on or before January 1st, 1917, for classification and payment in course of administration.

S. M. BARLOW,
Receiver.

8-17-6t.

Why Endure Summer Colds?

It isn't necessary to have a stuffy head, running nose. To cough your head off as it were. All you need do is to use Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey. The soothing and healing balsams open the clogged air passages and in a short time you get relief and start on the road to recovery. Your nose stops running, you cough less and you know you are getting better. Get a bottle, use as directed. Keep what is left as a cough and cold insurance.

You Need a Tonic

There are times in every woman's life when she needs a tonic to help her over the hard places. When that time comes to you, you know what tonic to take—Cardui, the woman's tonic. Cardui is composed of purely vegetable ingredients, which act gently, yet surely, on the weakened womanly organs, and helps build them back to strength and health. It has benefited thousands and thousands of weak, ailing women in its past half century of wonderful success, and it will do the same for you.

You can't make a mistake in taking

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Miss Amelia Wilson, R. F. D. No. 4, Alma, Ark., says: "I think Cardui is the greatest medicine on earth, for women. Before I began to take Cardui, I was so weak and nervous, and had such awful dizzy spells and a poor appetite. Now I feel as well and as strong as I ever did, and can eat most anything." Begin taking Cardui today. Sold by all dealers.

Has Helped Thousands.

EARNEST-LATTIG CO.

WHOLESALE FEED

Cotton Seed Cake and Meal, Bran, Oats, Chops, Corn, Milo
Maize, Salt, Alfalfa and Cane.

BERMUDA ONION SEED

You must obtain the truly genuine seed in order to produce a good crop of onions. Fully 80% of the seed that will be planted in Southwest Texas this year is Reid's Stock. Every ounce of seed I offer you is grown and produced by T. M. Reid, Port Ortova, Teneriffe. Should you order in quantities exceeding 25 pounds, we will ship in original tin-lined sealed cans, and each and every can dated on the inside by Mr. Reid.

WIRE AT MY EXPENSE for prices on Yellow (White) Bermuda Onion Seed, and Crystal White Wax Onion Seed for shipment during August and September. Representatives in Laredo: Chas. H. Randolph & Co., and William Schultz.

There is no other seed "JUST AS GOOD AS REID'S." Owing to the extreme scarcity of Genuine Teneriffe Grown Bermuda Onion Seed this year, it is advisable that you file order without any delay.

CHRIS. REUTER, AGENT FOR T. M. REID, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

THE ECONOMY GROCERY STORE

NEW AND SANITARY GROCERY

Phone 637

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES

1320 HIDALGO ST.

We solicit your patronage and promise service, satisfaction and promptness

FRANK BARTHELOW

MANUFACTURER OF

Soda water and all kinds of Mineral waters

Agent: San Antonio Brewing Ass'n.

YOUR ORDERS SOLICITED

PHONE 48

PLANT: 220 CONVENT AVE.

GOLLIHAR ELECTRIC CO.

1215 LINCOLN ST.

Just Opened Business in Laredo.

Everything in electrical supplies, fans, motors, etc. House wiring a specialty.

IN THEIR NEW HOME MONDAY

Laredo National Bank Will Have Opening in Handsome New Home With Reception on Monday Night.

SCHOOLS RESUME NEXT MONTH.

Both City and County Teachers Will Be Busy Soon With School Duties and Respective Institutes.

According to announcement made by officials of the institution, the Laredo National Bank will remove from their present quarters which they have occupied for many years to their handsome new home on the opposite side of Flores Avenue Monday, and on Monday evening the doors of the bank will be thrown open to patrons, friends and prospective patrons of the bank and a reception will be held.

When the bank moves into its new home it will occupy a place that will compare favorably from every standpoint with any institution of the kind in the state. While the building is a two-story and there are many larger banking buildings in the state, there are none possessing more modern and costly interior fixtures than the Laredo National Bank, which on the inside has all marble and copper fixtures, together with fine upholstered furniture. Working departments and individual offices for officers are to be found on each side of the bank, and on the lower and upper floors are private rooms for customers.

SMALLEST OBJECT KNOWN.

To The Times:

Some time ago I read an article in a magazine which stated that the smallest object known, so far, was a pimple on the eyelid of a gnat, but Laredo has an object that has that skinned a city block for smallness. I did not get a chance to view the object, but am very anxious to do so. It walks around on two legs and is a species of the he male. I will tell you how it was discovered: Last night, as everyone knew, the city allowed the ladies to close Martin Plaza for the benefit of the Red Cross and ladies were stationed at each gate, charging the small sum of five cents to enter the plaza. My wife and another lady were at the southeast corner and were approached by the object I am writing of. He started to enter and the ladies told him it would cost him five cents. He objected to the large amount and then the ladies told him the plaza was closed for the benefit of the Red Cross and they were charging five cents to those that cared to enter. The object replied that he was stopping at the Ross Hotel and was on his way there, and that he was going to cross the plaza and would not pay five cents for the Red Cross. Smiting his action to the word, he brushed the ladies aside and deliberately entered the plaza. It happened early and no men were around, or he would not have tried to enter. I would like to say what I think of an object as small as this, but decency forbids and I know you would not print it anyway, so can only say I think he is an insignificant pusillanimous pup, and anybody knows what a pup is.

HORACE HAMLIN.

If you sit in a cool draft when you are heated and get a stiff neck or lame back, you will be looking for something that will ease the pain. Fix your mind on BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT and don't be talked out of it because it is the best pain relieving liniment you can get anywhere. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

What Would We Do Without Sugar?



GATHERING SUGAR CANE

We are so used to sugar that we are likely to forget that it is a very important food. Right now if somebody asked you what sugar was good for you'd probably say—"Oh! to put in coffee and tea and for making candies and desserts." That's it—we all think of sugar as a sweetener and overlook its value as a food.

The chemists classify sugar as a hydrocarbon—that name may or may not be interesting to us, but what is interesting is their statement that it has, as a hydrocarbon, equal food value with the starches and by digestion largely adds to the fatty tissues of the body.

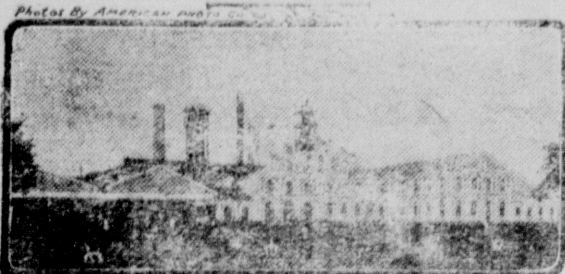
Why do we eat sugar anyway? Your first answer might be: "Because it is sweet and tastes good." Of itself the answer would be correct, but the more important fact is that the body craves sugar because it needs it. And when the body craves something it gives us an appetite for it. So primarily that's why we like sugar and things made with sugar and not just because they are sweet.

In view of the fact that sugar has gone up so tremendously of late these facts

HOW SUGAR CANE GROWS

are interesting because we find that instead of the luxury sugar having gone up it is the food sugar that has raised its price. Yet—even though the price is up we have to have our sweet food just the same.

Certainly the makers of that delicious beverage Coca-Cola must have discovered that sugar is up, because one of the principal ingredients in making Coca-Cola syrup is fine cane sugar. Think of it—they use an average of 80 tons of sugar a day—about 4 carloads. But unlike many manufacturers that company has itself borne the raise and so you and I pay just the same today for our bottles of Coca-Cola that we've always paid. Incidentally, this phase of the situation is a good reminder of the benefits one gets from drinking a beverage as pure and good as Coca-Cola. Not only do we please our palates and derive wholesome refreshment from the drink but we also give our system a sugar sweetness that they crave and which is necessary to health and tissues. Is it any wonder then that Coca-Cola is so popular and so universally drunk that it has been called "the drink the nation drinks"?



TYPICAL COUNTRY SUGAR FIELD

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor . . . Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Friday.

Red Cross Sewing Circle A met with Mrs. J. H. Davis at nine o'clock in the morning.

Mrs. Hugh Cluck and Miss Edna Brown will be hostesses to the Girls' Splash Club at half after nine o'clock in the morning.

The Women's Missionary Society will meet at the Methodist church at four o'clock in the afternoon.

Regular meeting of the Daughters of Rebekah at Odd Fellows Hall at eight o'clock in the evening.

Saturday.

The last of the classes in First Aid will be held at Elks Hall at nine o'clock in the morning, with Dr. H. M. Austin as instructor.

Mrs. Hal W. Greer will entertain the Nulloos Club at nine-thirty in the morning.

The Kicker.

He kicks about the weather and He kicks about the shows; He kicks about the service and The food where'er he goes. He kicks about the street cars and He kicks about the gas; He kicks about the baseball games When he goes on a pass. He kicks about the president, He kicks about the king; He kicks about the house of lords, And almost everything. He kicks about his neighbors and He kicks about his wife; He kicks when there is too much peace. He kicks when there is strife. When he gets to the promised land It's going to make him sick; It won't be heaven there for him Without a chance to kick.

—Brooklyn Daily Eagle.

General Mention.

Dr. Helene E. Kenney and children returned home on Wednesday, after several months' stay with relatives in the north.

Mrs. T. A. Austin is visiting relatives in Waco for a time.

Mrs. F. M. Ramsay and Miss Ellen Ramsay returned home yesterday from a pleasant visit to Kerrville.

Mrs. H. S. Keller, wife of Dr. Keller, stationed at Santo Tomas, arrived in Laredo this morning.

Dr. H. Stow Garlick went to San Antonio yesterday to meet Mrs. Garlick, who will arrive in San Antonio this evening from Cincinnati, where she has been summering with relatives.

Mrs. W. W. MacGregor left for San Antonio this morning in response to a telegram received last night announcing the death of her brother-in-law, Captain C. E. H. Glazebrook. Capt. and Mrs. Glazebrook have a host of friends in Laredo, having resided here for a number of years.

Mr. D. Kerr and family have returned from a short stay in Pearsall.

Miss Lillian Westbrook will leave tomorrow morning, instead of today, as announced in yesterday's column.

Mrs. Ernest Aldridge and children left on Thursday for San Antonio, and will be the guests of Mrs. J. K. Beretta for a few days.

Mrs. Hawley, wife of Captain Hawley of the Ninth Infantry, will arrive today from Pennsylvania.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Shelby arrived this morning and will be the guests of their mother, Mrs. H. D. Shelby.

Prayer Service.

The ladies of the Methodist Church met at the home of Mrs. John Applewhite yesterday afternoon at four o'clock, and held a very interesting prayer service. Those present were Mesdames Stowers, Lockwood, J. K. Thompson, Threadgill, and Miss Smith.

Missionary Meeting.

The Ladies Aid of the Baptist Church met at the church yesterday

AUSTRIAN TROOPS IN THE TYROL ALPS



This remarkable photograph just received, shows the Austrian troops on the peaks of the great range of mountains where the Italians and Austrian troops are engaged. It is reported that in many places the ice and snow are beginning to melt and great holes are encountered everywhere. Blocks of snow and ice are sliding down the mountains, impeding the progress of the Alpine fighters of both countries.

PERSONALS

B. W. Teagarden, Esq., of San Antonio, is in the city on legal business.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Thompson leave tomorrow morning for Corpus Christi, where they will spend several days at the seashore and "Uncle Johnny" will pensively listen and hear what the wild waves are saying.

Entertainments.

Colonel and Mrs. R. A. Brown entertained most delightfully at dinner last week, honoring Mrs. Seth Barton French of New York. The center piece of bright black-eyed Susans was most effective. Six courses were served and covers were laid for Mrs. Seth Barton French, Mrs. Ola Bell, General Mann, Colonel Allen, Colonel Heiner, Captain Margottee and Colonel and Mrs. Brown.

Mesdames Seth Barton French and Mabel Hanna Davis were honor guests at a pleasantly informal dinner on Tuesday evening with Colonel and Mrs. Brown as host and hostess. The table was charming in its arrangement of sunflowers. Covers were laid for Mrs. French, Mrs. Davis, Major Grant, Captain Dailey and Col. and Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. John Tucker Halsell was at home very informally yesterday afternoon from half after four until half after five o'clock in honor of Mrs. Seth Barton French. The rooms were attractive with potted ferns and golden hued zinnias. Mrs. Halsell was assisted in receiving by Mesdames J. A. MacDonald, R. A. Brown, G. C. Woodman, W. W. MacGregor. The dining room was fragrant with tuberose and jasmine and the table laid with a filmy lace runner held a crystal bowl of these blossoms. The color scheme of green and white was carried out in the ices, cakes and bonbons. Mesdames J. J. Haynes and V. S. Oberfeldt received the guests here and were assisted by Misses Ethyl and Myrtle Mackin, Theodora Gullette, Edna Brown and Courtney Slaughter. Punch was served on the spacious gallery, which was charming with its many window boxes of fern, and its easy chairs made it a pleasant resting place for the guests. Misses Belle Westbrook, Louise Muller, Elizabeth Mussett and Lillian Westbrook served. A Mexican orchestra played during the afternoon. Among those calling were: Mesdames Albert Martin, Royle K. Biskamp, T. A. Leyendecker, Frank Nye, J. C. Martin, George C. Woodman, Reid Louis Puster, Michael William Brennan, Arthur Barrett Donnelly, E. H. Burgher, Edgar Alexander Simerly, Arthur Claude Hamilton Jose Vidales, Robert McComb, John J. Ryan, Joseph Choate King, James Roberts Moore, Edward Callahan Dodd, M. H. Pennel, F. T. Higgins, Edmund Jarvis Foster, Joe P. Leyendecker, John Manly Daniel, J. B. Morton, August C. Richter, John Spencer Westbrook, M. P. Cullinan, Joe B. Moser, Ed. Rex Tarver, Annie Matson, Hugh Snider Cluck; Misses Ruth Moore, Penn, Clarisse Ryan.

Notice.

STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Webb,
I, S. N. JOHNSON, a Manufacturer and Dealer in Carbonated Goods, Mineral Waters, Soda Water, Ginger Ale, and other carbonated beverages, having my principal place of business and office in said County and State, do hereby file under the provisions of Art. 703, Revised Statutes of Texas, with the County Clerk of Webb County, the following description of the names, marks, and devices stamped, engraved, etched, blown in, or impressed upon my seven (7) and eight (8) ounce bottles, and which I use as a brand mark or trade mark to designate my ownership of the bottles as well as the contents thereof. On each bottle appears on side of same "S. N. JOHNSON BOTTLING WORKS Laredo, Tex.", also on side of bottle "This Bottle is Never Sold" on bottom of bottle the letter "J."

Signed this 29th day of July, A. D. 1916.

(Signed) S. N. JOHNSON,
County Clerk, Webb Co., Texas.
By C. R. MOLINA, Deputy.

STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Webb,
I, J. A. RODRIGUEZ, County Clerk, Webb County, Texas, do hereby certify that the foregoing description of S. N. JOHNSON of big trade mark and brand upon bottles was filed and recorded in the County Clerk's office of Webb County on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1916.

(Seal) J. A. RODRIGUEZ,
County Clerk, Webb Co., Texas.
By C. R. MOLINA, Deputy.

Appreciation.

The lecture was most emphatic upon the point. "It is to the pioneers of big movements—the men who are always in the forefront—that the honor of this fair country of ours belongs," he had said.

At the close of that lecture an old woman approached him and shook hands, thanking him for speaking so kindly of her son.

"I think you have made a mistake. I don't know your son, and I cannot have mentioned his name tonight," said the lecturer.

"Yes, you did. My son is one of those pioneers of big movements."

"Oh, I see. And what is your son, madam?"

"What is he?" the proud mother asked, in a surprised tone. "Man, he walks in front of the new steam roller with a red flag."—Exchange.

Getting Might Scarce.

Blank white newspaper is getting to be extra scarce and the price has more than doubled during the past four months. Yet we have not raised our subscription price. The paper is costing us more money now than the price each subscriber pays us and the end is not yet in sight. The real question is, how long can we get the blank white paper at any cost.—McKinney Courier-Gazette.

PERSONALS

B. W. Teagarden, Esq., of San Antonio, is in the city on legal business.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Thompson leave tomorrow morning for Corpus Christi, where they will spend several days at the seashore and "Uncle Johnny" will pensively listen and hear what the wild waves are saying.

Entertainments.

Colonel and Mrs. R. A. Brown entertained most delightfully at dinner last week, honoring Mrs. Seth Barton French of New York. The center piece of bright black-eyed Susans was most effective. Six courses were served and covers were laid for Mrs. Seth Barton French, Mrs. Ola Bell, General Mann, Colonel Allen, Colonel Heiner, Captain Margottee and Colonel and Mrs. Brown.

Mesdames Seth Barton French and Mabel Hanna Davis were honor guests at a pleasantly informal dinner on Tuesday evening with Colonel and Mrs. Brown as host and hostess. The table was charming in its arrangement of sunflowers. Covers were laid for Mrs. French, Mrs. Davis, Major Grant, Captain Dailey and Col. and Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. John Tucker Halsell was at home very informally yesterday afternoon from half after four until half after five o'clock in honor of Mrs. Seth Barton French. The rooms were attractive with potted ferns and golden hued zinnias. Mrs. Halsell was assisted in receiving by Mesdames J. A. MacDonald, R. A. Brown, G. C. Woodman, W. W. MacGregor. The dining room was fragrant with tuberose and jasmine and the table laid with a filmy lace runner held a crystal bowl of these blossoms. The color scheme of green and white was carried out in the ices, cakes and bonbons. Mesdames J. J. Haynes and V. S. Oberfeldt received the guests here and were assisted by Misses Ethyl and Myrtle Mackin, Theodora Gullette, Edna Brown and Courtney Slaughter. Punch was served on the spacious gallery, which was charming with its many window boxes of fern, and its easy chairs made it a pleasant resting place for the guests. Misses Belle Westbrook, Louise Muller, Elizabeth Mussett and Lillian Westbrook served. A Mexican orchestra played during the afternoon. Among those calling were: Mesdames Albert Martin, Royle K. Biskamp, T. A. Leyendecker, Frank Nye, J. C. Martin, George C. Woodman, Reid Louis Puster, Michael William Brennan, Arthur Barrett Donnelly, E. H. Burgher, Edgar Alexander Simerly, Arthur Claude Hamilton Jose Vidales, Robert McComb, John J. Ryan, Joseph Choate King, James Roberts Moore, Edward Callahan Dodd, M. H. Pennel, F. T. Higgins, Edmund Jarvis Foster, Joe P. Leyendecker, John Manly Daniel, J. B. Morton, August C. Richter, John Spencer Westbrook, M. P. Cullinan, Joe B. Moser, Ed. Rex Tarver, Annie Matson, Hugh Snider Cluck; Misses Ruth Moore, Penn, Clarisse Ryan.

Notice.

STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Webb,
I, S. N. JOHNSON, a Manufacturer and Dealer in Carbonated Goods, Mineral Waters, Soda Water, Ginger Ale, and other carbonated beverages, having my principal place of business and office in said County and State, do hereby file under the provisions of Art. 703, Revised Statutes of Texas, with the County Clerk of Webb County, the following description of the names, marks, and devices stamped, engraved, etched, blown in, or impressed upon my seven (7) and eight (8) ounce bottles, and which I use as a brand mark or trade mark to designate my ownership of the bottles as well as the contents thereof. On each bottle appears on side of same "S. N. JOHNSON BOTTLING WORKS Laredo, Tex.", also on side of bottle "This Bottle is Never Sold" on bottom of bottle the letter "J."

Signed this 29th day of July, A. D. 1916.

(Signed) S. N. JOHNSON,
County Clerk, Webb Co., Texas.
By C. R. MOLINA, Deputy.

STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Webb,
I, J. A. RODRIGUEZ, County Clerk, Webb County, Texas, do hereby certify that the foregoing description of S. N. JOHNSON of big trade mark and brand upon bottles was filed and recorded in the County Clerk's office of Webb County on the 29th day of July, A. D. 1916.

(Seal) J. A. RODRIGUEZ,
County Clerk, Webb Co., Texas.
By C. R. MOLINA, Deputy.

Appreciation.

The lecture was most emphatic upon the point. "It is to the pioneers of big movements—the men who are always in the forefront—that the honor of this fair country of ours belongs," he had said.

At the close of that lecture an old woman approached him and shook hands, thanking him for speaking so kindly of her son.

"I think you have made a mistake. I don't know your son, and I cannot have mentioned his name tonight," said the lecturer.

"Yes, you did. My son is one of those pioneers of big movements."

"Oh, I see. And what is your son, madam?"

"What is he?" the proud mother asked, in a surprised tone. "Man, he walks in front of the new steam roller with a red flag."—Exchange.

Getting Might Scarce.

Blank white newspaper is getting to be extra scarce and the price has more than doubled during the past four months. Yet we have not raised our subscription price. The paper is costing us more money now than the price each subscriber pays us and the end is not yet in sight. The real question is, how long can we get the blank white paper at any cost.—McKinney Courier-Gazette.

Subscribe for THE TIMES—50 cts. per month.

Classified Advertisements

1 cent per word for Rent, Found, For Sale, Lost or Exchange.

Found:—Bunch of keys attached to keyring of design of musical lyre. Can recover same at this office by paying for this adv. 6-17-16.

For Rent:—Nice office room at 1217 Farragut street in Elks Club Building. G. R. Weber, Secretary. 6-30-16.

For Sale:—Block 553 Eastern division. Healthiest and most beautiful spot for residence. Has well of best water in Laredo. Apply 1115 Farragut street or phone 681. 7-27-16.

For Rent:—Fifty acres of onion land with water; in South Laredo. International Trading Co., 1115 Farragut Street. 7-31-16.

For Sale:—Two hundred feet of ten inch fir wood pipe; 100 foot head. International Trading Co., 1115 Farragut Street. 7-31-16.

Wanted:—To buy a gentle saddle horse. International Trading Co., 1115 Farragut Street. 7-31-16.

For Sale:—2,727 acres of land out of Porcion No. 54, with four thousand varas river front; some fourteen miles below Laredo; good truck and onion land, part can be irrigated. There are some fifty acres cleared land. Will sell for cash and time. For further information write or call on me. D. Sanchez, Ind. Ex. of Estate P. Benavides, deceased. 8-10-16.

For Rent:—Nicely furnished room with modern conveniences, centrally located. Apply "J" Times office. 8-10-16.

For Sale:—Fine Jersey cows. Apply to J. Armengol. 8-10-16.

For Rent:—Fine office rooms and furnished rooms. Apply to L. Villegas. 8-11-16.

For Sale:—Four room house; has hall and bath room. Nice location. Apply to Grant Adams. 8-12-16.

For Rent:—Cottage centrally located. Apply to L. Villegas. 8-12-16.

For Sale Cheap:—Baled cane, delivered in ten bale lots and up. Ring 489 or 729-2. 8-12-16.

Wanted to Rent:—Eight room modern house or apartment; must be in good neighborhood. L. R. Hield, Bender Hotel. 8-14-16.

Wanted:—Baby high chair, also bed; cheap. Answer "I" care Times. 8-14-16.

For Sale or Rent:—Twenty acres fine onion land in city limits, with small house. Address W care Times office. 8-14-16.

For Sale Cheap:—One quick lunch car. Can be seen on Market plaza. Inquire shooting gallery. 8-15-16.

Wanted:—Ten Experienced Onion Farmers, each to rent or buy ten acres of fine onion land in Dimmit county, all ready for plow, water from artesian well. Rent of land \$20 per acre, or will sell at \$125 per acre on easy terms. Address, Owners, 219 St. Mary's Street, San Antonio, Texas. 8-16-16.

For Rent:—Three room house on Heights. Telephone 698, John Kellert. 8-17-16.

Fir Rent:—150 acres onion land with water; six miles north of Laredo. Address: "M" care Times. 8-18-16.

Wanted:—Six or seven room house. Must be close in with all modern conveniences. Telephone 111. 8-18-16.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Physicians, Surgeons and Specialists
Members Webb Co. Medical Society

DR. J. T. HALSELL,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office: Richter Building.
Hours: 11 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Phones: Office, 104; Res. 190.

DRS. O. J. and A. T. COOK,
Office: Valls Building.
Hours: 11 to 12 a. m. and 3 to 4 p. m.
Phones: Office, 666; Residence, 655.

DR. H. M. AUSTIN,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Office: Room 5, Richter Building.
Phones:—Residence 467; Office 684.

DR. H. C. HALL,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office hours:—10 to 12 a. m. and 4 to 5 p. m.
Office:—Room 5, Richter Building.
Phones:—Residence 467. Office 684.

SPECIALISTS.

DR. H. STOW GARLICK,
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office: Richter Building.
Hours: 10 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m.
Sundays, 10 a. m. and by appointment.
Phone: Office, 699.
Res. Milmo Nat. Bank Bldg. Phone 212.

DR. J. T. WARD,
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office: 1315 Victoria St.
Hours: 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m.

OSTEOPATHS.

DRS. C. F. and H. E. KENNEY,
Osteopaths.
Office: 1603 Matamoros St. opposite St. Peter's church. Telephone 197.

LAWYERS.

HICKS, HICKS, TEAGARDEN & DICKSON,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices:—San Antonio and Laredo.

GEORGE & TOWNES,
Attorneys-at-Law.
Office: Second Floor Valls Bldg.

J. L. DANNELLEY,
Attorney-at-Law.
Office:—Valls Building.

DENTISTS.

DRS. HIATT & McCULLOUGH,
Dentists.
Office: Wilcox Block.
Telephone, 299.

J. K. THOMPSON
Dentist.
Office: Richter Building N. W. Corner Market Plaza.
Phone, 645.

DR. W. I. WILSON,
Dentist.
Office: Valls Building.
Res. Phone 887. Office 745.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

E. J. FOSTER,
Engineer.
Office: Sames, Moore Bldg.

UNDERTAKERS.

JOHN CONVERY,
Funeral Director.
Phone, 65.

ARCHITECTS.

M. S. RYAN,
Architect.
Over Western Union Telegraph Office

DAVID J. CHAILLE,
Architect.
1411 Houston Street.

ALFRED GILES CO.,
Architects.
Monterey, Mexico.
San Antonio, Texas.

WEATHER FORECAST.

The following forecast from the United States weather bureau at New Orleans is furnished The Times by the Telephone Co. each day:
Tonight and Saturday unsettled rain.

Local Weather Report.
The following are the observations taken at Fort McIntosh for the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m. today:
Max. temp. 99 degs.
Min. temp. 78 degs.
General direction of wind: South. Cloudy.

Subscribe for THE TIMES—50 cts. per month.

ROYAL WELSH FUSILIERS ON WESTERN FRONT



An official photograph showing the bivouac of the Royal Welsh Fusiliers on the western front.

LAREDO'S GOOD FORTUNE.

Laredo has once more been exempt from disaster during a heavy storm which has no doubt done great damage to neighboring towns and cities, although it has been impossible so far to get in touch with outlying communities and learn what damage has been done.

Here in Laredo a number of trees were uprooted or broken off, roofs were damaged and other minor damages were inflicted. But with the exception of cutting off our communication with other towns, this is the extent of the damage here.

So far as could be learned, there was no personal injury and no one is dead as the result of the storm here. The tents of the various guardsmen camps were blown down, causing much discomfort and a great deal of hard work, but no bodily injuries are reported from the camp.

This is not the first time that Laredo has escaped serious damage by storms that caused great loss and personal injuries at other neighboring places. In October of 1913 a disastrous storm visited this section, and our electric light plant and other public utilities were out of commission for a day or two, while our communication with the outside world was cut off. But no other damage was done in Laredo.

We are peculiarly blessed in our exemption from storms, floods and other convulsions of nature. There has never been a great disaster in the Laredo section, with the exception of the cyclone that blew down so many buildings and caused several deaths in 1905.

We are out of the usual track of storms; we are so situated as not to be endangered by floods; we have been safeguarded and protected as have few cities in the country, and we have many things to be thankful for, especially when we read of the sorrows and the disasters of others.

Those who have suffered and lost their possessions in other sections merit our sympathy and our aid. We can afford to help them because we have not suffered as they have. There will no doubt be many calls for aid as soon as the stricken towns can restore communication with other places, and it is safe to say that Laredo will respond liberally.

Thanks to the Providence that protected us, we are not called upon to help our own people, and our Red Cross and other organizations will be able to devote their aid to neighboring towns which are afflicted.

This is one of the occasions that justifies the existence of the American Red Cross. Those who have lost their possessions, who have suffered personal bereavement, who are in need of food and clothing, will be forever grateful to the people who aid them in their extremity, and among those who will do the most effective work because of their organization are the members of the Red Cross.

Our only trouble at present is lack of communication because of fallen wires and consequent failure of trains to operate, but as soon as the wires are again in operation we shall learn the extent of the damage.

The first people to secure communication will be the press associations and their correspondents, as the prompt forwarding of news is one of the most important measures. Without any knowledge of conditions, people will be unable to discover the worst and most pressing needs.

The telegraph, telephone and railway companies are, as usual, among the worst sufferers in property damage. The most strenuous efforts are being made to re-establish communications, in order that the world may know the extent of the damage and begin relief operations.

As soon as any news can be obtained The Times will be among the first to give it out. There are many who have relatives in the storm zone, who are worried because they are unable to learn of the plight of their loved ones, and their suspense is greater than that of those who merely want to know the results of the storm.

It is hoped that by the time this appears in print the world will be informed as to the damage done by the storm, which many fear is worse than at first suspected.

THE PEOPLE PAY.

The milk dealers of Greater New York demand a cent more per quart than the people have been paying, on the ground that there is no money in the business at present prices and that the one cent additional would constitute their profit for handling the product.

As a result a senatorial committee has been investigating the milk business in the dairy counties, to see whether it is possible that the farmers who have dairy herds have been getting their share of the money, or whether, as has been alleged by some of those in the business, there has been a constant loss on the part of the dairymen for the past forty years.

As the Brooklyn Eagle sapiently remarks, "the milk producers are all enlarging their barns and they own automobiles and have ample leisure to use them." When, then do they make the money which they are spending, if not from the milk which the people of New York, principally the babies, use daily?

The proposed additional cent per quart, it is estimated, would amount to \$8,000,000 a year. This would be an average of about \$2 additional per capita to come out of the pockets of the people, in order to make that much richer the people who produce or handle the milk.

If it were possible to carry on a losing business for forty years, there might be some justice in the claim of the dairy men that they should be permitted to raise their price. But the milk business in New York City is one of the enormous concerns of that busy metropolis. The retail dealers alone use thousands of milk cans, they have millions invested in the business, and they must be conducted

ing a successful business or they would quit it.

The wholesalers have other millions invested in milk depots, in motor and horse trucks, and in other facilities. If they were not making a profit they could easily put their investments into other lines.

The milk producers have thousands of acres of land devoted to dairy purposes; they have herds varying from a few head to several hundreds. If, as the Eagle says, they are able to enlarge their barns, buy automobiles and take time to use them, they must be making money.

Whenever it is desirable to raise the retail price of any commodity, it is easy to find an excuse for so doing. From the producer down to the smallest retailer the cry comes: "We are running at a loss." Yet the average of the people engaged in the milk business in New York are not of the class one usually thinks of as altruists.

In some sections the people are paying more for an article which costs the same to produce everywhere, while in other places the retail price is much lower. Part of this difficulty comes from lack of markets, of transportation facilities and of other factors in increasing cost of handling.

Yet a man using an automobile in New York pays more for his gasoline in that city than he would in Dallas or New Orleans or Laredo. What is the answer? Simply that the rule of so many dealers is to charge all the traffic will bear.

Sugar comes from Cuba, is refined and sent by rail all over the United States, and one would naturally expect to pay more for it at a distance from the refineries than right where it is produced. Yet, according to the New York papers, the dealers there are charging as much for sugar as they are in Laredo, particularly to the one who buys a pound or two at a time.

Milk in Laredo costs as much to produce—more in some years like the present, with its long dry spell—as it does in New York state. Yet we pay no more for good, pure milk here than the average tenement dweller in New York, and we certainly get a better article the year round.

At the same time, one does not hear of any dairy farmer here complaining that he cannot make a cent of profit from his cows, and that unless he gets a cent or two more a quart he will have to go out of business.

The matter should be thoroughly investigated, with the idea in view of finding out who does get the money paid for the children's milk. And it probably will be found that the only user is the one who pays the final price, the usual goat—the consumer.

The president vetoed the army appropriation bill because of an objectionable amendment to the articles of war, whereupon Chairman Hay eliminated all the revision of the articles. Why not make a separate bill and let the appropriation go through?

The Deutschland is reported to have arrived safely at Bremen from Baltimore. Inasmuch as the Bremen has never been heard from, it would be well for Captain Koenig to rest on his laurels and wait for the end of the war to make his next voyage.

The Portuguese announce that they are soon to enter the war on the side of the Entente allies. This will be the first time they have fought beside the English since they fought against the French in the Napoleonic wars. Old friendships are hard to break.

Look Good—Feel Good.

Not one can either feel good nor look good while suffering from constipation. Get rid of that tired, draggy, lifeless feeling by a treatment of Dr. King's New Life Pills. Buy a box to-day, take one or two pills to-night. In the morning that stuffed, dull feeling is gone and you feel better at once. 25c. at your druggist.

THEY RETURNED VIA LAREDO.

Mr. and Mrs. Coleman and Some of Their Guests Pass Thro Here on Way Home From Outing at Coast.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Coleman have been visiting at Corpus Christi and Flour Bluff during the past two weeks, and last week they had as their guests on a fishing expedition at Flour Bluff twenty-one associates and employees of Mr. Coleman. A big dinner was the culminating feature of the week's pleasure jaunt.

Yesterday afternoon the host and hostess and eleven of their guests arrived in Laredo from Corpus Christi. In the party arriving here were: Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Coleman, S. A. James, J. C. Proctor, S. J. Jordan, W. N. Young, O. Pratt, C. C. Thomas, Jim Carr, Erskin and Frank Rhodes, Eugene Robbins, Perry Born, H. E. Johnson. Most of these people live at places between Laredo and San Antonio up the line of the I. & G. N. road.

PILES CURED AT HOME BY NEW ABSORPTION METHOD.

If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding Piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the new absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality. If requested, immediate relief and permanent cure assured. Send no money, but tell others of this. Write today to Mrs. M. Summers, Box P, Wrote Dunn, Ind.

Subscribe for THE TIMES—\$6 cts. per month.

STREET IMPROVEMENT PROJECT IS ENCOURAGED BY MAYOR

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE PETITION FAVORABLY RECEIVED.

Big Oiling Project Under Way; Heavy Street Roller Needed by the City; Surfacing Project.

The Laredo Chamber of Commerce favors a movement for the improvement of the streets of Laredo in the grading and surfacing of the streets and the treatment of the surface so as to eliminate the ruts in the streets and also the dust.

Mr. E. L. Dennis of the Texas Trap Rock Company of San Antonio spent a few days in the city last week and during his visit he was accompanied by the secretary J. W. Kenney, in calling upon the Mayor of the city and several of the business men of Laredo in this connection. Mayor McComb expressed himself as being heartily in accord with the idea of street improvement, the chief ambition and policy of the mayor being to improve the city in every way possible.

The plan of Mr. Dennis is to surface the streets with trap rock, cracked by machinery to small sizes. The trap rock is the hardest of all surfaces and it is applied upon a gravel base which has been properly graded and packed. A layer of from one to three inches thick is applied, then fine rock screening and sand is applied with an application of bitumen, which makes the surface absolutely smooth and firm. The original cost not exceeding one fourth the cost of paving. Slight additional treatments are applied after 15 and 20 months at a very low cost.

It was suggested that a test be made on three blocks of some much travelled thoroughfare, for example, Matamoros street from Jarvis Plaza west. Most of the property owners indicated their readiness and willingness to pay their share, the paving company would pay a part and when Mayor McComb and Street Commissioner Eugene Christen were interviewed upon the project they showed an attitude of interest and co-operation and a willingness to give any reasonable project a fair test, evincing an enthusiasm upon the question of street improvement and a willingness to co-operate with the Chamber of Commerce in any movement along that line, as a preliminary test.

They stated that the city is in need of a 14-ton street roller and a scurfer, the city now having only a very light roller. The Mayor and Mr. Christen have made a careful investigation and study of street paving and street construction and if given the necessary machinery they can put the streets of Laredo in as good shape as the streets in any city in Texas. The street roller will cost about \$3,500 and a heavy roller is essential in order to crush the streets, so that they will stand the heavy traffic.

The city administration is now attending to the work of preparing certain streets and avenues to be oiled for the benefit of the troops that are quartered here and for this purpose the Laredo Chamber of Commerce has purchased, from a special fund raised for the purpose under the leadership of Sam W. Brown, vice-president, thirty thousand gallons of oil. Mr. Brown also had the Texas company ship a heavy oil sprinkler to Laredo and Mayor McComb has had one of the city wagons adjusted for the purpose.

The city is making progress along this line and the Mayor is willing, and anxious to give the people these improvements as fast as they are willing to receive them. There is a strong sentiment in favor of such improvements and every indication that the movement will go forward. Mr. E. A. Lattig, chairman of the committee on highways, is greatly interested in this movement.

Mayor McComb states that the city is not now in a position to buy a steam roller, but that with a steam roller the city can put the streets in proper condition at from 50% to 75% less than any corporation. The mayor further states that crushed rock will not be needed here for street construction, as we have excellent material for street building.

Will Be Open Monday.

A cordial invitation is extended the public to call and inspect our new Bank Building on Monday evening, August 21st, 1916, from 8:30 to 11:00 o'clock.

LAREDO NATIONAL BANK.

819-2t.

FOR LAREDO'S GOOD.

To The Times:

Permit me to use a little space in your valuable paper, perhaps for the benefit of our community. As the number of beggars on the streets of Laredo has so increased as to be classed as a public nuisance, I propose this to be abated at once and I offer the following suggestion: Every merchant as well as other person who wishes to contribute weekly, say 25c to \$1; this money to be collected by some charitable organization (such as the Associated Charities), who in their turn will name a person or committee to convert this money into provisions, buying every week from a different merchant; the said provisions to be distributed among the beggars who, in the opinion of the said committee, are in need of them; the place from which the provisions are to be distributed to be designated. A city ordinance should be passed at once prohibiting the beggars from soliciting on the streets or in the business houses of Laredo. Another ordinance should be passed prohibiting the use of certain streets to any vehicle drawn by burro or burros, which is also a public nuisance.

A CITIZEN.

SOCIETY

Mrs. Violet S. Oberfeldt
Editor Phone 70

SOCIAL CALENDAR.

Saturday.
Red Cross Class in First Aid met at Elk's Hall at nine o'clock in the morning, with Dr. H. M. Austin as instructor.
The Nullos Club will meet with Mrs. H. W. Greer at half after nine o'clock in the morning.

Sunday.
The Junior League will hold its regular weekly meeting at the Methodist church at half after four o'clock in the afternoon.
The B. Y. P. U. Senior and will hold regular weekly meeting at the Baptist Church, at half after seven o'clock in the evening.
The Christian Endeavor Society will hold its regular weekly meeting at the Christian Church at half after seven o'clock in the evening.
The Epworth League will hold its regular weekly meeting at the Methodist Church at seven o'clock in the evening.

Monday.
Red Cross Sewing Circle B. will meet at the home of Mrs. G. C. Woodman at ten o'clock in the morning.

This May Interest You.
The Times desires all social items of interest and cordially invites its readers to supply such news to the society editor. Send or phone all items about weddings, parties, visitors, dinners, receptions, bazaars, children's parties, etc. If you are leaving town or returning, or have visitors arriving or departing, The Times will be glad to know it. While names will not be used all written communications must be signed. This is imperative to prevent imposition. Address all society communications to the Society Editor of The Times or phone No. 70 between 7 a. m. and 9 a. m. and 2 to 7 p. m.

General Mention.
Mr. Eusebio Garcia and family returned home yesterday from Corpus Christi where they spent the summer.
Mrs. Wm. Eitt returned yesterday from a short visit to San Antonio.
Mrs. Cocke, wife of Lieutenant Cocke of the First Missouri, arrived yesterday from St. Louis, Mo.
Mrs. George Derby and family returned home yesterday from Ingleside, where they have been spending the summer.
Mrs. Seth Barton French left for San Antonio last night, after a stay in Laredo, and will spend several days at Fort Sam Houston.

Club Notes.
The Women's Missionary Society held its regular weekly meeting at the Methodist Church yesterday afternoon at four o'clock. Owing to the rainy weather there was a small attendance, and only a prayer service was held. Those present were Mesdames W. H. Mims, A. G. Thompson, Evans, Lockwood and Miss Smith.

Entertainments.
The Girls Splash Club was most delightfully entertained yesterday morning by Mrs. Hugh Clark and Miss Edna Brown. The members motored out to Bahia Vista at nine o'clock and after an enjoyable swim in the pool, the hostesses served delicious sandwiches and tea. Those present were: Mesdames Gullette, Westbrook, Mackin, Sirmeyer, J. B. DaCamara, Joe Moser; Misses Belle Westbrook, Jessie Hale, Theodora Gullette, Lillian Westbrook, Myrtle Mackin, Ethel Mackin, Bayless Gullette and the hostesses.

Nullos Club.
The Nullos Club was delightfully entertained this morning at half after nine o'clock by Mrs. Hal W. Greer at her hospitable home on Salinas avenue. A series of auction bridge games proved an interesting pastime. The high score prize, a hand-embroidered guest towel, was won by Miss Amar Penn, and the low score, a roseleaf necklace, was awarded Mrs. Justo S. Penn. A tempting course of refreshments was served midway between the games. Those present were: Mesdames M. T. Cogley, A. C. Hamilton, J. S. Penn, A. D. Huberich, G. C. Woodman, L. J. Christen, the hostess and Miss Penn and Mrs. Frank T. Higgins of Sulphur, La.

Welding.
Invitations have been received for the marriage of Miss Ana Gonzalez and Mr. Santos Mendez, at St. Agustin cathedral the 24th instant at nine o'clock in the morning. A reception at the home of the bride's

parents, 1626 Iturbide street, will follow the ceremony.

Red Cross Notes.
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For Neat and Accurate Job Work

ring up 48.

PERSONALS

O. Pratt of Encinal is in the city. Judge C. C. Thomas of Cotulla is in the city.

Wm. Sulzbacher of San Antonio is a guest at the Bender.
Percy Tyrell, the genial manager of the Gunter Hotel of San Antonio is a guest at the Bender.
Gus Matthews has returned to Laredo to make his home and is visiting at the home of his brother, Alfred Matthews. Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Matthews will arrive as soon as Mr. Matthews recovers from a sick spell and is able to travel.

BENDER.—J. D. Boyle, San Antonio; William J. Mullard, Houston; S. P. Clark, E. L. Keleleque, Fort Worth; G. W. Leflor, Dallas; Wm. Sulzbacher, Henry Hagelston, San Antonio; C. P. Robestown, Kansas City, Mo.; Guillermo Pool, Monterey; P. H. Heenev, Port Arthur; C. J. Jennings, A. V. Mr. Allison and wife Mr. Keve and wife, San Antonio; Percy Tyrell, Gunter Hotel; J. D. Cooper, Missouri.

PACIFIC MAIL RESUMES.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 19.—The sailing of the steamship Ecuador today marks the resumption of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's service between San Francisco and the Orient, which was abandoned a year ago when the company sold its fleet at a big profit. The company has bought three ships from the Royal Dutch West India Mail Company with which to resume the service. If this initial experiment to revive the Pacific business is successful an entirely new fleet will be put in service, and the three vessels already acquired will be released for the Central American trade.

When the Pacific Mail Steamship Company gave up the Pacific service a year ago it created something of a sensation, because one of the reasons alleged for its action was that it would be impossible to operate under the American flag if the La Follette Seaman's act was enforced. An official of the company now says that the rise in freight rates has offset the extra expense entailed by the operation of the act.

NOTED CATHOLICS IN GREAT MEETING.

New York, Aug. 19.—Twenty thousand delegates, including in their number noted prelates, scholars, editors and laymen in the forefront of Catholic activities throughout the United States, assembled here today in the Madison Square Garden for the opening of the series of conventions that is to mark the celebration of "Catholic Week." These conventions, the sessions of which will continue through the whole of next week, will include meetings of the American Federation of Catholic Societies, the German Federation of Catholic Societies, the Catholic Young Men's National Union and several smaller bodies. The combined gathering will be the largest and most notable of its kind ever held in America.

The opening ceremony tomorrow morning at St. Patrick's Cathedral where Cardinal Farley will sing the pontifical mass and Cardinal Gibbons will preach the federation sermon, will be attended by the largest number ever assembled in that cathedral. Governor Whitman, laymen of prominence, and representatives of every country in the world will be there.

In Madison Square Garden tomorrow night a mass meeting will be held, at which all of the dignitaries will be present and addresses will be made. A musical program quite out of the ordinary has been prepared. The Metropolitan Opera House orchestra will play and the famous Ruthenian and German choral societies will sing.

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Worked Hard to Restore Service.
Crews from both San Antonio and Laredo and also from intermediate points were sent out early this morning by the Southwestern Telegraph & Telephone Co. and the Western Union Telegraph Co. to repair damage done to the lines of these companies with the hope that communication could be restored by noon today, but notwithstanding the various crews working on the lines found numerous poles down and other damage resulting from the wind at various points along the line. The telegraph and telephone communication were out at noon today. No doubt this condition has caused many people at a distance to believe that Laredo has been isolated from the world by a storm that has done a great work of devastation, when in reality no serious damage resulted from the storm here.

Heavy Wind at Cotulla.
The International & Great Northern train which left San Antonio last night and was due to reach here at 7:15 o'clock this morning, was belated about four hours and reached here shortly after 11 o'clock this forenoon. Passengers arriving on the train state that last night the wind had attained such a high velocity at Cotulla that it was necessary to stop and "block" the locomotive and whole train to keep it from being blown over. Much minor damage was done at Cotulla and other places between there and Laredo and the fury of the storm did not exhaust itself until the early hours of morning—the wind did

STORM SWEEP CORPUS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

sleep and keep watch on the storm wind the capricious work of the wind and rain and some of them were compelled to place rugs or other material under their doors to prevent the driven rain from flooding rooms. Perhaps the greatest alarm was felt for the safety of the militiamen of Missouri, Maine and New Hampshire, who were camped in the Northern portion of the city, the soldier boys who were encamped in the new camp on the Heights and the boys of the Ninth Infantry and Coast Artillery regiments and other units in the Ninth Infantry Camp, where either tents or collapsible houses are being used for shelter purposes by the soldiery encamped at the latter place.

Many Tents Blown Down.
The damage to the soldiers' tents was not anything, for while they were leveled to the ground in most instances, and very few were left standing this morning, there was no body killed or injured. Some damage was done to personal belongings of militiamen by the water, and throughout the night each of the occupants of tents were ordered to save the tents if possible and to do this they were compelled to sit therein in water and hold the guy lines and support poles, but even this had no effect in keeping the tents up, for the heavy wind lowered them to the ground. The tents were raised again early this morning.

Damage About City.
In various parts of the city this morning the effects of the storm were apparent and many trees were blown away, some outhouses were down, in one place a barn had been blown over on a horse and killed the animal, chicken coops were blown to smithereens and much other minor damage was noticed. Damage of this kind too numerous to enumerate was done all over the city, but withal, not a life was lost that has been learned of.

Laredo Was in Darkness.

About 8:30 last night a live wire fell and set fire to a fence, but this was extinguished and the wire continued cutting up capers that was considered dangerous, so the current was shut off from the electric power plant and the wire was put in a safe condition. During the greater part of the night Laredo was in darkness, caused principally by the fact that dangling wires about the city were severed by swaying branches of trees or blown from their places on the poles and eventually disconnected, and to avoid detrimental results the current was shut off at the power plant, but this was not done until the service was practically paralyzed.

Up to late yesterday afternoon the telephone company had a wire leading to Corpus Christi from San Antonio, but the numerous calls from San Antonio to the coast overburdened the wires and many calls had to be neglected. Later the line was out of service to the coast. The telegraph wires were working up to a late hour last night, but this morning they were out of commission for a time, the damage being done in the country around Laredo and between here and San Antonio by the heavy wind.

Fortunately there were no casualties as a result of the storm in Laredo last night, and as far as the Times can learn no one was badly hurt. Many people were out in the storm last night attending to things about their homes and taking precautions to prevent damage, and otherwise than getting a good soaking no damage resulted to them.

Station Destroyed at Realitos.

This morning a train of the Texas-Mexican left for Corpus Christi, but as to what progress it made has not been learned. When telegraph communication was partly restored on the Texas-Mexican telegraph line this morning headquarters here received information that during the night a train had been stalled at Benavides and the crew reported that a storm had raged all along the line from Corpus Christi to that point. At Realitos the Texas-Mexican station building was blown down and practically demolished by the wind, while at other places cattle pens and small structures of various kinds were damaged by the wind. A heavy rain prevailing all along the line of the Texas-Mexican from Laredo to Corpus Christi yesterday afternoon and last night and in some places the country is reported virtually inundated and many trees blown down.

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SWEDEN TO HONOR FAMOUS SINGER.

Stockholm, Aug. 19.—A little more than a quarter of a century ago, or, to be exact, 31 years ago, Christine Nilsson, one of the world's greatest lyrical and dramatic artists, at the zenith of her fame, with the musical world at her feet, retired from the stage to private life. When the operatic managers evidenced the desire to use her and her voice and dramatic power as so much merchandise to institute a series of farewell performances stretching over a number of years, then the great singer withdrew. Her art was more to her than mere wealth.

This happened only thirty-one years ago, and yet, to the great mass of her former American friends and admirers, she is probably only a memory and her present situation unknown.

But in Sweden, the land of her birth and the country which she has always called home, the Countess de Miranda, as the famous singer is known in private life, is still idolized by the people. Tomorrow, on the beginning of her seventy-fifth year, the love and esteem in which the singer is held by all classes of the people will be given expression in a national tribute, the like of which has seldom been witnessed in this or any other land. For one entire week the opera houses and theaters in Stockholm and other cities will be given over to Nilsson testimonial performances. In addition, there is to be a great public reception at which the singer will be greeted by all classes, from prince to peasant.

At this reception the former prima donna will be presented with a medal especially designed in honor of the occasion. The obverse side of the medal, which was designed by Eric Lindberg, bears the bust of Christine Nilsson at the height of her fame, and on the reverse side appears an allegorical composition with appropriate inscription. The cost of the medal was defrayed by public subscription. Among the contributors to the funds were the King and Queen, the Crown Prince and other members of the royal family of Sweden. The names of several prominent Americans also appear among the subscribers.

Christine Nilsson was born in the hamlet of Hulsaby, on the southern confines of the Swedish peninsula. She was the eighth child of Nilsson, a worthy peasant, who lived by husbandry and maintained, with the aid of his numerous family, a farm, belonging to Count Hamilton. The cot occupied by the seven brothers and sisters was lowly. In her earliest childhood Christine was not distinguished among her sisters. With them she was sent to a country school to learn, at the expense of the Commonwealth, reading and writing. Her father, who was an impassioned admirer of music and the leading singer in his church, taught her the first scale of the musical notes. As she grew in form as well as in beauty she had to perform a share of the household labors and sometimes to work in the fields. But Christine, when alone at home, seized upon the instrument of her brother Carl, the village fiddler, and repeated by ear the national airs she had heard him play. The neighbors were loud in their approval of the child's voice, which they deemed wonderful in one so young. Carl then conceived the scheme of increasing his slender gains in taking his sister to the fairs and weddings, at which his services were needed. The realization of the idea was most excellent